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VOL. 44.

VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1914

NO. 35

ENQUIRY AT QUEBEC IS DECLARED ENDED

Carpenter, the Man From
Gaspé, Not Called Before
Legislative Committee

NICHOLS AND M'NAB
REPEAT STATEMENTS

Hon. A. De Varennes Makes
Declaration That Mousseau
Did Not Bribe Him

MARECHAL EXAMINES
HIS LAST WITNESS

Quebec, Que., Feb. 11.—When the committee of the legislative council enquiring into charges of corruption against three members of the Quebec legislature opened its session to-day, the chairman, Thomas Chapais, said that the assembly committee last night had decided that they had no need of Mr. Carpenter of Gaspé, and a telegram had been sent saying that he could stop his journey, and if the lawyers considered that they had no need of Mr. Carpenter they would dispose of him as a witness.

Mr. Marechal: "I understand there is no other witness. I have only Messrs. Nichols and MacNab."

These two gentlemen were called to the stand, and, as before the committee of the legislative assembly swore that they knew nothing of the evidence before January 13, and that they published the articles in the public interest. No other motive influenced their action.

Mr. Marechal was proceeding to say that his case was closed when Hon. A. De Varennes, whose name was frequently mentioned during the proceedings, rose and asked the privilege of being heard.

Hon. A. De Varennes: "I have a declaration I wish to make as follows: 'I, the undersigned resident of Waterloo, legislative councillor for the division of Bedford, declare as follows, that neither directly or indirectly has J. O. Mousseau, ex-deputy of the legislative assembly for Soulanges, paid, or promised, money, or anything else, for my vote, influence or work, or for any other reason whatsoever, relative to bill 158 entitled 'The Montreal Fair Association' or to its adoption in the private bills committee of the legislative council or in the council. I have not been approached with regard to it by any other person. I would like to add that I have awaited the opportunity to make this declaration before the committee and I am now at the disposal of its members should they desire to question me.'"

Mr. Marechal: "I have no question to ask as we have not accused Mr. De Varennes, though his name has been mentioned. We are here to establish the truth of the accusations we have made. In the case of Hon. Mr. Gillman, Mr. Bergevin was accused of having declared he paid money to him, and I was obliged to question the member. I have no other witnesses."

Counsel then summed up on both sides and the inquiry was declared closed.

AGAINST EXTENSIONS OF TIME TO RAILWAYS

Start and Completion of Lines More
Quickly is Urged by Rail-
way Committee.

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—An innovation was introduced in the railway committee yesterday afternoon, which, if it succeeds in becoming law in connection with the bill affected, will form an important precedent with regard to measures contemplating the building of railways. There has been a growing impression of recent years that railway companies should show an inclination at the earliest possible date to start and complete the construction of lines approved by parliament, and in addition to this there should be fewer extensions granted in cases where this enterprise is not shown.

R. B. Bennett, Calgary, during the consideration of the Calgary & Edmonton railway company, providing for the construction of three branch lines from the Macleod branch to the oil fields and coal lands of the foothills, moved that the time for commencing construction be changed from two years to one year, and for completion from five years to three years. Despite considerable objection, the motion was carried and the bill thus amended was reported.

There are indications that similar amendments will be moved to all bills coming up in the future of a like nature.

MAKES ALTITUDE FLIGHT.

Johannesburg, Germany, Feb. 11.—Robert Thelen, a German aviator, made a world's altitude record to-day for a flight with four passengers. He attained a height of 9,350 feet.

Men Who Resigned Seats in Quebec Legislature When Accused of Graft



Hon. M. A. Bergerin, M. O. Mousseau, Hon. M. L. P. Berard

LIBERALS OF ALBERNI GROWING IN NUMBERS

Association President and E.
M. Whyte Named Delegates
to Convention

Alberni, Feb. 11.—An enthusiastic and highly successful meeting of the Alberni Liberal association was held in the Grand hall last week. There was a large turnout, and a number of the members sounded notes of cheer in connection with the present situation.

The reports that had been coming in were all of a nature tending to indicate that all is not well in the various camps of the Conservatives, and that the hold of the Bower-McBride combination on the people of British Columbia is getting weaker and weaker with the passing of time. The enthusiastic manner in which the people of the upper country are turning out to listen to the Liberal leaders was one of the subjects for general congratulation.

President Redford called the meeting to order. It was pointed out that a convention of the Liberal party was to be held in Victoria on February 25, and the president of the local association was selected to attend this convention in company with E. M. Whyte, the other delegate. Messrs. Hills and Prescott were selected as alternates.

A special committee, consisting of Messrs. Watson, Skipsey and Grieve was appointed to draft a resolution regarding the securing of better aid from the government in the matter of the free importation of animals for breeding purposes.

Another committee was appointed to look after the platform of the British Columbia Liberal party and see if there was anything in the way of amendments or additions to be suggested to the next convention. This committee consists of Messrs. Huff, Bledsoe and Prescott, and they will be pleased to receive any suggestions that will aid them in their work. This committee will report at the next meeting of the association.

Just as an indication of the progress which the movement for better government is making locally it may be noted that there were eleven new members enrolled at this meeting and sixteen at the meeting before, and still they come.

SONS OF KAISER ARE SAID TO BE SPEEDERS

Demand in Diet That Police Prosecute
Royalty With Other
Road Offenders.

Berlin, Feb. 11.—The excessive speed of automobiles in which members of the imperial family are driven in Berlin and its suburbs and the great danger to pedestrians caused thereby were the subject of complaint during a debate in the Prussian diet to-day on traffic accidents. A demand was made that the police enforce the city speed regulations without discrimination in favor of the emperor's sons, who, it is said, were frequently offenders.

The daughters-in-law of the emperor also occasionally were involved in breaches of the regulations, it was said.

One of the deputies said it was common gossip a year ago that the emperor had threatened to deprive of his automobile the next offender among the members of the imperial family.

LOTTERY THROUGH PAPER IS CAUSE OF COMPLAINT

Stockton, Cal., Feb. 11.—Complaints making for the arrest of Fremont Older and R. A. Crothers, editor and publisher, respectively, of the San Francisco Bulletin, were issued here to-day by District Attorney Felix, charging them with the misdemeanor of conducting a lottery through the columns of their paper. The complaint was sworn to by Detective J. T. McKinsley.

BONES 200,000 YEARS OLD ARE DISCOVERED

Skeleton Belonging to Pleis-
tocene Period on Way to
Smithsonian Institute

Los Angeles, Feb. 11.—The skeleton of what appears to have been a prehistoric pygmy less than three feet in height is on its way to-day from the asphalt beds of La Brea to the Smithsonian Institute in Washington. If the genuineness of the find is verified there the La Brea skeleton will take a place in the history of anthropology as the first remains of antediluvian man found on the North American continent.

"To my mind," said Director Daggett of the museum of history, science and art, under whose direction the excavations have been carried on, "there can be no doubt that these bones are those of a man. To what geographical period he belonged must be a matter of conjecture. Only very careful researches yet to be made can determine the truth."

Indications are that the skeleton belongs to the Pleistocene period, roughly placed at 200,000 years ago. The skull was found last Friday, and since then the remainder of the skeleton, in an excellent state of preservation, has been scraped from casings of asphalt with the most minute and painstaking care.

Nearly was the trunk, still erect, of a tree, the summit of which was overlaid by twenty feet of asphalt, close to the tree trunk were the bones of a mammoth bear of a species already classified as belonging to the Pleistocene period.

Scientists of the University of California have contended that North America and Asia were at one time joined and that geologically speaking, the backbone of the continent was the Aleutian Islands. Across the neck of land, they believe, came the Eosiphian, the little two-toed progenitor of the domestic horse. The find at La Brea, if it proves what it seems, will strengthen their contention that there once was an interchange of life between the two continents.

BUILDS ARMY AND NAVY CONVERTIBLE AIRSHIPS

Machine Under Construction at Los
Angeles Will Have Many
New Features.

Los Angeles, Feb. 11.—Two biplanes, one for the army and the other for the navy department are under construction at an aeroplane factory here. Secrecy guards the details of construction, but it is known that the army craft will be ready for delivery within a few weeks.

The army machine will be propelled by an eighty horse-power engine and embodies several new features of construction including a steel armor that can be attached or be taken off in a few minutes, it is understood. The machine is a convertible hydroplane, being adapted for alighting on or starting from either land or water. By an arrangement of wheels attached to the pontoon, the craft can be landed on dry ground, or when the wheels are drawn up the hydroplane can be used exclusively as a flying boat. The pontoon is equipped with water compartments and has a self-bailing device.

The navy machine will not be completed for several weeks. It will be equipped with a 100 horse-power engine.

SCHMIDT IS SENTENCED

New York, Feb. 11.—Hans Schmidt was sentenced to-day to die in the electric chair within the week beginning March 23 for the murder of Anna Ammiller. Schmidt was found guilty of murder in the first degree at his second trial.

SENTENCE SUSPENDED IN FOURTEEN CASES

Judge Says Miners Were Be-
trayed Into Dilemma by
Designing Agents

Vancouver, Feb. 11.—Fourteen miners who had been convicted in connection with the riot troubles at Nanaimo were this morning allowed out on suspended sentence by Justice Morrison, the trial judge.

The fourteen included "Big Louie" Nuenhalt, who was also allowed out on his own recognizance of \$1,000, in respect to another charge not yet heard. The other thirteen were Mike Lynan, Mike Metro, George Metro, P. McKinnon, T. H. Rogers, J. Stewart, F. Alsop, R. Wallace, J. D. Robinson, M. Matt, J. Hall, D. Parss and J. D. Ross.

The judge said that these men did not belong at all to the criminal class, but they had been betrayed into their present dilemma by designing agents whose machinations they had been unable to resist.

His lordship advised them to go home and be peaceful citizens. "If my lenient treatment of you brings the law into contempt," he said, "then my efforts will have failed." The court added that it would have dealt earlier with these men and allowed their freedom sooner, had not a certain gathering recently intervened with threats of attempt to impeach the judge who had tried the cases.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS LABOUR'S SENTENCE

California Train Robber Says He Has
Money the Police Do Not
Know Of.

San Francisco, Feb. 11.—Twenty-five years in San Quentin penitentiary was the sentence imposed to-day by Judge Dooling in the United States District court on Jean Labonta, alias Clyde Kaufman, confessed train robber and forger.

Labonta waived the right to be represented by counsel and pleaded guilty to two robberies—that of a train between Burlingame and San Francisco, on October 14, and that of a train between San Jose and San Francisco on November 17. He did not plead guilty to robbing a train between Los Angeles and Burbank on January 10, for which he was indicted last night in Los Angeles.

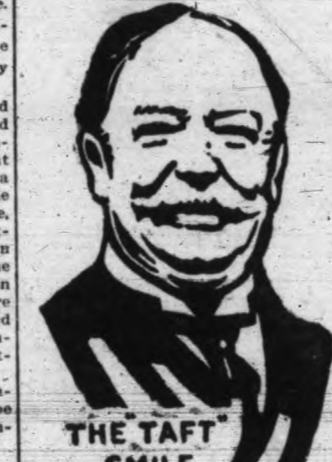
Labonta is addicted to narcotics. In view of this fact his other confessions that he has committed forgery in thirty-four counties in California amounting to \$40,000, and that he committed a murder in Nebraska, for which he was pardoned, are taken not too seriously. He was arrested on a warrant from Auburn, Cal., a week ago, charging forgery, but no effort will be made to press the charge.

Labonta took his sentence coolly. Early in the day on the way across San Francisco bay from the Alameda county jail, he talked with Paul Arrerich, a deputy United States marshal. "I'm not broke," he said. "I made some money out of these robberies and other jobs you don't know about."

TWENTY-SIX BELOW AT SUBURB OF TORONTO

Toronto, Feb. 11.—The thermometer at Lambton, a suburb, was 26 below early this morning. In the city proper the mercury went from 5 to 29 below, and the observatory forecast promised no relief for another day at least. The police report several cases of frost bite, and the police stations are crowded with poor people seeking shelter from the cold.

TAFT SEES THE JOKE



THE TAFT SMILE

London, Feb. 11.—From to-day's Punch: "Speaking at Toronto ex-President Taft said the world would have been much worse off without Annamiller. Schmidt was found guilty of murder in the first degree at his second trial."

YUKON PARLIAMENT CONVENES MARCH 12

Rejoicing at Dawson Follows
Passage by Congress of
Alaska Railway Bill

Dawson, Y. T., Feb. 11.—The official call has been issued for the Yukon legislature to assemble March 12 in annual session. The Dominion government has voted the same allowance as last year for the overland road and general territorial expenditures. Revision of territorial laws now under way probably will be fully arranged this session.

It is proposed to have the overland road construction completed so automobiles can travel from the coast to Dawson at all times of the year, the road eventually to be a section of the Pacific highway.

The Dawson News yesterday editorially rejoices over the passage of the Alaska railway bill. The editorial says the bill is the greatest advertisement for the northland since the Klondike strike and will result in thousands of tourists coming annually and the general development of numerous resources of Alaska and the Yukon.

It endorses the movement of yak and more reindeer. It says the vast sub-Arctic regions are one natural range from the Pacific to Hudson Bay, the last and only permanent grazing lands in America, which will eventually supply vast quantities of the choicest meats from hardy animals when properly herded.

HUERTA BUYS ARMS AND AMMUNITION IN ALABAMA

United States Does Not Return
Twenty-One Gun Salute of
Zaragoza.

Mobile, Ala., Feb. 11.—President Huerta has bought 10,000 rifles and 500,000 rounds of ammunition from a gun company at Montgomery for shipment to Vera Cruz through this port, according to an announcement to-day by Robert Gayon, Mexican consul here. A dispatch from Montgomery confirmed the sale.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 11.—The Mexican federal gunboat Zaragoza, which arrived here to-day, fired a salute of 21 guns when she passed the Mississippi river opposite Jackson barracks, but the greeting was not returned by the United States troops. The Zaragoza also played Mexican airs. Commissioner Redford, of the immigration office, gave instructions for an inspector to meet the Zaragoza when she docked, to ascertain if any attempt was being made to bring aliens into the country unlawfully.

It had been reported here that a Frenchman, an Italian and a Mexican of considerable prominence were on board the ship.

MUTINY IN RANKS OF NEW PANKHURST ARMY

Men of the East End Leave the Gath-
ering When Told Shag
is Not Allowed.

London, Feb. 11.—Mutiny broke out to-day in the so-called "people's army," formed from the lowest classes of the East End of London by Miss Sylvia Pankhurst, after her secession from the Women's Social and Political union. Some of the men started smoking pungent shag tobacco in clay pipes at a meeting of the army to-day. When told to desist the men retorted, "If we are not allowed to smoke we will not come here again," and left the meeting.

TO CAN SARDINES FROM THE SEA OF GALILEE

Jerusalem, Feb. 11.—A company is about to be formed to run a sardine canning factory on the shore of the Sea of Galilee. A local newspaper says there are great shoals of sardines in this section and a remunerative industry can be formed if a concession can be obtained. The natives, who are extremely poor, would benefit greatly by such an industry, as the output is likely to be patronized extensively by Jews and Christians alike, not only because the Galilee sardines are of a superior flavor, but also because of the biblical associations of the Sea of Galilee.

MILITANTS SENTENCED

London, Feb. 11.—Seven militant suffragettes were sentenced to four days' imprisonment each for "obstruction and assaulting." In connection with the police attempt last night to arrest Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst. The women declined to furnish sureties to keep the peace for six months.

EARTH SHOCK AT HAVANA

Havana, Feb. 11.—A strong earthquake shock was felt at 2 o'clock this morning at Santiago de Cuba. It created great excitement among the residents. No reports of damage were received.

ASQUITH'S MODERATION BAFFLES HIS OPPONENTS

Home Rule Within Home Rule Generally
Believed Will Be Offered—Redmond
Quietly Subdues His Followers—Carson
Calls Asquith's Speech Marking Time

SIR EDWARD CARSON



Unionist member who advises Ulster-
men not to relax their preparations
for resisting Home Rule.

CARSON HOLDS THAT GOVERNMENT FAILED

Attorney-General Simon Says
Election Would Give Lords
Power to Block Bill

London, Feb. 11.—The question whether home rule for Ireland should include the northern province of Ulster was discussed again to-day in the House of Commons.

Sir John Simon, the attorney-general attacked the Unionist amendment to the reply to the king's speech. This amendment declared it would be disastrous for the House to proceed further with the Government for Ireland bill until the measure has been submitted to the judgment of the country. The attorney-general said: "The real purpose of this amendment is to tear up the parliament act. Even in the event of a general election returning the Liberals to power, it would be a new parliament and the House of Lords would be free to block the Home Rule bill for another three sessions."

Sir Edward Carson, head of the provisional government of Ulster, said: "Never before in a speech from the throne has a statement of such unparalleled gravity been made in regard to the domestic relations of the fellow-citizens of Ireland as was made by King George yesterday. The words put in the king's mouth by the cabinet ministers are a condemnation of the Home Rule bill and a confession that it has utterly failed to furnish the solution of the Irish question. There is small wonder, in view of this confession, that the government shrinks the idea of leaving the decision to the voice of the people."

"If Premier Asquith's promised suggestions attempt to draw Ulster within the grip of the Dublin parliament, I will stand regardless of all consequences with the people of Ulster in their policy of resistance."

SWEEPSTAKES STOPPED IN VANCOUVER LIMITS

Police Commissioners Take Action
Regarding Lotteries of
All Kinds.

Vancouver, Feb. 11.—Business of vast importance character to Vancouver was transacted by the police commissioners at their first meeting in 1914, held yesterday. Henceforth there will be no sweepstakes of any kind or cigar store lotteries conducted inside the city limits. In this way the commissioners hope to prevent thousands of dollars from leaving the city.

It was stated definitely that there will be no segregated district permitted in Vancouver. All three commissioners were determined on this matter. Commissioner Evans wished to give a statement to the press and the public with regard to this, but Commissioner Burns and the mayor thought that it would be better to merely keep quiet about it, so that it could not be used as a weapon against them in the future.

It was also decided that in future all fruit stands must keep their windows closed and their fruit on the streets on Sunday.

London, Feb. 11.—Even the bitterest writers against the government admit themselves surprised, or it might be said, baffled, by the moderate tone of Premier Asquith's speech last night. The prime minister, as already pointed out, has remained as close as an oyster during the last few months, and now that he speaks his first words are to admit frankly that the responsibility for initiative in the matter of Ulster lies with the government.

It is generally assumed that the prime minister will eventually offer a system of home rule within home rule, which will give the Protestant counties of Ulster a check over the administration within its own boundaries, with some form of veto over the legislative acts of the Irish parliament. Whether by such proposals the ministers can obtain general assent to the home rule measure in which they are embodied is questioned by many, but the advocates of a compromise look to the creation of a body of public opinion strong enough to control the extremists of either side. At any rate, members on both sides confess that conciliation is in the air as an issue of the first days' debate of the new session.

The general opinion in the lobby in regard to the king's speech was that for the first time his majesty had insisted upon the exercise of his constitutional right in calling the nation's attention to the Ulster situation. With the exception of this passage, it was agreed that the hand of Lord Haldane was distinguishable throughout the speech.

The peril of civil war overshadowed the debate on the address. In the Commons the house came at once to grips with the dominant issue. There was a dramatic scene, but a speech from an anxious prime minister, anxious to damp down the fires of controversy. Mr. Asquith, though admitting that the responsibility of the initiative rests upon the shoulders of the government, indicated that the financial business of the nation must come before any progress can be made. His reference to a possible prohibition on Ulster was regarded as a greater concession than had been expected, and naturally his speech formed the most absorbing theme of conversation in the lobby.

Its general tone and scope led many Liberals and Nationalists to think that Premier Asquith was prepared to abate considerably the attitude of the government toward Ulster. So much was this the case that some of the followers of Mr. Redmond proposed to hold a meeting to consider the general effect of the premier's pronouncement, but this movement was quietly subdued by the leader of the Irish party. The premier, however, made it quite clear that he was prepared within certain limits to throw the Home Rule bill into the melting pot, and the general tone of his remarks supported the conclusion that the government was unprepared to fight on an issue on the measure as it now stands.

Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster Unionist leader, referring in the lobby to the premier's speech, said: "His speech is no further: it is simply marking time. There is nothing in it that should induce the Ulstermen to relax their preparations for resisting home rule."

MAXIMO CASTILLO IS CAUGHT AND EXECUTED

Bandit Who Caused Cumbre Tunnel
Disaster Captured by Rebel
Cavalry.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 11.—Maximo Castillo and six of his followers credited with having deliberately caused the Cumbre tunnel disaster were captured and executed Monday near Chocolate Pass, about forty-five miles northeast of Pearson, Chihuahua, according to a telegram received Wednesday morning by General Francisco Villa in Juarez. The messages were sent from Casas Grandes, he said, by constitutionalist officers. A detachment of rebel cavalry surrounded Castillo and his men near the pass and captured seven of them, including Castillo.

HAGEL'S RELEASE ON BAIL IS PERMITTED

Winnipeg, Feb. 11.—Ferry Hagel, the young lawyer awaiting trial on charges of assisting his client, John Krafchuk, to escape from jail, may be released on bail from the provincial jail where he has been since his commitment. Mr. Justice Patterson this morning decided that Hagel might be released on giving his own bond of \$5,000, and obtaining two sureties of \$2,500 each, and four others of \$1,250 each. It is expected that the necessary securities will be forthcoming.



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SAVORY & MOORE'S Infant Food, \$1.50c.
PLASMON Oats, Cocoa and Biscuits.
 Corner Fort and Douglas
PRESCRIPTIONS. We are prompt, careful, and use only the best in our work.
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OPPOSITE POST OFFICE GOVERNMENT ST.

Fresh Roasted Peanuts, per lb. 15¢
 Smoked Black Codfish, per lb. 15¢
 Soda Biscuits, a tin 25¢
 Rajah Tea, 3 lbs. for \$1.00
 B. C. Cream, a dozen tins \$1.10

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Are the Lowest Possible at All Times. They guarantee the Quality. "THEN WHY NOT SAVE MONEY?"

C. & Y. BREAD FLOUR—

Makes more GOOD BREAD for less money than any flour on the market.

Per Sack, \$1.65

FINEST GRANULATED SUGAR—

100 lb. Sack, \$5.40
 20 lb. Sack, \$1.10

INDEPENDENT CREAMERY BUTTER—

The most popular Butter of the day.

3 Pounds for \$1.00

SWIFT'S PREMIUM HAM—

Per lb. 25c

JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF—

Large 16 oz. Jar, 90c

BOVRIL CORDIAL—

Large 20 oz. Jar, \$1.00

NICE ONTARIO CHEESE—

Per lb. 20c

Patronize the Store of the People.

COPAS & YOUNG

Anti-Combine Grocers—Corner Fort and Broad Sts.
 Phones 94 and 95.

WIRELESS OPERATOR AT SEATTLE WAS SLUGGED

Man Dragged and Hidden in Woods After Thieves Robbed Him of Money.

Seattle, Feb. 11.—Slugged into unconsciousness at the waterfront near the end of the Pike street bridge and dragged more than 300 feet to the woods and debris at the foot of the bluff behind the Pike street public market, S. M. Armacost, one of the three wireless operators of the United States-transport Dis, was robbed of all the cash in his possession by two footpads late Friday night. When he regained consciousness he was lying prone in the damp weeds at the foot of the bluff. He started to rise, but was felled by a second blow. The thieves disappeared before he had fully recovered his senses. The robbery was reported to the police Saturday, but the news, which was obtained today, did not come to light through police channels.

EVANS' ANTISEPTIC THROAT PASTILLES
 IMMEDIATELY RELIEVE Coughs Colds etc.

CHANGES IN BRITISH CABINET PREDICTED

London, Feb. 11.—Several changes in the cabinet are foreshadowed to-day both by the Chronicle and the Daily News. It is stated that Rt. Hon. John Burns is to be transferred to the board of trade in succession to Rt. Hon. Sidney Buxton, who has been chosen, though it has not been officially announced, for the governorship of South Africa. Rt. Hon. Samuel will retire from the post office to succeed Mr. Burns as the local government board department, which is increasing in importance year by year. Mr. Samuel will be succeeded by Rt. Hon. Chas. Hobhouse, chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster. It is uncertain whether Mr. Masterman will be appointed to the duchy.

EARL GREY WELCOMED ON REACHING MELBOURNE

Melbourne, Australia, Feb. 11.—Earl Grey, formerly governor-general of Canada, was given a civic welcome to Melbourne on his arrival from England yesterday. In his address in reply to the welcome of the lord mayor, the guest expressed a desire for a unity of interest between the dominions included in the British empire and the motherland, thus making for national greatness. He had come to see what contribution Australia was making to the general scheme of civilization throughout the world.

EASTERN CITIES FEEL THE EARTH SHAKING

Rev. Father Blain Believes Quake Occurred in the Arctic Regions

Toronto, Feb. 11.—Reports of a local earthquake reached the meteorological offices yesterday at 1.30 p. m. A rumble was heard in Riverdale, and furniture in a Jones avenue residence was thrown about. On Dovercourt road the pictures on the walls of houses fell to the floors.

Bulletins from Ottawa, Prescott, Brockville and other places in eastern Ontario state that the earthquake was also felt there.

St. Madeleine, Que., Feb. 11.—The earthquake lasted 30 seconds on Charles on the Richelieu river. Several farm-houses were shaken down.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 11.—An earthquake shock was recorded at 12.35 on the St. Boniface college seismograph. Only one shock was felt, but it is difficult to estimate the distance from Winnipeg. The shock started some distance north of this city. Advice from Montreal show that the shock was felt there also and traced north-west. Rev. Father Blain, of St. Boniface college surmises that the shock occurred in the Arctic regions.

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—An earthquake shock was felt in parliament house here yesterday soon after the house convened. The building was shaken mildly.

Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

Cheap Country Home

In the Highlands, about 5 miles from Langford station, overlooking the Saanich Arm; 44 acres, 6 room house, about 2 acres in garden, beautiful view, on good road; \$700 cash, balance very easy. Price \$2000

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Money to Loan

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None but completed buildings considered.

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Trusts for Bondholders, over 26,518,000

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HUGH KENNEDY

Local Manager

MAY SUCCEED DR. MILLS



ANDREW BRODER, M. P.

For Dundas, who may succeed Dr. Mills on the Dominion railway board. Dr. Mills has served on the commission since 1904 and the act specifies a ten-year term.

PROVINCIAL CASES IN THE SUPREME COURT

Judgment Reserved in Two Trials and Motion of G. T. P. is Dismissed.

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—In the supreme court yesterday a motion was made in the case of Bell vs. G. T. P. company, in which the appeal was allowed during the last session, by which the railway company asked special leave to have the appeal reheard. The reasons urged for the rehearing were that owing to the late date of an amendment permitted in the plaintiffs' statement of claim, the refusal of the railway board to permit one of its officers to attend as a witness at the trial, evidence was shut out in respect to the orders of the railway board permitting the speed used at the crossings where the accident in question occurred. The motion was dismissed with costs.

In Western Canada Power company vs. Veasey, the arguments were continued. The appeal is from a judgment of the court of appeal for British Columbia. Judgment was reserved.

Vancouver Power company vs. Hounsome was then argued. The court of appeal for British Columbia had reversed judgment of the trial court and entered a judgment for \$500 damages in favor of the respondent. Judgment was reversed.

KIKIYU CONTROVERSY RE-OPENED BY BISHOP

Archbishop's Announcement to Be Considered and Replied to in a Few Days.

London, Feb. 11.—The Kikiyu controversy is being settled after all, although the statement of the Archbishop of Canterbury on Tuesday gave every reason to suppose that the troublesome question had been got out of the way for the present at least.

The Bishop of Zanzibar reopened the issue and caused general surprise by yesterday sending a letter to the Archbishop of Canterbury, in which he stated that the archbishop's announcement requires careful consideration. He promises to state his point of view more definitely in a few days as pre-emptive action might seriously endanger the unity of the church.

This is likely to revive the controversy in all its bitterness, though the pressure of parliamentary news upon the columns of the newspapers will prevent so many letters being published, as during the early winter.

LONDON POLICE TRICKED BY SUFFRAGE LEADER

Mrs. Pankhurst Addresses Crowd but Does Not Leave Building; Another is Arrested.

London, Feb. 11.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, who returned to London from Switzerland Monday, beguiled the police to-night into a false arrest. She addressed a crowd from the window of her temporary residence in Campden Hill square. She taunted the government with cowardice, and announced that she was coming into the street, and challenged the police to re-arrest her.

Fortwith a woman emerged from the house; the crowd surged around to protect her, and a lively scuffle ensued. The woman was arrested, and with seven others was taken to the police station. There the police discovered they had been tricked. The woman was attired to represent Mrs. Pankhurst.

All those arrested were armed with clubs and refused to give their names. They will be charged with obstruction and assault.

BUILD KAIEN ISLAND ROAD THIS SUMMER

Prince Rupert, Feb. 11.—Assurances of a most reliable nature have been received in Prince Rupert to the effect that a start will be made on the construction of the Kaien Island road not later than early this summer.

A preliminary survey of this proposed road has already been made. The road will be built partly along the slope of the mountain and partly on the flats and be one of the finest scenic highways on the coast, for every turn will mean some new and charming vista of sea and mountain. From sources of a most reliable character, it is learned that early in the next fiscal year, which means the beginning of the summer, the work will be under way.

Phoenix Stout, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

LEMIEUX TESTIFIES AT QUEBEC HEARING

Takes Stand to Set Straight Rumors Regarding an Introduction to Mousseau

Quebec, Feb. 11.—When the assembly committee inquiring into the corruption charges met yesterday Hon. Rodolph Lemieux, in response to a question by Armand Lavergne, said that he had expressed a desire to be heard before the committee. In reading the Daily Mail, he said, "I saw my name mentioned in connection with the affair, and I immediately telegraphed the prime minister requesting that I should be called to give evidence before the committee in regard to the Montreal Fair Association bill."

Mr. Lavergne: "Will you tell us in what connection you wish to give evidence?"

"Articles alleging corruption," replied Mr. Lemieux, "were published, and the moment my name was mentioned, either directly or indirectly, I asked to be allowed to explain how my name came to be mentioned in regard to the bill."

Mr. Lavergne: "And your explanation?"

"Generally," replied Mr. Lemieux, "I do not come to Quebec during the session, and the first session I have come I have been assigned as a witness. In the month of December last—I cannot fix the date exactly, but if the chairman will refer to the meeting of the private bills committee when the clause to force Montreal to buy a library site was inserted in the Montreal bill, he will have the approximate date, for it was about then, as I had been discussing the matter with Controller LaChapelle, I came to Quebec. The object of my visit was this: There had been difficulties in my county of Bonaventure in regard to a road, when, in company with the member of the assembly for Bonaventure, K. O. Robit, I came down to see Hon. Mr. Caron. We talked to Mr. Caron, and then I went down to the private bills committee, and there followed the discussion for about twenty-five minutes. As I found the room hot, I then went up to the chamber in which the legislative council holds its deliberations, and there entered into conversation with a number of members of the upper house. As we were talking my brother came up and said to me: 'Charlie Carpenter is down stairs and would like to see you.' A few minutes later Carpenter came up and said to me: 'I am interested in a bill; the promoters want to sell shares when their bill is adopted, and they want to employ me for the sale of shares. I hear that the sponsor of the bill is Mr. Mousseau. I don't know Mr. Mousseau. Will you introduce me to him?'"

"I said to Carpenter, 'Have you the bill?' He replied, 'It is not printed.' I said, 'I will introduce you to Mousseau.' That," Mr. Lemieux commented, "is the courtesy a member owes to a constituent. We went down to the private bills committee, and I introduced Carpenter to Mousseau as one of my former electors. I said to Mousseau, 'He is interested in the bill of which you are sponsor.' Mousseau asked what bill and Carpenter replied that it was the Montreal Fair Association bill. I stayed with them for a moment or two and then went away. I have never seen Carpenter since."

Mr. Lavergne: "That is all you know of the affair?"

"Yes."

Mr. Lavergne: "You introduced Carpenter to no one else?"

"No, but let me make a correction here. I said a moment ago that was all I knew of the affair. The statement was not quite correct. Some days afterwards when in Montreal I received a telephone message; but I do not know whether the committee wishes to hear evidence on what was heard over the telephone."

On being requested to relate the conversation by telephone, Mr. Lemieux went on: "A short time afterwards when in Montreal I was told that Quebec was calling me on the phone."

The chairman: "Was the conversation in any way relating to the charges against Mr. Mousseau?"

"No, it was not a conversation which incriminated Mr. Mousseau, but it has some relation with the question."

The chairman: "Did you recognize the voice?"

"I recognized the voice as that of Mr. Mousseau. I asked who was speaking and he said: 'Mousseau. You introduced Carpenter to me in the private bills committee room the other day,' and I said 'Yes.' He said: 'Have you an interest in the Montreal Fair Association bill?' I said: 'No, I know nothing about it.' He said: 'I am quite glad to hear it,' and I asked him what was the matter. He said that Carpenter was a little too exacting in his relations with the promoters of the bill, who had complained. I said: 'I have nothing to do with it, and I don't want to have anything to do with it. You must settle that matter yourself.'"

Mr. Lemieux then referred to rumors that he had been out or living with Carpenter and Biddinger in Quebec. Such rumors, Mr. Lemieux said, were without foundation.

Recalled to the stand, Edward Beck stated that he had told Maloney that it was a very common report in Montreal that legislation could be purchased in Quebec. That lawyers whom he had never met told him they had themselves in their safes receipts bills from members of this legislature for efforts that the members had put forth to put through private bills, and that while these bills were rendered for professional services these lawyers named said the money paid was nothing more or less than bribery. But the names of the lawyers were not given.

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TURKEY PREPARING FOR EVENTUALITIES

Supremacy in Balkans Is Object of Massing Troops at Strategic Points

Vienna, Austria, Turkey is preparing for all eventualities, her troops are being concentrated on strategic points ready to be poured either into the Balkans or sent to occupy Chios and Mytilene, as the case may require.

What developments the immediate future may bring forth no one can conjecture, but it is only too certain that Turkey is contemplating warlike steps and that the policy which made her nominate Enver Bey her minister is being followed up by other steps, calculated to restore her supremacy in the Balkans.

She appears to have abandoned the conciliatory attitude which she was prepared to take up recently, and her promise to accommodate herself to the views of the great powers, appears to be only another of those pledges, always given so readily by Turkey in the past and as readily broken.

The Balkan powers are grouping themselves again, but somewhat differently from their usual method. Turkey and Bulgaria will stand together, it is believed, and Austria will favor those two countries, but it is thought that Serbia will be inclined rather to side with Bulgaria than with Greece. Salonika will again become the apple of contention. The rivalry as to who should possess this great commercial port was always keen, and the present settlement giving it to Greece does not seem final by any means. Bulgaria covets it, and Serbia desires it with all her might.

Some arrangement might possibly be made between Serbia and Bulgaria by which Bulgaria receives her countrymen, Bulgarian Macedonians, with their territory, and in return Salonika would be apportioned to Serbia, if she can conquer it. The Serbs learned a lesson last autumn, which has impressed itself upon them with extraordinary force, of the untrustworthiness of having disaffected tribes on their frontiers. The Albanian revolt cost the country a large sum of money. The Serbs feel that anything of the kind must be avoided at all costs in future.

A warlike population within the borders of the country, ready to start into uproar at any moment and on any pretext has taught the Serbs that their territory should be inhabited by South Slavs, or people of a Slav race. The Macedonians are Bulgars for the most part, and the same trouble with irregular bands, which occurred periodically under Turkish rule, is likely to repeat itself in the near future.

Therefore it may be taken that Serbia is most eager to get rid of her alien peoples. The land which they occupy is of little worth, from a military or strategic point of view. Whether the boundary runs a little more east or west is a trifle compared with the exhaustion of the treasury at Belgrade when troops must be fitted out for mountain warfare or for chasing irregulars over rough hilly ground in Macedonia. Whether Serbia would be willing to pursue the same policy in regard to Albania is not certain, but she would be wise to do so.

A people mainly composed of Slavs is comparatively strong, as there is no disaffection among them, but a country composed of various races living in districts apart one from another, as is the case in Austria and in Hungary for instance, is weak indeed. A mingling of races often makes for strength, but when the streams run parallel, without mixing, internal jealousies and squabbles on race questions weaken the whole country. Serbia will do well if she avoids this pitfall and pursues a policy which leaves her one homogeneous whole, her population ready to face the world as one man.

BATTLESHIPS LEAVE SHORES OF BRITAIN

London, Feb. 11.—The departure yesterday from home stations of the first and third battleship squadrons and the first battle cruiser squadron, completed a series of British fleet movements spread over the past month, which have virtually denuded the shores of England of their defensive ring of fighting craft, and at the same time, affords the clearest proof of the vastly improved international situation.

These departures completed the removal from home waters of the vessels which are constantly maintained in full commission, and the sixteen battleships of the fifth and sixth battle squadrons, with their crews, and the torpedo flotillas, alone remain in home waters.

FOSTER TRADE RELATIONS.

New York, Feb. 11.—To foster and protect the interests and commercial relations between the United States and Germany, the chamber of German-American commerce was incorporated to-day under the laws of New York. The board of directors consists of prominent merchants and bankers. There is a similar movement now on foot in Germany to organize German exporters.

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REDISTRIBUTION BILL TO GO TO COMMITTEE

Measure Providing Six Additional Members for British Columbia Before Commons

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—Premier Borden in the house yesterday afternoon introduced the redistribution bill, of which he gave notice last week. He pointed out the necessity under the B. N. A. act of readjustment and revised legislative regulations governing such readjustment. While the principle of representation by population was the rule, he pointed out that it was not absolutely accurate, because it was provided that there should be no reduction in the number of members from any province unless its population in proportion to the whole population of Canada had diminished by one-twentieth part or upwards since the previous census.

In 1867 there were 181 members, divided as follows: Ontario, 32; Quebec, 65; Nova Scotia, 19, and New Brunswick, 15.

In 1871, after the census and redistribution, there were 198 members, as follows: Ontario, 38; Quebec, 65; Nova Scotia, 21; New Brunswick, 16; Manitoba, 4, and British Columbia, 4.

In 1882 this was increased to 211, as follows: Ontario, 52; Quebec, 65; Nova Scotia, 21; New Brunswick, 16; Manitoba, 5; B. C., 6, and Prince Edward Island, 4.

In 1892 the following totals were made: Ontario, 52; Quebec, 65; Nova Scotia, 20; New Brunswick, 14; Manitoba, 7; British Columbia, 6; Prince Edward Island, 5, and Northwest Territories, 4; in all, 213.

In 1903 there were 214 members, made up as follows: Ontario, 86; Quebec, 65; Nova Scotia, 18; New Brunswick, 13; Manitoba, 10; British Columbia, 7; Prince Edward Island, 4; Northwest Territories, 10, and Yukon, 1.

After the creation of the two provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan in 1905, they were given 7 and 10 members, respectively.

Mr. Borden discussed at considerable length the claims of the maritime provinces and Prince Edward Island to a special representation. In 1903 the maritime provinces had raised the question, and it had been placed before the Supreme court. The judgment of the Supreme court was affirmed by the Privy Council, and the question of particular issue was as to the meaning of the word "Canada" in section 51 of the B. N. A. act. Did it mean the original Canada, made up of four provinces, or did it mean the larger Canada of 1903? The decision was that all the provinces constituting Canada in 1903 must be taken into account, and accordingly the contention of the maritime provinces failed, as did also the separate contention of Prince Edward Island.

Mr. Borden said that in 1872 Nova Scotia and New Brunswick increased their representation as compared with the original representation. They were able to hold this in 1882. In 1892 Nova Scotia lost one and New Brunswick lost two members, but both were still above the representation they had been given in 1867. It was apparent, he said, that the fathers of confederation thought the maritime provinces would continue to gain, but these expectations had been disappointed, and he did not see that it was possible for this parliament to attempt any change on their behalf without the consent of all the provinces. The whole question had been brought before the recent interprovincial conference, and he did not think the case for the maritime provinces could have been put more thoroughly than it was by the prime ministers. However, since the premiers of provinces then assembled had declined to take any action, or press any resolution, it did not seem to the government that they could propose any remedy for the situation.

Mr. Borden reviewed the case of Prince Edward Island separately. This province had refused to come into the confederation until it received a representation beyond that to which it was really entitled. It secured six when it was only entitled to five. The redistribution bill of 1872 did not diminish its representation, though it was entitled to no more than five, but this might be due to the fact that there was no previous census of the island with which to compare the census of 1881.

Mr. Borden added that in the bill which he was now introducing to parliament he had left blank the number of members which the island should receive, and the committee would have to take up the matter. He said that, as bearing on this question the island province now had four senators, and if the B. N. A. act was followed, it would have three in the Commons. It was somewhat incongruous that any province should have a smaller representation in the house than in the senate. At a later date he would explain the principles upon which representation in the senate had been established. He was not aware of any legislative body where the representation of a province was less in the lower house than in the upper house.

Another fact bearing on the island's case was the higher unit of representation in the cities than the rural condition, thus giving less representation to those in the city. Prince Edward Island was almost wholly rural, and upon any previous basis the population of the island, although less than 100,000, would, in any other province, have secured its representation in the Commons of at least four.

The premier read a table showing the population at the last census as follows: Alberta, 374,663; British Columbia, 292,490; Manitoba, 455,614; New Brunswick, 351,889; Nova Scotia, 492,338; Ontario, 2,523,274; Prince Edward Island, 33,728; Quebec, 2,003,222; Saskatchewan, 492,432; Yukon, 8,512.

The unit, taking Quebec at 65, was 30,519 for every member. This gives the following representation in the next house: Alberta, 12; British Columbia, 12; Manitoba, 15; New Brunswick, 11; Nova Scotia, 16; Ontario, 82; Prince

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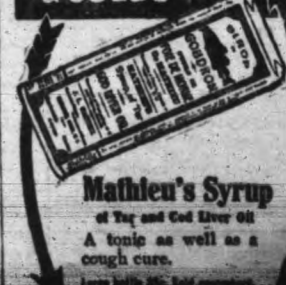
master-general if, under the parcels post arrangements members would be allowed the franking privilege on parcels sent from the house. Mr. Pelletier answered that, under the new arrangement, not even the postmaster-general could frank a parcel.

Mr. Demers, St. John-Iberville, today introduced a bill to amend the Railway act so as to make more explicit section 238, which refers to the setting on fire of crops, fences, etc., by locomotives. The bill was given its first reading.

Two amendments to the motion to go into supply were offered this afternoon and evening. Dr. Neely, Humboldt, moved to present certain charges against Glen Campbell, late member for Dauphin, and now superintendent of Indian agencies, to which Hon. Dr. Roche made reply.

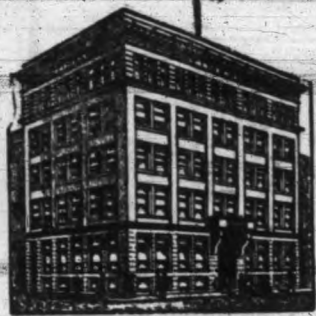
Hon. H. R. Emmerson, Westmoreland, divided the house on a motion in connection with the action of the present government in placing basic slag on the dutiable list. The vote against restoring that commodity to the free list was 53 to 44.

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MUNICIPAL "IMPERTINENCE."

It is an impertinence for the people of a municipality to express an opinion by ballot upon matters that do not come within their jurisdiction. So an apologist for Attorney-General Bowser's centralization policy tells us. The management of the internal affairs of Victoria, for example, is a matter upon which the electorate of the city have no right to express an opinion. The Attorney-General has said so, and the Attorney-General was never known to err—not even in his legal opinions of the constitutional powers of the province. True, the Privy Council has decided on numerous occasions that Mr. Bowser's legal opinions are not worth the scrap of a pen, but that is only proof of the worthlessness of the Privy Council as a tribunal. Reference taken at the late municipal elections established the fact that the electors of Victoria are in favor of the city being given exclusive control of its own internal affairs—affairs that are no concern of the provincial government, such as the selection of police and license commissioners and the conferring upon women of the municipal franchise. But the Attorney-General says such things are of no concern of the people directly interested, and his faithful organ tells us that Mr. Bowser is right, that the taking of such expressions of opinion is "unconstitutional." After that of course there is nothing more to be said. The "constitution" must be upheld. It is such a sacred thing, particularly in the hands of Mr. Bowser. If the Attorney-General were to say that the people of municipalities were unfit to exercise such powers as they possess with his graceful consent and that the government must henceforth appoint mayors, aldermen and school trustees, we would solemnly be told that there must be no appeal against the decrees of this great Caesar, or Napoleon, or providence has given us. Watch this creature of divinity come a glorious cropper when his arrogance has reached the limit.

THE LOGIC OF MR. LONG.

The Right Hon. Walter Long in the British House of Commons yesterday challenged Premier Asquith to submit the Home Rule bill to the country. Immediately afterwards he declared that "in no circumstances would the Unionists stultify themselves by accepting a measure to which they were root and branch opposed." This, indeed, is a laudable proposition. Mr. Long demands a general election on the Home Rule bill, but emphatically states that in no circumstances would the Unionist party accept its verdict. Is it not a pretty game of "heads I win, tails you lose," he proposes? If the election resulted in the defeat of the government on the issue, Mr. Long and his party would find themselves elevated to those seats which they believe Providence erected for their special accommodation. If the government were returned and the measure endorsed by the electorate, the Unionists would continue to obstruct it: Ulster would continue to drill its forces, and Bonar Law would continue to declare that the country was face to face with civil war. For, as Mr. Long says, "in no circumstances would the Unionists accept the measure."

Mr. Asquith stripped this pretence bare with his deadly logic last session. In the course of one of his speeches he was interrupted by Sir Edward Carson with the exclamation, "Give us an election on the issue!" Mr. Asquith asked, "Will Ulster accept the verdict of a general election if it favors Home Rule?" Sir Edward Carson's reply was, "Never." Then the Prime Minister asked, what would be the use of an election? As a matter of fact, it is not Home Rule for Ireland that is worrying the Unionists. It is the Parliament Act, which interfered with honors the late lamented

veto of the House of Lords over the legislation of the lower chamber, they want to see destroyed. If they can prevent the Home Rule Bill from reaching the upper house, after which, according to the act, it automatically becomes law whether the peers accept it or not, they will have made this measure, one of the greatest democratic reforms in history, a dead letter.

THE ARCHITECTS' BILL.

In a letter published in this paper a few days ago a correspondent vigorously criticized the "Act respecting the British Columbia Association of Architects," introduced in the legislature by Mr. Foster. Perusal of the bill discloses ample justification for the criticism. It confers such powers upon the proposed association as to make it an air-tight closed corporation, and we have enough institutions of this character in British Columbia without increasing their number. The preamble to the measure declares that it is for the better protection of the "public interests in the erection of public and private buildings in the province"; but the best way in which to safeguard public interests in this particular is by the enforcement of modern, effective building ordinances, not by setting up a monopoly of architects. Whatever shortcomings are apparent in the style and safety of our buildings—and we have heard no public outcry on this point—can be remedied by the municipal authorities by regulation.

As a specimen of the powers the bill proposes to confer upon the council or governing body of the association we quote the following sub-section: "Any other person who applies for registration as a member of the association after the passing of this act shall not be less than twenty-five years of age, and shall have served as a student or draughtsman, or both combined, for not less than four years with a principal or principals entitled to register under this act, or with any other principal or principals approved by the council, and shall have passed such qualifying examinations as may be required by the by-laws of the association, except in the cases hereinbefore provided for in this act."

A newcomer to the province could not practice as an architect unless he showed that he had served four years as a student or draughtsman either with a firm in British Columbia or with one approved by the council, and had passed a qualifying examination as might be required by the by-laws of the association. If he should come from Toronto, for instance, where he had been associated for four years with a principal or principals of whom the local council of architects did not happen to approve, no matter how competent he otherwise might be he could not practice his profession here. We do not suggest that the council would adopt an unfair attitude in his case, but we certainly submit that the clause would give it unlimited authority to discriminate if it desired to do so.

Another section states that "the council may admit as a member of the association, after sufficient examination, every graduate of a recognized school of architecture or technology after one year's study under a principal approved by the council, provided the previous course of studies followed by such candidate shall have been not less than four years."

The council "may" admit these graduates to practice in the province if it feels so inclined. If not, they cannot be registered no matter what their qualifications may be. Then again, any person who carries on the business of an architect or represents himself as an architect in any way, unless he is registered as one in pursuance of the act, is liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars. An architect is described as any person "who, except as hereinafter provided, shall be engaged in the business of planning or supervising the erection, enlargement, or alteration of buildings for others, such buildings to be constructed by persons other than himself."

Further on in the bill is a clause which states that "nothing shall prevent any builder or mechanic from making plans and drawing specifications for buildings, the cost of which shall not exceed \$10,000, and municipal authorities shall not, from and after six months from the passing of the act, accept plans exceeding the above amount unless stamped with the seal of a registered architect."

These foregoing provisions are altogether too restrictive. Why should a man who desires to erect a residence costing, say, \$12,000, be debarred by statute from engaging any person he deems best, whether architect or otherwise, to plan the building? He cannot build in any event, no matter who prepares the plans, unless the building inspector gives him a permit to do so. And we must confess, too, that we are startled by the provision that municipal authorities "shall not, from and after six months from the passing of the act accept plans exceeding the above amount (\$10,000) unless stamped with the seal of a registered architect." This is class legislation with a vengeance! If the day is upon us when a private bill in the interest of a

single profession for its purposes can impose restrictions upon municipal authorities responsible to the public, it is time to shut up shop and bid farewell to representative government. We rather fancy that the retort of the city fathers to this provision of the bill will be much to the point, though somewhat inelegant. Assuredly in its present form that bill should not be pressed. It is not in the public interest and is contrary to the spirit of the times.

NICELY SAID, BUT—

"We have always tried to devise and observe laws that were fair and non-discriminatory. And I know from a casual survey of the applications that come before commissioners that there are many more names put forward by the Liberal and Labor parties in the country than by the party supporting the government."—Sir Richard McBride.

Really and truly, we would like to believe this, because Sir Richard said it so nicely. We particularly are attracted by the reference to the "casual survey of the applications that come before the commissioners." Nay, nay, Sir Richard, the machinery is better than that. There is nothing "casual" in its processes. The energetic Mr. Price would feel that he had not earned the government job he is waiting for had he manifested nothing but an airy, delicate solicitude over the state of the lists. Prior to the last revision every Liberal or Labor application, after being separated from those of the faithful, was inscribed on Mr. Price's private register. We are not quarrelling with that so long as the names were not expunged from the list, but we think it advisable to draw the Premier's attention to the inappropriateness of the word "casual" in the circumstances.

The election laws are not "fair and non-discriminatory," and it is useless trying to make anyone believe they are. The proof of this is furnished by the lists prepared under them. They are filled with names of people who, in many cases, do not exist, but who manage to vote just the same. A government which fears to see even an independent supporter of its own party in the legislature is not likely to have any scruples in taking all the advantages it can in preparing laws regulating elections.

BOLD ENOUGH TO BE HONEST.

The wrath of all Torydom is kindled against the Ottawa Citizen. Our contemporary is by inclination and tradition Conservative in its views, but the course of public events has brought certain matters to the surface that are stronger than inclination or tradition, and it is impelled to speak its mind freely on these issues. Hence the fierce lightnings of the indignation of the standpatters are playing around its head. The Citizen believes that free wheat, meaning duty free wheat, would prove of great material benefit to the farmers of Canada, and says and proves it. It said the same thing when reciprocity was proposed, and so did all the Ottawa newspapers, as well as several other Conservative newspapers. The others reneged, knowing that they heaped humiliation on their heads in doing it. The Citizen stands by its position, knowing that it is right. Which demonstrates the difference between principle and "interest." W. F. Maclean, of the Toronto World, a Conservative member of parliament, also favors duty free wheat, as all Liberals and Conservatives have done since the beginning of history in Canada. Mr. Maclean refuses to swallow his principles and the principles his party has maintained ever since it was a party at the command of the "interests" which control the Borden government, but he is not so outspoken as the Citizen. Explaining its position our Ottawa contemporary says:

"The annual wheat and flour exportation from the United States between 1895 and 1900 averaged 194,000,000 bushels. By the year 1910 annual exportation had fallen to 69,000,000 bushels. There can be no question as to why Canadian grain is in demand to the south—just as grain from Argentina is being welcomed. It is because it is needed by the United States consumers. The Hamilton Spectator sees the possibility of American millers invading the Canadian market with cheap flour—'especially since Canadian millers have to pay more than American for their machinery.' It also wonders what will become of the Welland canal and the Hudson Bay railway, the three trans-continental lines, and the proposed Georgian Bay routes, if the grain movement is allowed to be diverted south, forgetting that the United States government may remove the duty on Canadian wheat any day, irrespective of the Canadian tariff. The grain movement is changing to the south, and will continue to change, tariff or no tariff. And in payment for Canadian grain the Canadian people are taking an enormously increasing supply of United States products. If the east and west trade route is to be maintained, trade between the British people and the Canadian people to be encouraged, the new Welland canal will have shipping commerce to justify the \$50,000,000 outlay; maritime ports to prosper; Canadian millers to have machinery on the same terms as United States millers, furnishing to be encouraged, something will have to be done to readjust the Canadian fiscal policy."

That something to meet and counteract the present inevitable condition in Canada, and to maintain Canadian trade within the Empire, would appear

When Buying Coal

Consider QUALITY as well as price.

JINGLE POT

Is the quality coal—the coal with all the properties that are necessary to insure energy, long life and absolutely no waste. Let your next order be for JINGLE POT.

Kirk & Co.

1212 Broad Street.
Esquimalt Road
Phones 212 and 139

OF COURSE NOT.

London, Feb. 4.—Sir William Ramsay raised the question whether the unfit should be left to die at the annual dinner of the Institute of Sanitary Engineers to-night.—Press dispatch.

"Behold what the dropping of an insignificant little comma will do to an otherwise dignified sentence! The question Sir William Ramsay was made to raise was whether the unfit should be left to die at the annual dinner of the Institute of Sanitary Engineers. Speaking off-hand, and on general principle, we should reply in the negative. Why should the unfit be left to die at any annual dinner, apart altogether from the yearly feed of the Institute of Sanitary Engineers? Functions of this kind should be protected as far as possible from fortuitous circumstances of a melancholy character. If the menu committee will devote proper attention to its important duties, there is no reason why the unfit should be left to die at the annual dinner of any organization, notwithstanding the high cost of living."

No game that is played, or ever has been played, is or was as fast or exciting as ice hockey. As the people of this generation must have their sports and pastimes, the great game of war having gone out of fashion amongst civilized nations, we predict that within a few years hockey will be as popular a winter sport on this continent, certainly on all parts of it north of the Mason and Dixon line, as Association football is in Great Britain. We think the Patrick Bros. are entitled to a great deal of credit and some consideration for introducing this king of winter sports, played by such accomplished skaters, into British Columbia, particularly at a period in the history of the game when the financial returns were, to say the least, problematical.

The Toronto Star asks: "Instead of barring the Canadians from Biscay because the Ross rifle has a superior sight, why not bar the inferior ones?" Would it be reasonable to suggest in reply to this very pertinent question that possibly some one connected with the war office is interested in sticking to a thing our Minister of Militia declares is obsolete? If war scares are promoted by interested parties for the sake of the profits that may be made by "high contracting parties" out of the construction of ships and guns, may not something of the same kind be going on in connection with the construction of a certain type of rifle? Recent revelations have created suspicion in the public mind.

Victoria prides herself on her schools, public and private, and yet here is a libellous table that is being given general circulation throughout eastern Canada:

	Ratio	Ratio
	Illiteracy.	Illiteracy.
	Males.	Females.
Victoria	18.33	4.58
Brandon	12.00	11.89
Winnipeg	8.19	10.66
Montreal	9.71	3.70
Quebec	8.89	7.93
Ottawa	7.95	6.28
Regina	6.65	3.00
Edmonton	6.61	6.87
Calgary	5.71	6.15
Vancouver	5.78	4.64
Hamilton	5.11	3.98
Toronto	3.91	2.50

The farmers of Alberta a vote of seven, hundred to one, have issued a demand for freer trade. They have experienced in a very modified form some of the benefits of untrammelled business as a result of the modification of the United States tariff, and that merely has whetted their appetites for more. That is the kind of public opinion the Borden government has undertaken to balk. No wonder the premier is sick at heart as well as in body.

The View Street Windows Portray the Advance Spring Styles in Ready-to-Wear

A Smart Range of New Spring Costumes at \$15 and \$17.50

AT these two prices we are showing a very smart range of new Spring Suits for women. They are mostly in serges and worsteds and the quality of material is far above the average for such low-priced suits. The colors are chiefly in navy, black, tan and brown and they are in the tailored style with coats showing cut-aways in a shorter length than the previous season. Some have a roll collar, others are made strictly on mannish lines. The trimmings on collars and facings are smartly touched with satin or silk, while some models show collars in black and white checks. For an inexpensive garment these values would be difficult to equal, and they are worthy of your early inspection.

—First Floor

Pretty New Styles in Spring Waists

THE New Spring Waists are very dainty and pretty, and even those made in the plainer styles have a neat appearance which in itself attracts one's attention. The new transparent effects are meeting with admiration and there's every indication pointing to a wide distribution of waists during the coming season. We invite your early inspection, which will prove both interesting and profitable. We quote a few brief particulars of several models now showing, but there's nothing that can take the place of a personal inspection. You will find the prices, too, very moderate.

AT \$1.25 we are showing a very pretty Waist in White Voile. The style is with V-shaped neck, front fastening and finished with a ruffle. The Raglan sleeve is set in to form a yoke back and front with heading.

AT \$2.00 comes another pretty style in White Crepe. This has a neat round collar, front fastening with crystal buttons, and two rows of insertion and frilling on either side; $\frac{3}{4}$ Raglan sleeve.

AT \$3.75 we have a very nice range, and the styles and quality of materials can only be appreciated by seeing. One model is in crepe voile, with the ruffle neck of Brussels net veiling; white edged with black. Raglan sleeve and trimmed with Bell crystal buttons. Another style showing is in shadow lace, made over a Brussels net foundation. This model is also in the Raglan style and is trimmed with neat pearl buttons.

—First Floor

Girls' and Misses' Princess Slips

A VERY nice assortment and all are good values. They are chiefly in fine cambrie and nainsook, prettily finished in various designs, with tucks, lace and insertions, and some have heavy embroidery. All sizes from 2 to 16 years and the prices range up to \$2.75 from 60¢
For misses at 16 to 18 years there's a very nice style and quality worth securing at \$1.50
—Children's Dept., First Floor

50 Pairs Choice Nottingham Lace Curtains to Go at \$1.75

Splendid designs in this lot, and most are suitable for any style of room. Each pair is 50 inches wide and 3 yards long, and all are neatly finished with lock-stitched edges. Your choice from white or cream; a curtain that launders well and always looks well. Special Sale Price, per pair \$1.75

TAPESTRY PORTIERES ARE BEING CLEARED AT \$1.95 PAIR

These Curtains are rare bargains and worth an early shopping trip to secure. There are only 18 pairs and they come 42 ins. wide and 2½ yards long. The colors are red, green, and brown, all reversible and finished with knotted fringe both top and bottom.

Heavy Scotch Linoleum

Extra Stout Quality Sells at 55¢ Yard.
A ROOM, hall or landing, where there's lots of heavy traffic requires an extra stout quality of Linoleum. It costs a little more than the thinner grade, but the first cost is the cheapest in the end. We are quite sure if you only see the difference in the quality of this offering and the lower priced, that you will prefer the best for the extra cost even on a large size room is so small when you compare the extra service it's going to render. 600 square yards is the quantity we are offering at this specially low price, and you can choose from black, floral and tile patterns, in both light and dark shades. For square yard 55¢

HERE'S A GOOD COCOA MAT FOR 75¢

Can't get on very well without a good Cocoa Mat this weather, in fact it's an absolute necessity. If you want to keep the mud and dirt out of your home, Here's a good cocoa mat, then, that should appeal to you because it's just the quality and size you need and the February Sale Price is only 75¢

Reliable Brass and Enamel Beds Marked at Bargain Prices

IF you want to secure a real bargain in Brass and Enamel Beds, come and see these offerings. They are good, reliable qualities and are well worth securing at these prices.
Brass Bed, made with 2-inch continuous brass pillars, and neatly filled with five half-inch rods. It is a well made bedstead, durable, and you can have it in the bright or the satin finish; 25 Beds only to sell at this price, February Sale Price, each, at \$14.75
Another Fine Line is made with 2-inch continuous brass posts and is finished with five one-inch brass fillers. A few neat ornaments give an appropriate finish, and you can have them in the bright or satin finish. A strong bed, and as there are only 12 in stock, they will be cleared out quickly at, each \$23.75

The farmers of Alberta a vote of seven, hundred to one, have issued a demand for freer trade. They have experienced in a very modified form some of the benefits of untrammelled business as a result of the modification of the United States tariff, and that merely has whetted their appetites for more. That is the kind of public opinion the Borden government has undertaken to balk. No wonder the premier is sick at heart as well as in body.

Hair Brushes

Special

See View Street windows for our Hair Brush Value now on sale in the drug department. Each 25¢
—Main Floor

Washing Day Requisites That Save You Time, Labor and Money

WASH-DAY is usually a hard, laborious one for most women, and especially is this true of the woman who has not got the proper facilities or modern time and labor-saving devices to work with. The following list is by no means complete, but it will serve to show you how comprehensive is our stock of washing necessities. We invite you to inspect and can guarantee that for quality, coupled with low prices, these values would be hard to equal. Our prices save you money—

Wringers, with reliable rubber rollers, the best of manufacture, marked at price up to \$7.35 from only \$4.50
Washing Machines, a useful combination for washing and wringing clothes in an up-to-date, easy manner. Saves much hard labor and time. Prices to \$10.00 from \$5.25
Mangles, the best English manufacture, selected hardwood rollers, easy running and a durable quality, at \$29.75 and \$25.00
Fibre Tubs, each \$1.25, \$1.25, \$1.15 and \$1.00
Galvanized Iron Tubs, each \$1.25, \$1.00, 75¢ and 65¢
Spencer's Special Laundry Soap, 7 full size cakes for 25¢
Sunlight and Lifebuoy Soap, 11 bars for 50¢
Fels' Naptha Soap, 10 bars for 75¢
Gold Dust, 3 lb. packets for 25¢
Lux, the soap for woollens 10¢
Clothes Pegs, 3 dozen for 5¢
Wire Clothes Lines, 50 ft. for 20¢
100 ft. for 35¢
Complete Clothes Set, including 100 ft. wire and pulleys, for \$1.00
—Second Floor

For a Reliable Low - Priced Range These Values Are Hard to Beat

THE EMPIRE STEEL RANGE

Meets the need of all who do not wish to go to the expense of a high-price Range. This Range is one we can thoroughly recommend to give many years of satisfactory service, it's a good baker and water heater. It is fitted with a large, roomy, high warming-closet and a medium size oven. The body and oven are electrically welded together, instead of the usual riveting—an up-to-date feature. This Range has a fine appearance and is finished with heavy, plain nickel. No better value ever offered in this city. A few only at this price. Range and high warming-closet, February Sale Price \$28.75
Oven extra.

THE PARAGON STEEL RANGE

This modern Range is manufactured by the celebrated Baker Stove Works and carries their special guarantee. It has all the up-to-date features, including full-polished sectional top and covers, one section of which can be raised to any height required, forming the broche door. The oven door is of the new visible type; it has three toughened glass panels, so that you can observe just what is proceeding inside without opening the door. A few only at this remarkable price. Range and high warming-closet, February Sale Price \$42.50
Water coil extra \$3.00
—Stove Dept.—Third Floor

DAVID SPENCER, LTD

HOT WATER BOTTLES

Must be of the best rubber obtainable if they are to be of real and lasting service. Those we sell are and we fully guarantee them.

Combination Syringes of the same high grade.

E.H. BOWES
1228 GOVERNMENT ST.

The Old Established Drug Store

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent

Interest at 4 per cent per annum allowed on deposits. Estates managed; trusts administered. Call and talk over your financial difficulties with us.

British American Trust Company, Limited

723 Fort St., Victoria, B. C.

"N.A.G." PURE LIQUID PAINTS

at MANUFACTURERS' PRICES DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER

All ordinary colors, per gallon \$2.00

Made only by

NEWTON & GREER CO., LIMITED

1326 Wharf Street (Foot of Johnson)

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, STAINS, Etc.

Pekin Cafe

NEW AND UP-TO-DATE CHOP SUEY HOUSE

Lee Block Government St.

Opposite site of new Pantheon theatre. Handsomely fitted. Finest in Canada. Tables for ladies and gentlemen. Open 12 noon, till 1 a.m.

Telephone 5400.

Louis Beale & Coventry

205 Jones Block. Phone 728.

SHILOH BAY—A large, beautifully sheltered, waterfront lot, with access to two streets. \$5,150.
CROFT STREET, JAMES BAY—Nine-room, furnished house; price \$10,000.
OCEAN VIEW ROAD—Next to corner of Cook street, north end. Fine lot, 75x125, on very easy terms; price \$1,500.

We are agents for the sale of lots in the "P. O. Box" territory of SMITHERS, the only freight and passenger divisional point between Prince Rupert and Fort George.

BRIEF NEWS OF THE CITY

Wm. Stewart, Men's and Ladies' Tailor. A. Campbell building, corner Fort and Douglas street.

Hanna & Thomson, 227 Pandora avenue. Phone 498. Fine Funeral Furnishings. Lady attendant. Auto Hearse in connection. Calls promptly answered day or night. Frank L. Thomson, funeral director and licensed embalmer.

S. P. C. A.—Cases of cruelty 'phone Inspector Russell, 1921; Secretary, L1788.

Phoenix Stout, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

A Valentine Social and Dance at Colwood hall, Friday, 13th, by the Women's Institute of Music, by Mrs. Gouge.

Needless Operations and Expense Avoided by having your dental work done by Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government street.

The B. C. Funeral Co., Chas. Hayward, president, 784 Broughton street. Calls promptly attended to. Phone 2238.

Economy Wet Wash Laundry. Family wash, 7c a week. Clothes returned on the following day, thoroughly washed. Phone 3339, 2512 Bridge street.

Ford Owners.—Repairs, accessories and service are our specialties. Try the Ford agency, 1019 Rockland avenue.

The Umbrella Shop, 610 Pandora St.
Wall Paper, 10c Per Roll.—Estimates furnished on Decorating and House-Painting. H. Harkness & Son, 919 Pandora avenue.

Dental Work With a Guarantee.—Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government street. Open evenings.

For Fire, marine, automobile, liability, sickness and accident, plate glass, elevator and employers' liability, consult Gillespie, Hart & Todd, general agents for British Columbia. All claims settled and paid by our office.

The Key Shop, 610 Pandora street.

A New Method for Extraction of Teeth absolutely without pain. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government street. Open evenings.

Much Mud.—Don't track it into the house. Wipe it off on a Fibre Door Mat. Good ones, \$1.25 to \$1.65. R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 1302 Douglas St.

Wanted to Purchase.—Good agreements for sale at reasonable rates. Colonial Trust Company, Limited. Merchants Bank building.

Silent Salesman Show Cases.—Show cases, \$12.00 per foot and upwards. Victoria Show Case Co., Factory 2207 Government street, corner Princess and Government streets.

Princess Theatre.—Look in the advertisements all this week, for your name. If you find it, you will receive a free ticket for the Princess for the night it appears.

Teledo, Springless Automatic Honest Weight-Computing Scales. Weighing capacities, 2 pounds to 1,500 pounds. J. Howard Chapman, agent, 1211 Wharf St. Phone 2266.

Ford Economy.—Ford owners only, this will interest you. Buy your gas at the Ford agency, 1019 Rockland avenue. 25 1/2 cents per gallon.

The James Bay Hotel, 250 Government street. Special rates for winter residents. Phone 2304.

When Your Teeth Need Attention have them examined without charge or obligation. Dr. J. L. Thompson. Open evenings.

Try New Life.—Relieves pain instantly. Free demonstration. Special prices, 721 Yates street.

Will Run 150 Feet.—A roll of wire netting will run 150 feet and cost \$6 for a roll 6 feet wide; \$5 for 5 feet wide; \$4 for 4 feet wide. It is easy to erect and makes the best chicken fence. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

Lectures on Prophetic Subjects.—Mr. McClure speaks each night this week from his large, colored dispensational diagrams. Come and hear him. Victoria hall, Blanchard street, near Pandora. 7:45 p. m. Come.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

Green & Burdick Bros., Ltd., have several sums of money to loan on farm lands. They also write all kinds of insurance.

Thomas Roofing Co., repairs roofs day or night. 4722 L.

SANDS Funeral Furnishing Co., Limited, Funeral Directors and Licensed Embalmers. You will find our charges reasonable. Prompt and courteous. Service day or night. Phone 3206. Lady in attendance, 1515 Quadra street.

The German Canadian Trust Company, Ltd., general insurance agents and adjusters. Fire, life, accident, marine, plate-glass, employers' liability and surety bonds.

The Ford Agency, 1019 Rockland avenue, will take your second-hand Ford in on trade for a new car. Take advantage of this, also their special terms offer, which closes before long.

Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

For Keys that fit, go to Wilson's Repair Shop, 614 Cormorant street.

Removal Notice.—Tim Kee & Co. have moved to 1816 Government St.

The Ford Agency, 1019 Rockland avenue, will take your second-hand Ford in on trade for a new car. Take advantage of this, also their special terms offer, which closes before long.

For All Kinds of Wood. Phone C. C. McCafferty, No. 3237-O.

Good Dry Wood delivered to any part of city. Frank Perry, 971 Yates street. Phone 3490.

Yorkshire Society Social, Connaught hall, Wednesday, Feb. 11, Ladies, 25c; Gents, 50c.

Svens Fire Insurance Company, of Gothenburg, Sweden. Assets, \$13,167,240. The German Canadian Trust Co., Ltd., general agents and adjusters.

It is difficult for settlers to get the best value for their produce without co-operation. When individual farms are widely scattered this is almost impossible but the colonization schemes now being developed in the Parksville and Qualicum districts are eminently favorable for the establishment of co-operative farming societies.

Immediate possession of a ten-acre block can be had on payment of \$7 every quarter for a five-year lease, and at any time during this period the tenant has the option of purchase on very easy terms. Vancouver Island Fruit Lands, Ltd., general agents Carmichael & Moorhead, Ltd., 608 Belmont house. Phone 1914.

Insure Your Home in the Svea Insurance Company, of Gothenburg, Sweden. The German Canadian Trust Co., Ltd., general agents and adjusters.

The Victoria Hive, No. 1, Ladies of the Macabees will hold their annual ball on St. Patrick's day.

"In Missouri" will show you a quartette.

W. J. Pendray & Sons, Ltd., offer a prize of \$20 to the person who sends them what they consider the most suitable pen and ink sketch of a swan 10 inches high for advertising purposes. Name and address to be enclosed in sealed envelope. Closing date, Monday, Feb. 16, 1914.

Smart, Clean Rooms.—every modern comfort and convenience, from \$4 per week at The Kaiserhof.

MAJESTIC THEATRE.

"Partners in Crime," a big special three-part star feature is the top-line on to-day's bill. It's a powerful photoplay, picturing the double life of two swindlers, who are so successful that the son of the one and the daughter of the other, both believing their parents to be worthy, fall in love and are forced to battle with the terrible eventualities of crime. It can safely be termed a big offering of a sensational detective kind. Other numbers: "The Pathe Weekly," latest edition; "Palque Pete and the Opera Troupe," a cowboy and chorus girl comedy; "The Troublesome Mole" is a biograph, and "A Foul and a Fearful Plot," picturing a wild west villain, very funny. You will show a just appreciation of something good by seeing this great programme.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Victoria Daily Times, Feb. 11, 1889.

The wedding took place at St. Paul's Esquimalt to-day of Rev. William Washington Bolton, rector of the parish, and Miss Agnes Jane Bushby, a granddaughter of the late Sir James Douglas. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Arthur Beaulieu, and the bride was given away by the Hon. J. S. Helmcken.

On Sunday afternoon a runaway took place at Ross Bay cemetery which resulted in Miss Jeffrey being slightly injured. The young lady was accompanied by Mr. Lewis, who went to visit a grave. When he was returning to the buggy, the horse started off before Mr. Lewis could reach the reins.

The Victoria Times was enlarged by four extra columns to-day, marking the growth of the city.

The saloon night watchman on the Premier jumped overboard at the Sandheads on Saturday, and was drowned.

Removal Notice.—Oliver & Wilson's barber shop has removed from 711 Yates street to 1516 Douglas street, between Yates and Johnson, next to Bissell's tailor shop, where they will be pleased to meet old friends and customers.

Israel, Their Past History, Present Condition and Future Prospects, as revealed in the Word of God. This will be Mr. McClure's subject in Victoria hall, 1415 Blanchard street to-night. Meetings nightly at 7:45, Sunday, 7 p. m. Come and hear of this great standing miracle.

Phoenix Stout, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

Oak Bay Cadets.—A corps of cadets is to be formed at Oak Bay school. The uniforming of the corps is the first consideration, after which with the boys earning a grant from the department the expense will be small. There are only a few schools on the island with cadet corps, but the movement is very popular in and around Vancouver.

Lights Turned On.—For the first time lights were turned on in Saanich streets on Monday night and since then have been working without hitch. The lights are placed on brackets attached to the poles at the intersection of important streets, and while the system throughout the municipality is as yet limited, it forms the nucleus of what will probably be a very complete and thorough municipal lighting scheme.

Champions Vancouver Island.—"I won't hear Vancouver Island slandered in this way. It's a fine place to live at, and it has lots of good roads," declared Mr. Justice Gregory at Vancouver yesterday morning as he smilingly reproved a solicitor who sought three weeks' delay in effecting service of papers on the ground that the parties were farmers on Vancouver Island, and that it was difficult at this time of year to get in touch with them owing to the state of the roads. His lordship granted the three weeks' delay, but not at the cost of reflecting on the roads of Vancouver Island.

Death an Accident.—A verdict of accidental death was returned by the coroner's jury yesterday at the inquest on the body of James Creson, who died from injuries received by falling from the Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway. The principal witness was W. Stokes, an employee of the company, who saw the accident, and stated that Creson was not struck by the train as was at first reported, but, that, as he was standing on the trestle his hat blew off, and as he attempted to catch it he overbalanced himself and fell twenty-five feet to the ground beneath. The jury added a rider to its verdict to the effect that the Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway be requested to erect warning signs at both ends of the trestle forbidding the public to use the bridge as a right-of-way.

AN ARTIST NOW RESIDING IN VICTORIA.

At the Alexandra Club hall on Tuesday, 17th February, every music lover will have the opportunity of hearing Madame D'Aleria, who gives a pianoforte recital on that date.

Judging by the criticisms of the various European and Australian papers, this artist has electrified her audiences wherever she has played. The programme, particulars of which will be published at a later date, is one which only a truly great player could attempt. Every lover and student of music should make a strong effort to embrace the opportunity of hearing this recital given by one who intends making her home here in Victoria.

Tickets are now on sale at FLETCHER BROS. GIBSON HICKS PIANO COMPANY. HARMONY HALL PIANO COMPANY. MONTELIUS PIANO HOUSE.

ATTRACTING

NEW MONEY

Every now and then the vaudeville theatres pay a big salary to some "legitimate" star to appear in the "variety."

In nine cases out of ten the performance of the star is not worth anything like the salary paid him; but the vaudeville managers figure he will bring new money into the house.

In other words the star attracts a certain following that does not ordinarily go to vaudeville theatres. The managers figure that their entertainments will be so good that many of these people will want to come again and that a considerable number will become permanent patrons.

Wise merchants can follow much the same method in building their business by featuring from time to time nationally advertised articles for which there is popular demand.

People who come for these things have a chance to get acquainted with your store.

They will come again if your goods and service are satisfactory. And your business will grow.

What kind of nationally advertised goods are likely to be in demand? Those which have been wisely advertised in the newspapers of your town.

Lighting-Up Time.—Lighting-up time for horse-drawn vehicles and bicycles this evening is at 6.4. Automobiles are required to carry lights between the hours of dusk and dawn.

Light List.—There was a very light list in the police court this morning. The full total comprising four drunks. Two of these lost their ball of \$6 apiece and the others, being first offenders, were sentenced to fines of \$4 or five days.

Claim for Materials.—Judge Lumsden this morning tried the suit of the Bulman Lumber Company against V. Low to collect \$44 for materials supplied the defendant to build a house on Craigflower road. Low, who is a contractor, paid \$500 and claimed this was \$28 too much. A. J. Patton appeared for the defendant and A. W. Milligan for the plaintiff.

Native Sons.—There was a large gathering of Native Sons last night at their monthly meeting in the Knights of Pythias hall. The auditors' annual report was presented, and the report of the recent ball committee, and the following officers were installed: Chief factor, Fred Adams; past chief factor, Fred W. Waller; first vice-factor, James Moss; chaplain, Charles King; recording secretary, Reginald Hayward; secretary-treasurer, Arthur A. Green; honorary treasurer, Earl J. Davis; auditor, V. Weston; inside guard, Charles G. Harris; outside guard, Thomas C. Smith, and a management committee consisting of Dr. L. Hartman and Thomas Watson, P. J. Hall, C. King and George Watson. A fine programme of musical items and dancing and an excellent supper brought the meeting to a successful close.

Highly Successful Dance.—The Capital Athletic club scored a great success on Monday night on the occasion of their eighth ball. The spacious Alexandra ballroom was the scene of the event, and 500 guests danced to the excellent music of Professor Heaton's orchestra. "Moonlight dances" were a feature of the evening, these being contrived by "spot lights" played from the balcony on the dancers. A floor committee consisting of six members, looked untriflingly after the comfort of the guests. The dainty supper served by Mr. Campbell, the club's caterer, was a very successful feature of the entertainment, and refreshments were also served in the palm room during the evening. The committee to whose hard work and capable organization the credit of the dance was due, consisted of the following members: Messrs. Jas. Jones, N. Croghan, E. Irving, G. Wille, R. Bray, E. Pullin, R. Shields, C. James, A. Loveridge, F. Brynjolfsson and A. Kerr.

READY FOR CONVENTION.

Arrangements Made for Gathering Next Sunday and Monday Under Laymen's Missionary Movement.

The great convention on foreign missions, organized by the Laymen's Missionary movement, will take place in Victoria on Sunday and Monday next. The programme is being prepared and will be in the hands of the printers to-day. A mass meeting will be held in the Royal Victoria theatre on Sunday, when the speakers will be Mr. Caskey, Dominion secretary of the Laymen's Missionary movement, and Dr. Endicott, well known as a powerful platform orator. Sir Richard McBride will be in the chair, and Mrs. MacDonald Fahey will contribute the vocal solo. Jesse Longfield is in charge of a choir of a hundred voices (to be led by Mr. Longfield and J. G. Brown), and he also hopes to secure an orchestra for the occasion. Full details of the arrangements will be announced to-morrow.

Many prominent men in the city are to be present at the Sunday afternoon mass meeting, including Hon. William T. Dunsmuir, the mayor, the Bishop of Columbia and several of the leading clergymen.

Columbia March Records



Here are twelve Columbia Double-Disc Records appropriate for the month of March. They are distinctly Irish in character, as befits the month that contains the glorious "Seventeenth of Ireland." Scores of new recordings are listed now. Don't be late in ordering.

Mother Machree. (Ball and Oleott.) Chauncey Oleott, tenor.
My Beautiful Irish Maid. (Oleott.) Chauncey Oleott, tenor.
Lament of the Irish Emigrant. (Dempster.) Harry McCleskey, tenor.

Harp That Once Through Tara's Hall. (Stevenson.) Charles W. Harrison, tenor.

Killarney Two-Step. (Hoffman.) Prince's Orchestra.

Language of Flowers. (Roberts.) Prince's Orchestra.

Irish King March. (Fryor.) Columbia Band.

Lewis and Clarke Centennial March. (Barnes.) Prince's Military Band.

Reminiscences of Ireland. (Arr. by Fred Godfrey.) Prince's Band.

Memories of Tara. (De Witt.) Prince's Band.

Believe Me if All Those Endearing Young Charms (Words by Thomas Moore.) (Irish Melody.) David Bispham, baritone.

O'Ruddier Than the Cherry. (Handel.) David Bispham, baritone.

My Wild Irish Rose. (Oleott.) Brunswick Male Quartette.

When the Bloom is On the Heather. (Gould.) Columbia Male Quartette.

Father O'Flynn. (Arranged by Stanford.) Frank Croxton, bass.

On the Road to Mandalay. (Speaks.) Frank Croxton, bass.

Kathleen Mavourneen. (Crouch.) Alice Nielsen, soprano.

Annie Laurie. (Words by Scott.) Alice Nielsen, soprano.

Kerry Dance. (Molloy.) Morgan Kingston, tenor.

Ianthe. (Halkett.) Morgan Kingston, tenor.

As Long as the Shamrock Grows Green. (Osborne.) Walter Van Brunt, tenor.

The Song That Reaches Irish Hearts—The Wearing of the Green. (A. von Töler.) John E. Meyer, baritone.

Oft in the Stilly Night. (Moore.) David Bispham, baritone.

In English, with orchestra.

The Banks of Allan Water. (Arr. by Charles E. Horne.) David Bispham, baritone. In English, with orchestra.

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Western Canada's Largest Music House

1231 Government Street. Victoria, B. C.



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NOTICE

We herewith beg to notify you that we are again receiving a good supply of the CELEBRATED NEW WELLINGTON COAL. This is the famous coal which comes from the No. 1 Mine at Nanaimo, and is the best domestic coal mined on Vancouver Island. The price HAS NOT BEEN RAISED. Washed Nut Coal, \$4.50 per ton; Sack Lump Coal and Large Lump Coal, \$7.50 per ton, delivered within the city limits. We have the Sole Agency for Victoria for this celebrated coal. This is the only coal we have in stock, and you can only get this famous coal from

J. KINGHAM & CO.,

PEMBERTON BLOCK

TELEPHONE 647 1004 BROAD STREET

HOFMANN DEMOCRATIC.

Geniuses are often regarded as cranks and monomaniacs with little sympathy for their fellow-creatures, and no interest in anything outside their art. It is reassuring therefore to the ordinary public, when a great genius of world-wide renown, like Josef Hofmann, betrays signs of a normal humanity. Such an incident as the following, trivial though it may be in itself, possesses some significance to the public, when related of one of its cherished, if remote, idols.

It was on the occasion of a recent visit to New Haven that a reception was arranged for Hofmann, after the Boston Symphony Orchestra concert, at which he had acted as soloist. Other members of the symphony were there and the entertainment was in full swing when Hofmann declared his intention of leaving early to get his train to Boston. Ten minutes later the others followed his example, and walking down Church street on their way to the station, happened to pass one of the democratic "bean-

eries well known in New England. Inside the small restaurant in full view of the street was the great musician who gets about \$200 a minute for his appearance, enjoying a plate of beans and a glass of milk. Seeing the members of the orchestra outside watching him Hofmann was not a whit abashed, but waved his hand gaily to them with an air of calm satisfaction. There is much of the child in Josef Hofmann, great virtuoso though he be.

Hofmann plays to-morrow evening at the Royal Victoria theatre under the direction of the Ladies' Musical club.

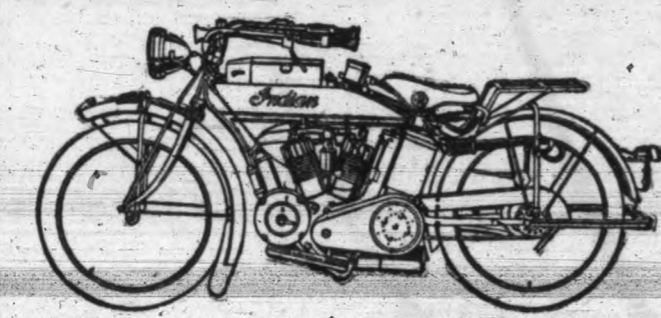
"In Missouri" at The Princess to-night. Yes we'll show you.

The Best Meals in Town, choice foods, smart refined service, moderate charges, at The Kaiserhof.

SHILOH CURES COUGHS & COLDS

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It's a motor cycle marvel, and every motor cyclist should see it. Electric self-starter, electric head and tail lights and electric horn. The only "Electrified" motor cycle in the world. Call at 727 Johnson street.

The 1914 "Hendee Special," \$450

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Along the Waterfront

Shipping News from Day to Day

ARRANGING SPECIAL TOURS OF FAR EAST

Great Northern Liner Minnesota to Carry Four Parties This Year

Personally conducted tours are becoming quite a fad these days. Two years ago tours of this nature were started from Victoria to the old country and now comes the announcement from W. R. Dale, local agent for the Great Northern, that the mammoth liner Minnesota, Capt. W. G. Garlick, will carry four personally conducted parties from Puget Sound this year. According to the advance information received regarding the trip, the Minnesota leaves with the first party on March 26. The other sailing dates from Seattle have been arranged as follows: June 27, September 27 and December 26.

Mr. Dale says that the Minnesota will be 78 days making the round trip to the Orient and will make calls at Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki, Manila and Hongkong. A seven-day trip through Japan, visiting Tokyo, Nikko, Chuzenji, Kyoto and Osaka, has been arranged. Altogether the passengers will have 27 days ashore. The Great Northern have arranged a price, which includes side-trips and hotel expenses ashore, which they believe will be satisfactory and attractive to the public.

Local People May Go. It is expected that a large number of local people will take in these tours. The Far East has been a neglected section on the part of the transportation companies, and the Great Northern should do a good business with these personally-conducted tours. The Orient is a very interesting corner of the globe and it is surprising that the steamship companies have not entered this field in greater earnestness and attempted to build-up a better trade. The steamship Minnesota, which is to carry the parties, is a well-known vessel. She is the largest ship flying the Stars and Stripes and also the largest ship in the trans-Pacific trade, having a greater tonnage than the new C. P. R. Empresses.

WILL NOT ATTEMPT TO SALVE THE LOST VADSO

Vancouver, Feb. 11.—Manager Beasley, of the Union Steamship company, said yesterday that after a conference with Captain Logan, of the Marine Underwriters' association, it had been decided by the company not to attempt to save the Vadsø, the company's freighter which foundered near the Portland Canal recently after striking an uncharted rock. The vessel lies in 1,600 feet of water. This depth makes it impossible, in the opinion of marine men, to raise the ship.

UMATILLA TAKES EGGS

The Pacific coast steamship Umatilla, Capt. Reilly, left port this morning for San Francisco. While here she loaded 1,500 cases of Chinese eggs, 1,000 of which were discharged here on Sunday by the C. P. R. liner Montezuma, and the remainder having been reshipped from Vancouver, arriving here last night. The Umatilla took south a number of passengers, thirteen joining the vessel at this port.

CAPT. MOWAT IN TOWN.

Capt. Mowat, formerly marine superintendent of the C. P. R. trans-Atlantic fleet of the C. P. R. at Liverpool, is in this city. He has retired from the service, and will reside in Vancouver.

TIMES SHIPPING CHART

DEEP SEA ARRIVALS.

Steamer	Master	Tonnage	From	Due
Asia	Thompson	4,500	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Arna	Jenoff	3,200	Hongkong	Feb. 20
Awa Maru	Schmidau	3,200	Hongkong	Feb. 20
Bellerophon	Goto	3,200	Hongkong	Feb. 20
Chicago Maru	Goto	3,200	Hongkong	Feb. 20
Canada Maru	Pierce	3,200	Hongkong	Feb. 20
Canada Maru	Pierce	3,200	Hongkong	Feb. 20
Cardigan	Arthur	1,800	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Cyclops	Arthur	1,800	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Empress of India	Hally	8,000	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Empress of Asia	Hally	8,000	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Glenroy	Robinson	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Gallant	Wheeler	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Maramba	Belle	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Makura	Phillips	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Niagara	Morley	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Radnorshire	Wheeler	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Shidzuoka Maru	Irisawa	4,000	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Saxonia	Neumann	2,700	Hongkong	Mar. 22
San Francisco	Allen	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Tatsumi	Allen	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Tamba Maru	Harada	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Tacoma Maru	Harada	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22

DEEP-SEA DEPARTURES.

Steamer	Master	Tonnage	To	Due
Mexico Maru	R. P. Rithet	4,500	Hongkong	Feb. 17
Niagara	C. P. R.	3,200	Hongkong	Feb. 17
Montezuma	C. P. R.	3,200	Hongkong	Feb. 17
Teucer	Dodwell	3,200	Hongkong	Feb. 17
Awa Maru	G. N. Hongkong	3,200	Hongkong	Feb. 20
Empress of India	C. P. R.	8,000	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Shidzuoka Maru	G. N. Hongkong	4,000	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Maramba	C. P. R.	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Tatsumi	Dodwell	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22
Tacoma Maru	Dodwell	3,200	Hongkong	Mar. 22

COASTING VESSELS.

Steamer	Master	Tonnage	To	Due
Prince Albert	G. T. P.	3,200	Pr. Rupert	Feb. 11
Prince George	G. T. P.	3,200	Pr. Rupert	Feb. 11
Chelmsford	U.S.S. Co.	3,200	Bella Coola	Feb. 11
Princess Maquinna	Skagway	3,200	Skagway	Feb. 11
Chelmsford	U.S.S. Co.	3,200	Bella Coola	Feb. 11
Prince Albert	G. T. P.	3,200	Pr. Rupert	Feb. 11
Prince George	G. T. P.	3,200	Pr. Rupert	Feb. 11
Chelmsford	U.S.S. Co.	3,200	Bella Coola	Feb. 11
Princess Maquinna	Skagway	3,200	Skagway	Feb. 11
Chelmsford	U.S.S. Co.	3,200	Bella Coola	Feb. 11
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Prince George	G. T. P.	3,200	Pr. Rupert	Feb. 11
Chelmsford	U.S.S. Co.	3,200	Bella Coola	Feb. 11
Princess Maquinna	Skagway	3,200	Skagway	Feb. 11
Chelmsford	U.S.S. Co.	3,200	Bella Coola	Feb. 11
Prince Albert	G. T. P.	3,200	Pr. Rupert	Feb. 11
Prince George	G. T. P.	3,200	Pr. Rupert	Feb. 11
Chelmsford	U.S.S. Co.	3,200	Bella Coola	Feb. 11
Princess Maquinna	Skagway	3,200	Skagway	Feb. 11
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Prince George	G. T. P.	3,200	Pr. Rupert	Feb. 11
Chelmsford	U.S.S. Co.	3,200	Bella Coola	Feb. 11
Princess Maquinna	Skagway	3,200	Skagway	Feb. 11
Chelmsford	U.S.S. Co.	3,200	Bella Coola	Feb. 11
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Chelmsford	U.S.S. Co.	3,200	Bella Coola	Feb. 11
Princess Maquinna	Skagway	3,200	Skagway	Feb. 11
Chelmsford	U.S.S. Co.	3,200	Bella Coola	Feb. 11
Prince Albert	G. T. P.	3,200	Pr. Rupert	Feb. 11
Prince George	G. T. P.	3,200	Pr. Rupert	Feb. 11
Chelmsford	U.S.S. Co.	3,200	Bella Coola	Feb.

SAANICH SCHOOL BUILDING PROGRAMME

Board Asks Council for \$50,000; Including New Burnside Road School

The building development goes on in Saanich in the way of public schools. The board this year has planned for the following: New school site, near Burnside and Tillicum road, \$10,000; new school site on old west Saanich road, \$10,000; new school buildings, Burnside, \$25,000, and new school buildings old west Saanich road, sum of \$4,000, with furniture and equipment, \$1,500. In addition \$3,500 is required for a septic tank for Burnside road, and \$5,000 for incidental expenses and contingencies, or a total of \$50,000. The ordinary expenditure on maintenance will be about \$52,000.

In formally refusing the application, the Saanich council last evening thought either a by-law for the amount, or further government aid must follow. Councillor Grant drew attention to the large sums which had already been allowed by the government for school construction in Saanich, and perhaps the milk cow was not dry yet. (Laughter.)

Dealing with the principle of subdividing plans, Councillor Williams referred to the desirability of returning to his suggestion of last spring, when on his initiative the council decided to circulate the land surveys. Through that system the preliminary plans had been deposited with the works committee before consideration by the council, following the lines of regulations prepared in the circular.

Councillor Grant believed that the best plan would be to have an expert opinion on subdividing plans, the payment to be made from a charge on the property. The councillors were not experts in surveying matters, he said.

The plans were then laid over to the works committee for consideration. Two owners on Wilkinson road, at River house, and Saanich Holmes respectively, offered to donate land to make the road 66 feet wide, on the understanding that improvements would be made, and the new fences erected by the council.

The inspector of legal offices, H. C. Hanington, wrote that section 29, Lake district, should be specially surveyed under the Land Registry act, in the advice of the surveyor-general, following an order affecting block 13 of the section in November last.

Councillor Grant was surprised at the request, and Clerk Carmichael stated that the difficulty arose from the Canadian Northern Pacific railway having some land, in which it was discovered that the land conveyed did not coincide with the registered plans of the section. The matter was sent to the works committee.

To Restore Good Health

The first thing to do is to correct the minor ailments caused by defective or irregular action of the organs of digestion and elimination. After these organs have been put in good working order by timely use of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

(The Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World) better digestion results, and then the food really nourishes and strengthens the body. The first dose gives relief and sounder sleep, quieter nerves, and improved action of all the bodily organs are caused by an occasional use of Beecham's Pills. They give universal satisfaction and in safety, sureness and sickness of action Beecham's Pills

Have No Known Equal

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents. The directions with every box are very valuable.

To Prevent Chapped Skin

—use warm water and Baby's Own Soap.

The warm water opens the pores of the skin and the minute particles of pure refined vegetable oils which form the creamy, fragrant lather of Baby's Own Soap are absorbed into the skin, keeping it soft, healthy, and preventing cracks and chaps.

A perfect rinsing, then smart rubbing when drying guarantees a fine smooth skin in any weather.

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Best for Baby
Best for You

Canada's Standard toilet and nursery soap for over 30 years.

ALBERT SOAPS, LIMITED, - MONTREAL.

ASK RAILWAYS TO MAKE SOME REFORMS

Application Looks to Street Delivery in Suburban Sections of Saanich

The Saanich council last evening adopted the report of the health and morals committee, which drew attention to the state of the railways operating in Saanich.

"We consider," said the committee, (Councillors Grant, Adams and Chandler), "that the interest of the travelling public is not safeguarded, and their comfort while waiting for trains utterly neglected."

"We recommend that a committee be appointed to interview F. Van Sant, manager of the Victoria & Sidney railway to find out:

"Is it the intention of the company to erect sanitary and comfortable stations on their line between Victoria and Saanich? If so when?"

"Do they intend in the next few months to place proper waiting signs on their level crossings and otherwise repair their right-of-way over crossings to make them safe for traffic?"

"If there is any prospect of another car being put on to give a better service?"

"Is there any hope for a lower fare for settlers?"

With regard to the British Columbia Electric railway the committee also recommended that a committee should interview Mr. Goward, asking the company to improve Wilkinson road crossing, to withdraw the name "Colquitz" from the present depot, as misleading, and to ask when a cheaper fare would be given to residents near town.

Reference was made to the desirability of approaching the department of railways to secure redress. However another attempt will be made with the railways first.

The engineer will report on an application of ward two ratepayers' association to have an area near the city blocks numbered so as to allow the residents to number their houses, and in the near future make application for a daily postal delivery.

Another application came from the same ward advocating that opportunities being given to residents to apply for vacancies under the council. The council received and filed the application. Councillor Williams laughingly remarking that the council agreed with it within certain limitations.

The "dig" from the association was prompted by the appointment of Engineer D. W. Johnson without calling for applications on grounds which have already been explained.

The council, on Councillor Adams' suggestion, decided to check the building of a private boat-house on the Gorge waters near Inez drive, on the Ker addition, as these privileges are the common property of all residents of the sub-division. The building has already been started without a building permit, it was stated.

Reference was made by Councillor Borden to the necessity for greater exercise of the authority of regulating stray cattle, which caused considerable inconvenience at present.

Councillor Chandler learned, in answer to a query, that the trade orders of the municipality were distributed equally among the different businesses.

The council appointed Fred Mallet temporarily as special constable and policeman for wards one and three. James O'Connell drew attention to the uncovered wells on lands adjoining Glanford avenue. He pointed to the death of a child last year from drowning, as indicating the desirability for municipal attention. The chief of police will report.

In connection with the advance of \$1,000 each to wards two, four and seven for emergency work for the unemployed on sidewalks, estimates and descriptions of the work were presented by Councillors Sherwood, Chandler and Adams, and adopted by the council.

THE ULSTER PROBLEM.

If the Irish question is narrowed down to one of religion, a peaceful and satisfactory solution does not seem to be impossible. Reasonably men are willing to give Irishmen local liberty and free play for national sentiment. If certain Irishmen fear that their religious liberty would be menaced under Home Rule, everything possible should be done to reassure them. —Toronto Star.

ROADS BY-LAW IS DECLARED "NOT GOOD"

Auditor Makes Interesting Statement in Report to Saanich Council

In an interim report to the Saanich council last evening, which contained the following clauses, J. S. Floyd, the auditor, stated that the roads improvement by-law, under which the paving work is to be done, is "not good," for the reasons explained: "An examination of the municipal office showed," he said, "that it had not been arranged to give the best results from the staff employed. Alterations were suggested to the reeve whereby more room could be obtained and the whole staff brought together. When these alterations are completed the progress of the work will be greatly enhanced."

Condition of Books.

"The books of account as at present kept are not sufficient to give the full information. It is intended to remodel these so that the details of the revenue and the distribution of the expenditure may be properly recorded."

"The time sheets and pay rolls do not contain the information necessary to enable the treasurer to charge the wages to the various works, and consequently the council cannot obtain the actual cost of any particular item."

"Seventy-eight by-laws have been passed since the incorporation of the district. Only one of the general by-laws has been printed, and none of the general working by-laws has been submitted to the solicitor of the corporation for his approval of advice, and if necessary that they be amended to conform with the Municipal act, and that those be then printed for the information of the council, officials and ratepayers."

"The minute book does not contain a complete record of the proceedings of the meetings of the council, nor are the minutes kept in accordance with the provisions of the 'Municipal by-law.' Although I have not as yet had time to examine the details of each item of the assets and liabilities of the corporation, the following show that the balance sheet for the year ending 31st December, 1913, does not represent the true financial standing of the municipality at that date."

The Road By-law.

The sinking funds are shown on the balance sheet as having a total of \$17,057.22. This total should be \$21,081.88. The difference of \$4,024.66 is made up of a short deposit to the sinking fund of local improvement by-law No. 11, of \$403.98, and a short deposit to the sinking fund of the road paving by-law of \$3,620.70. Upon examination of these by-laws I find that in local improvement by-law No. 11 the sinking fund is correctly shown, but in the road paving by-law the sinking fund has been erroneously shown as \$9,405, instead of \$13,025.70, a difference of \$3,620.70. As the road paving by-law, showing an amount to be raised annually for paving, interest and creating a sinking fund of \$26,905, and an annual date of 2 1/2 mills on the dollar, based on an assessed value of \$9,156,070, was passed by the ratepayers, and as the amount of the sinking fund and interest should be \$30,525.70, and the annual rate, based on the same value, should be 2-35-100 mills on the dollar, I have to inform you that in my opinion this by-law is not good, as it would be useless to attempt to sell debentures issued under a by-law containing these erroneous figures.

"The debenture debt appears on the balance sheet as \$65,599. This amount should be \$67,124. A difference of \$1,525, which represents the amount of discount on debentures issued under local improvement by-laws Nos. 5, 10, 11 and 12.

"So soon as I am able to produce a corrected balance sheet a full report on all matters will be submitted to you."

The consideration of the report will be taken up in committee.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Feb. 11—5 a.m.—The barometer is low on the coast from Alaska to Oregon, and rainy weather is general, accompanied by moderate winds. The weather is moderately cold in Caribou and Kootenay and remains intensely cold in the prairie provinces. Minnesota reports 46 below zero, and frosts have again extended to Memphis.

Forecast. For 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Thursday. Victoria and vicinity—Light to moderate winds, mostly northerly and easterly, unsettled, with occasional rain.

Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, mostly easterly, unsettled, with rain.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.00; temperature, 41; minimum, 41; wind, 4 miles N; rain, 11; weather, cloudy.

Vancouver—Barometer, 30.02; temperature, 35; minimum, 28; wind, calm; rain, 4; weather, rain.

Kamloops—Barometer, 30.06; temperature, 30; minimum, 22; wind, calm; snow, 2; weather, cloudy.

Barkerville—Barometer, 30.38; temperature, 20; minimum, 20; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.

San Francisco—Barometer, 30.14; temperature, 48; minimum, 48; wind, 4 miles S. E.; weather, clear.

Prince Rupert—Barometer, 29.86; temperature, 28; minimum, 25; wind, 12 miles E.; rain, 2; weather, rain.

Edmonton—Barometer, 30.34; temperature, 2 below; minimum, 4 below; wind, 4 miles S. E.; snow, 36; weather, cloudy.

Winnipeg—Barometer, 29.98; temperature, 25 below; minimum, 28 below; wind, calm; weather, clear.

Victoria Daily Weather. Observations taken 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m., Tuesday.

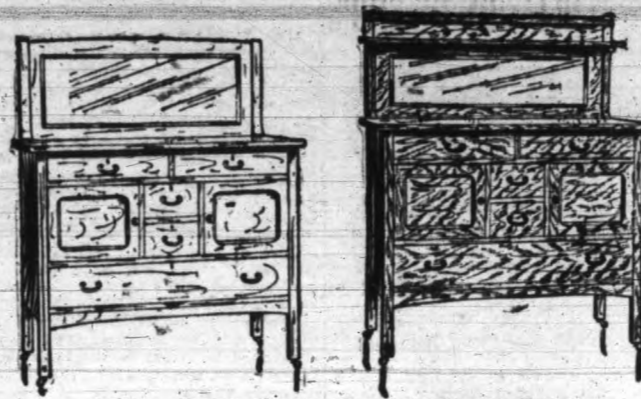
Highest temperature, 48

Lowest temperature, 41

Average Rain, 34 inch.

General state of weather, showery.

We Link Quality With Price Moderation and Offer Easy Terms Into the Bargain



Splendid Values in Fumed Elm Buffets

You will see by the illustration, which is an exact reproduction of the Buffet, that it is a most useful piece of furniture and an unusually neat design. The top measures 22x48 inches and the glass 14x38 inches. Price is only \$35.00

This, like the other Buffet described here, is built of thoroughly seasoned elm of the finest quality and will stand lots of real hard wear. The dimensions are the same except that the glass is 10x38 inches, and the back is a more elaborate design. Price, only \$40.00

10 Per Cent Discount for Cash

The Mattress You Should Have

Weiler's Premier is a full 35-lb. pure elastic felt Mattress in a handsome and durable tick. It is made in Victoria under our exacting specifications and therefore we can guarantee it with the utmost safety.

Weiler's "Premier" Manufactured Expressly For

WEILER BROS LIMITED

Victoria B.C.

Pure Elastic Felt

You Will do Better At Weiler's

WEILER'S SATURDAY SPECIAL

An Opportunity to Make a Substantial Saving on Fine Brussels Carpet Squares

Our window display tells more about the value and merits of these carpets in a more convincing manner than anything that can be said here and as desirable goods need no praise, we prefer to let the carpets tell their own story.

If You Need a Good Carpet, This is Your Opportunity to Get One at a Heavily Reduced Price



"You Can't Tell the Man By the Clothes He Wears"

Nor a Piece of Upholstery by the Cover it Has On.

It is the honest dependability of construction that makes Weiler's upholstery furniture of distinction, no matter where you find it.

It's the construction you can't see that makes or breaks the reputation of the firm that sells the furniture.

Springs, filling, frame, and the care that enters into the assembling of these essential features that will tell the true story as time goes by.

Here are some really low-priced chairs and lounges that are cheap in the true sense of the word—cost little and give satisfactory service.

Easy Chairs From \$10.00 Up

Extra Good Values in China and English Semi-Porcelain Dinner Services

The Green Derwent is a good quality of English semi-porcelain, a pleasing shape and is neatly decorated. This is an open stock pattern. Sets of 95 pieces at \$10.50 and 52 pieces for \$6.00

The Peacock Ophelia is another attractive, open stock pattern in semi-porcelain. The shape is modern and the decoration is a floral festoon in dark green. Sets of 97 pieces at \$9.00 and 52 pieces at \$5.25

The White Marquis is a plain white semi-porcelain that is well suited for daily use in the kitchen. Sets of 97 pieces for \$9.00

The Bleu de Roi is a most handsome open stock set in the finest English semi-porcelain. The decoration consists of a wide band of deep blue edged and lined with gold. This pattern was graciously accepted by Her Majesty, Queen Mary, on the occasion of her inspection of the Royal Albert Pottery, August 13, 1913.

Sets of 101 pieces at \$20.00

82 pieces at \$15.00

44 pieces at \$8.00



A Wedgwood Set of 94 pieces, decorated with a quaint border and a medallion centre in a rich blue. Set of 94 pieces \$12.00

The Premier is a new and handsome set of 95 pieces. The decoration is a very neat border effect in green, pink, gold and black, and is of a most artistic nature. Price \$22.50

A New Patten with a wide border decoration of roses, comes in pale blue, green and pink. 95 pieces for \$22.00

Job Dinner Sets Marked Down to the Last Notch

Austrian China Set in a new art pattern of very dainty character. There are 95 pieces in this set, but, as the set is incomplete, you secure it at a price advantage. Clearance price \$24.00

Limoges China Set in a handsome shape and a rich violet decoration. The edges are stippled with gilt and the whole appearance of the set is one of refinement. A few pieces in this set do not match. Clearance price for 82 pieces \$20.00

Another Limoges China Set has a green fern decoration with pink wild roses interwoven with the fern, and finished with a stippled gold edge. Set consists of 77 pieces. To be cleared \$25.00

A Wedgwood Set, semi-porcelain, quaint border and landscape centre in a deep blue; has 98 pieces; for only \$12.00

Another Semi-Porcelain Set marked at a clearance price comes in a neat border decoration in pink and green with gold lines. Set of 95 pieces for \$12.00

Victoria's Popular Home Furnishers

WEILER BROS LIMITED

You Will do Better At Weiler's

SPORTING NEWS

SENATORS INCREASE LEAD IN RACE FOR PACIFIC COAST HOCKEY TITLE

Terminals Beaten 5 to 2 Before Capacity Crowd; Lindsay Stars; Fast Hockey Served Up

Outplaying Vancouver at all stages of the game, the Senators strengthened their position at the top of the P. C. H. A. at the arena last night when they defeated the Terminals 5 to 2 before one of the largest crowds of the season. The Senators led all through, and ended in brilliant style, the locals giving a finished exhibition of Canada's national winter sport. The victory gives the Senators a clear lead in the race for the coast title, and while the Senators play three more games in the next ten days, the chances of the Senators repeating its 1933 win of the Paterson cup look exceptionally bright. The team played at Westminster on Friday night, while the following Tuesday it plays at Vancouver. Travelling as they did last night, the Senators should at least break even on their road trip.

Mitchell Started Train. Vancouver missed the game with their original lineup, Mike Mitchell, the Phoenix goal-tender, having missed connections. The Terminals played, with the desperation of a team that was backed up against the wall in a final stand, and while they had the offensive in the earlier moments of the game, they failed to grind the pace, and in the final session the play was centered in Vancouver territory. Vancouver's speed and brilliant single-handed rushes accomplished little, but the mainland speed merchants kept up an incessant attack upon the Terminals' net all through the first period. The game was very strenuous, but only one penalty was handed out. Clean hockey was apparently come to stay in the coast league, as in the last three matches, only three penalties have been imposed.

Game Very Fast. The ice was a little too keen for the players to handle the puck cleanly, but the glass-like surface of the arena served to keep the play at top speed throughout. Vancouver had a decided edge in speed, but the Terminals shot wide of the nets when they had a number of good openings and their failure to pass the puck when inside the Victoria defense cost them several goals. The Millionaires failed to check back with the persistence of the Victoria forwards, and they showed a noticeable lack of team-work. Victoria on the other hand, played with a confidence that spelled defeat for the Terminals. The Victoria attack waded right through to the nets before delivering a shot, and their combination was pretty to watch. Three of the goals resulted from passes and but for Parr's grand work in the Vancouver nest, the score would have certainly mounted higher. The hard checking broke Vancouver's spirit in the second period, and they were a beaten team when they took the ice in the final session.

Locals Start Scoring. Faster hockey has never been witnessed at the Willows Arena than that served up in the first period last night.

the teams travelling at a cyclonic clip from the faceoff. Vancouver had a dozen shots on Lindsay's citadel in the first ten minutes, Victoria taking some time to strike their stride. Lester Patrick broke through for the opening that gave Kerr the first goal, the latter taking the manager's pass for a pretty side-shot that scored. This was the only tally, and Victoria forged ahead in the second session when Lester Patrick went through alone for a goal. Two minutes later Tommy Dunderdale whipped the puck out from behind the net, and Kerr showed the disc past Parr for the third goal. St. Griffe scored his second goal of the season on a lone rush and shot, Lindsay being unable to see the puck until it landed in the net.

Winners' Finish Strong. In the final period, with Vancouver at full strength, Dunderdale scored on a pass from Small. A minute later, Genge tore through alone, his shot finding the net. Victoria sent Ulrich into the game at this stage, while Fobby Rowe was also doing good work on the line. Vancouver attacked fiercely, and after a perfect fusillade of shots, Nighbors swiped the rubber into the twine on a pass from Griffiths, for the final goal of the night. The game ended with Victoria pressing the play. The Terminals being a sadly tired aggregation.

Combination Effective. Condition and combination were important factors in the win of the Victoria septette, but the defense work of Bert Lindsay cannot be overlooked. The local net-guardian turned aside scores of shots that looked ticketed through, and his work was high class throughout. Lester Patrick and Bob Genge cleared in grand style, while their rushing was very effective, both getting a goal. Skinner Poulin and Dubble Kerr were the pick of the forwards, the former going at top speed every second of the game, while Kerr showed a world of speed, getting two goals. Tommy Dunderdale had a lot of hard luck in shooting, but he played nice hockey, while Walter Small's back-checking was brilliant. The team as it is now playing looks good enough to beat the best.

Terminals Hog Puck. Until the Mainlanders learn what an important asset combination is to a team they will never be consistent winners. Time and again the Millionaires hogged the puck when a pass meant a clear shot on the net, while the players did not check as consistently as did the locals. Taylor, Parr and Pige, were the pick of the visitors, though Frank Patrick was going strong until he was hurt. Vancouver will have to improve its scoring, as in the last four games the team has tallied but eight goals, or two a game. Passing the puck, and the elimination of the long shooting, would certainly help the Terminals.

Ed Outman and Ran MacDonald called Victoria on a number of close passes, while several times they allowed the Terminals to get away with glaring offside. The hard checking tripped up a number of the players, but Dunderdale was the only player who drew a penalty.

ONE MORE VICTORY

Vancouver. Position. Victoria. Parr. Goal. Lindsay. Point. Genge. Cover. Patrick. Pige. Taylor. Centre. Dunderdale. Harris. Right Wing. Small. Nighbors. Left Wing. Kerr. Summary.

Goals: First period—Kerr (Vic.), pass L. Patrick, 16:32. Second period—L. Patrick (Vic.), alone, 8:12; Kerr (Vic.), pass Dunderdale, 3:24; Griffiths (Van.), alone, 6:04. Third period—Dunderdale (Vic.), pass Small, 18:21; Genge (Vic.), alone, 1:30; Nighbors (Van.), pass L. Patrick, 5:00. Penalties: First period—None. Second period—None. Third period—Dunderdale (Vic.), 3 min. Officials—Referee, E. Outman; judge of play, R. McDonald; penalty time-keeper, W. H. Wilkerson; game timers, J. A. Taylor and C. Young; goal umpires, C. Burnett and J. Bryan.

REMARKED ON THE SIDE

Have the Federals Enough Population in Circuit?

One of the chief reasons advanced by the organized baseball clubs for the failure of the new league is the fact that the Federals have not entered into the bigger cities to battle for public favor. The Federals reply with the assertion that they are entering the cities where the fans are tired of losing clubs, and they expect to make things pay, despite the huge salaries that are being handed out. Figures taken from the last official census of the cities in the United States show that the American league has 11,246,000 people living within the towns in which it has clubs. The National League in its circuit embraces a population of almost 11,000,000 people to draw from, while the Federal league has little over 5,000,000 people in the cities in which it operates.

Victoria Has a Tough Schedule Ahead.

Three games in the next ten days is the tough series that lies ahead of the Victoria club, and if Lester Patrick's protest can break even in the coming battles on the road, they will be assured of the pennant. It is no easy task to invade either Westminster or Vancouver and emerge with the big end of the score, but the locals copped the pennant last winter away from home and the Senators figure that they can do the same this year. The Victoria team are favored with a full complement of players and substitutes, something they did not have last season. Westminster are running pretty close to the edge, and the Royals must not lose another game if they are to win the championship. Victoria has the best chance of all, but it is up to the locals to play hockey all the way.

Many Student Athletes.

According to statistics recently compiled by the Princeton University Faculty Athletic Committee, Michigan leads in the number of students available for varsity and freshmen athletic teams. Cornell is second and Columbia third. The enrollment of athletic material, if it may be termed as such, is as follows: Michigan, 5,198; Cornell, 4,502; Pennsylvania, 3,760; Columbia, 3,517; Harvard, 3,353; Wisconsin, 2,730; Yale, 2,500; Illinois, 2,400; Minnesota, 1,633; Princeton, 1,325; and Dartmouth, 1,297.

GREENHALGH WILL JOIN PRO. LEAGUE

Leaves for Old Country; Island League to Hold Weekly Meeting To-night

Herb Greenhalgh, who was refused permission to play in the Island league until he had apologized to the league for remarks made last year, will probably play professional soccer in the Old Country for the balance of the soccer season. The former Thistles' centre left yesterday afternoon en route to the Old Country and will play with either the Notts County or Bristol clubs, of the Second division. Greenhalgh has a brother who is now playing in South Africa and he comes of a family of noted soccer experts. A meeting of the Island league will be held to-night at Sam Lorrimer's billiard emporium. Several important matters will be discussed and final arrangements made for the representative eleven to play at Vancouver on Saturday afternoon.

English Offer for Reid. Soccer players of great ability, especially in the goal-setting time, will soon be quite as expensive as Marty O'Toole or Cobbs. An English club has offered the huge sum—in the shape of a transfer fee—of \$12,500 to Alrdreionians for the release of Jimmy Reid, the great scoring centre forward of that club. There was no dickering; the offer was made flat-footed, but so far has not been accepted, and whether the clever Scot will cross the border remains to be seen. The offer is a tempting one, but with the Scottish ties ahead, it may be for the present ignored. Alrdre needs Jimmy.

Davy Hamilton, ex-Celtic winger, may come back into first class football. An English club is desirous of securing his services.

Bottom buddies think Vizard, their dashing forward, full value for his cap this year.

What a wonderful record! Celtic are piling up 41 goals for and 2 against. Blackburn Rovers' high-water mark is indeed water compared with the Glasgow Irishmen. The Rovers lay claim to 59 for and 29 against.

AMERICAN LEAGUE ANNOUNCES SCHEDULE

New York, Feb. 11.—The American league officials met today to adopt a playing schedule for 1934. The opening dates probably will coincide very nearly with those announced yesterday by the National league, which call for initial contests on April 14, with the closing of the season on October 2. Among those who in the last day or so have signed contracts to remain in organized baseball are Roy Miller, with Cincinnati; George Chalmers, with the Philadelphia Nationals; George Tyler, with the Boston Nationals. Montreal, of the International league, thus far has been the hardest hit by the Federal league. Manager Knabe, of the Baltimore Federals, has six of the Montreal players.

CHANCE WANTS HIM.

Los Angeles, Feb. 11.—Frank Chance, manager of the New York American league club, was interested today deeply in the reported announcement of Johnny Evers, deposed manager of the Chicago Cubs, that he would like to play on Chance's team. "I would like to have him," said Chance, at his orange ranch at Glendora, a suburb.

ANOTHER FOR BROWN.

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 11.—President Brown, of the Vancouver Baseball club, announced that he had signed Pitcher Brown, a Los Angeles youngster, who has been showing promise in one of the independent leagues in the south. The Vancouver club has 25 men signed to date.

LOSES HIS JOB

It is thought there is not a club in the National league which would not welcome Evers as a player, but few of them would care to pay the salary he has been getting, something like \$7,500 a year.

Two of his former teammates are managers of Federal league teams. Joe Tinker, of Chicago, and Mordecai Brown, of St. Louis, and will bid high for him if he becomes a free agent. Evers has expressed a desire to play again with Frank Chance, his old manager. Friends know this desire is mutual.

DRAW ANNOUNCED FOR SCOTTISH CUP

Glasgow, Feb. 11.—The draw for the third round of the Scottish football cup, played on the ground of the first round, was held on Saturday, February 21, was made as follows:

Third Lanark vs. Raith Rovers, Aberdeen vs. St. Mirren, St. Johnstone vs. Peebles Rovers, Kilmarnock vs. Partick Thistles, Forfar Athletic or East Stirlingshire vs. Celtic, Hibernians or Morton vs. Rangers, Aldershot vs. Queen's Park, Broxburn United vs. Motherwell or Leith.

London, Feb. 11.—Playing on their own ground in the postponed second league game, Glasgow held Lincoln City scoreless while they netted four goals.

Glasgow, Feb. 11.—In a re-played Scottish cup tie, played on the Celtic grounds, Celtic defeated Clyde by the score of two goals to nil.

Humber Beer in Bottle, the ideal beverage for family use. H. O. Kirkham, Ltd., Fort St.

Early Arrivals of Spring

Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes Lead in Every Respect

Leaders in style—they represent the highest art of the clothes designers; men who make a study of how best to enable a man to express his individuality in his apparel.

Leaders in fit—every man, tall, short, stout, slender, and men of average build, will all find their size and proportions included in the Stein-Bloch models.

Leaders in fabric—We are showing a new Spring model in a very handsome blue-grey mixture with soft rolled lapels and natural shoulders. Trousers are made close-fitting and finished with a 2 inch cuff.

See Special Window Display

You should step inside and try on this very smart and stylish suit. Stein-Bloch are leaders in another respect. You'll not equal this suit for value at \$35.00.

"You'll Like Our Clothes"—Rgd.

FITZPATRICK & O'CONNELL

Next to King Edward Hotel



FEDERALS AFTER FORMER CUB STAR

Tinker Will Bid High for Johnny Evers; Murphy Pulls Another Surprise

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Joseph Tinker, manager of the Chicago Federal league club, was summoned to New York today by President Weegman. The message was not unexpected and gave color to numerous reports that the Chicago Federals are seeking to obtain the services of John J. Evers, deposed manager of the Chicago Nationals. Weegman is reported to have intimated that he would offer by \$2,000 any offer made by another club for the Club second baseman. Tinker planned to leave for New York before night.

The discharge of Johnny Evers, while almost as great a surprise as the dismissal of Frank Chance in 1932 has been planned for months. This became known to-day. President Murphy indicated a week ago that he was bitter against Evers because he thought him personally responsible for the loss of the city series last fall. Murphy discussed last Friday the advisability of having a bench manager instead of one-playing in the game. "Evers is a great ball-player, but too impulsive to be a manager and a player at the same time," said Murphy. "We should have beaten the White Sox easily last fall. Evers had judgment cost us the series. Calahan and Gleason both said after the series that Evers could be thanked for giving them the big end of the purse."

It is doubtful if Evers knew of his discharge any more than did Frank Chance in 1932. During the fall Evers lived in Chicago and gave most of his time to the Cubs. When the Federal league became active in December, Evers was dispatched about the country signing clubs. He was successful in signing Vaughan, Leach, Phelan, Pierce and perhaps two or three others.

It is thought there is not a club in the National league which would not welcome Evers as a player, but few of them would care to pay the salary he has been getting, something like \$7,500 a year.

Two of his former teammates are managers of Federal league teams. Joe Tinker, of Chicago, and Mordecai Brown, of St. Louis, and will bid high for him if he becomes a free agent. Evers has expressed a desire to play again with Frank Chance, his old manager. Friends know this desire is mutual.

DRAW ANNOUNCED FOR SCOTTISH CUP

Glasgow, Feb. 11.—The draw for the third round of the Scottish football cup, played on the ground of the first round, was held on Saturday, February 21, was made as follows:

Third Lanark vs. Raith Rovers, Aberdeen vs. St. Mirren, St. Johnstone vs. Peebles Rovers, Kilmarnock vs. Partick Thistles, Forfar Athletic or East Stirlingshire vs. Celtic, Hibernians or Morton vs. Rangers, Aldershot vs. Queen's Park, Broxburn United vs. Motherwell or Leith.

London, Feb. 11.—Playing on their own ground in the postponed second league game, Glasgow held Lincoln City scoreless while they netted four goals.

Glasgow, Feb. 11.—In a re-played Scottish cup tie, played on the Celtic grounds, Celtic defeated Clyde by the score of two goals to nil.

Humber Beer in Bottle, the ideal beverage for family use. H. O. Kirkham, Ltd., Fort St.

We Deliver Anywhere
Barnett's Pure French Brandy
20 years old; per bottle, \$1.75, per pint, \$1.00
15 years old; per bottle \$1.50, per pint, 75c
10 years old; per bottle \$1.25

The B. C. Wine Company, Ltd.

Family Wine and Spirit Merchants.
Brunswick Block, 1216 Douglas Street

MISS GRIFFIN IN LIFE-SAVING TESTS

Victoria Girl Shows Remarkable Skill in Securing Award of Merit

Yesterday afternoon, in the swimming tank of the local Y. M. C. A., which, through the courtesy of Mr. Beall, the principal director, was kindly loaned for the occasion, and before a large and fashionable gathering of lady swimming enthusiasts, Miss Margaret (Madge) Griffin, again demonstrated her remarkable proficiency in the nautical art, when she successfully passed the test for the Royal Life-Saving Society's "Award of Merit" (silver medalion), with the high percentage of 94 marks. P. R. Pomfret, the R. L. S. S. chief executive for the province, conducted the examination.

Miss Griffin once more gained the distinction of being the first lady in the province to acquire this coveted honor. This test, which is a very severe one physically, included demonstrations of life-saving, assisted by Miss M. Lowe, swimming, fully dressed, in addition to regulation bathing costume, a distance of over one-third of a mile by three distinct strokes, unassisted on the surface of the water, surface diving or recovering a body which had sunk to the bottom and bringing to land; high diving, and several methods of scientific swimming.

Judging by the ease and grace with which Miss Griffin performed these strenuous and difficult tests, it is easy to understand her remarkable performance last summer, when swimming the 3 miles from the J. B. A. A. bathhouse to the Gorge bridge at the age of 16. This young lady has had an unbroken string of success in the swimming world since commencing when a very small girl (age 8) under the tuition of Ian St. Clair. It is generally predicted that she will continue to attach more and higher honors as the years go by.

The time taken by Miss Griffin to complete this test was in itself remarkable—31 minutes—as about one hour is usually consumed in completing the performance.

Only one more R. L. S. S. award now remains for Miss Griffin to get—the diploma—the highest issued, which many think will also be just as easily acquired, a year hence, when she will be allowed to take the examination.

BASEBALL BRUTAL?

Rome, Feb. 11.—The unfamiliarity of the Italians with baseball was demonstrated by the refusal of the authorities to permit an exhibition game between the New York Nationals and the Chicago Americans, without first being convinced that it is not a "brutal game."

Humber Beer in Bottle, the ideal beverage for family use. H. O. Kirkham, Ltd., Fort St.

J. B. A. A. REPLY TO RUGBY SECRETARY

To the Sporting Editor.—Referring to your interview with A. D. B. Scott in which the latter is quoted as having said that "If the Bays are not sportsmen enough to play on the representative team, we will simply go ahead and replace the men who refuse to make the trip to Nanaimo," will you permit me to repeat the statement I made at the meeting of the Rugby union when this matter was discussed, to the effect that the J. B. A. A. were not in any way influencing their men in respect to this game. The players are acting entirely on their own responsibility, and are largely governed by the fact that in the past in several "Rep." games they were not selected, and in the matches in which they were asked to participate only two of their men at the most were required.

Under these circumstances they felt at liberty to make other arrangements for any open dates, and accordingly fixed a game with Vancouver for the 14th inst., the date of the Nanaimo game. Had they any means of knowing that their services would have been required by the Rugby union, as a matter of loyalty and courtesy, they would not have arranged the game, nor had they any objection as matters now stand it is obvious they have no objection but to stand by their engagement and meet the club who are coming here on their invitation.

HARRY SKUCE.

TC-DAY IN PUGILISTIC ANNALS

1911—Cyclone Johnny Thompson defeated Billy Papke in 20 rounds at Sydney. Both the "Sycamore Cyclone" and the "Illinois Thunderbolt" were born in Illinois, and this fact gave added interest to the battle pulled off in distant Australia. The bout was advertised as for the middle-weight championship of the world, but there was no basis for such a claim, as both Americans had previously been defeated by Dave Smith, the Australian. Papke was fat and as slow as a freight train, while Thompson was in excellent condition, and led the fighting all the way, except in one round, when Billy scored a knock-down. A little later Papke fought Dave Smith again, and knocked him out.

1907—Honey Melody defeated Willie Lewis in 4 rounds at Valley Falls, R. I.

1908—Jack Sullivan and Jim Flynn fought 10-round draw at Los Angeles.

1913—Adrian Dufovy defeated Willie Lewis in 20 rounds at Paris.

BANKERS' LINEUP.

The Bankers will line up as follows against the Parliament Buildings to-night in the City Amateur league: Goal, Cummins; point, Stady; cover-point, Kerr; rover, Ashley; centre, Hoyd; left wing, Archibald; right wing, Taylor.

GREAT ENTRY LIST.

Winnipeg, Feb. 11.—That the Winnipeg bonspiel, which opens at 2 o'clock Wednesday morning, will be one of the greatest during its twenty-six years' existence looks certain, as the remarkable number of 194 bobs have entered.

NEW FADELESS ARROW SHIRTS

An early arrival of new spring patterns—something novel and exclusive.

We are showing a big variety of Soft Double-cuff Shirts, with collar to match; as well as the plain laundered cuffs, priced at \$1.25 to \$2.50

Style Craft Suits

—NEW PATTERNS
—NEW MODELS
—NEW MIXTURES

Priced at \$18 And Up

See Window Display.

Spence, Doherty & Company

1218-1220 Douglas St.
STYLE CRAFT AND ROYAL TAILORED CLOTHES

RAISE PRICES FOR WORLD'S SERIES

MITCHELL HAS ACCEPTED TERMS

Victoria Starts Final Sprint for Championship; Locals Favorites for Honors

With Victoria in the lead for the coast series, talk of the trip east after the Stanley cup is one of the chief topics in the capital. Manager Frank Patrick, of the Vancouver club, stated last night that arrangements had been completed for the coast champions' trip after the world's hockey title. The team will travel in a private car, and if possible they will live in this city during their stay in the east. The world's series agreement calls for the players to split the gates 60 and 40, the winner taking the big end of the purse. The travelling expenses will be taken out of these games also, but the competing players will take down four or five hundred dollars for the extra series.

The failure of Mike Mitchell to arrive in time for last night's game was a big surprise to Manager Patrick. He had received a wire from this player on Sunday, stating that he would leave Phoenix immediately. Mitchell accepted terms for the balance of the season, but apparently the Boundary league club boosted its price to hold Mitchell. The latter is under reserve

by the Vancouver club, and if he decides to break into the pro game, must play for that team. It is just possible that he will be seen with the Terminus when Victoria plays at Vancouver next Tuesday.

No more new players can now be signed by the coast teams. According to the rules of the National hockey commission, no players can be signed after February 1. Mitchell was signed on January 31, so that he can play for the Terminus, but Westminster and Victoria must depend upon the players they now have.

Should the world's hockey series be played in Ottawa this year, prices will be in keeping with the event, in other words, just double what are in vogue for the league games. The N. H. A. sets the tariff, and will make a slight advance on the prices that prevail in Montreal, Quebec and Toronto. In the arenas in those cities, box seats all command two dollars apiece, front row seats a dollar and a half, and all other reserved seats one dollar. The rush end is fifty cents straight.

Andy Kyle, the Toronto boy playing with Halifax Crescents, was fined \$15 in Sydney for assaulting Ken Randall, the ex-Lindsay Midget, who is playing for Sydney Millionaires. The magistrate told Kyle that the next hockey player who was convicted of assault before him would be handed a sledge and told to make "a lot of little ones out of big 'uns."

INTERNATIONAL RUGBY IS BEING ARRANGED

Graduate Athletic Manager Warren Bevard, of the university of Southern California, has received word from the Oxford University Rugby Football association that the English varsity teams will be glad to play a series of matches with the Southern Californian team next winter. In order to make the trip to England at least a month's absence from college would be necessary.

An Awkward Position.

Unless the writer is very much mistaken, it seems probable that on March 14 next there will be a clashing of two important international fixtures. In the Association international with Scotland and the Rugby international with Wales. As the time draws near interest is at concert pitch, for if the two fixtures happen to clash there will be a financial loss somewhere, and in this direction it should interest many to know whether it will be the Irish Football association or the Irish Rugby union which will fare the better in the matter? It will be remembered some time ago the Irish Rugby union drew the attention of the Irish Football association to the fact that the Welsh Rugby international was listed on the same day, and in the same city, as the Association international with Scotland, and the Rugby union asked the Irish Football association to have their match with Scotland changed. The Irish body at once communicated with the Scottish association, and the latter have now replied that if the Irish association can prevail on the English and Scottish leagues to play their match on March 14, instead of March 21, the Scottish association could play their international with Ireland on the last mentioned date, and this would give the Irish Rugby union the chance of playing the Welsh international on March 14 without any opposition. It now all depends on the reply of the English and Scottish leagues.

N. H. A. IN GOTHAM.

Montreal, Feb. 11.—Jack Curley, sport promoter of New York, came to town to-day and said it was his intention to try and buy a franchise in the major professional hockey league.

EAT CABBAGE, FISH, SAUSAGE, NEW BREAD

"Pape's Diapepsin" Digests Food When Stomach Can't; Cures Indigestion

Do some foods you eat hit back—taste good, but work badly; ferment into stubborn lumps and cause a sick, sour, gassy stomach? Now, Mr. or Mrs. Dyspeptic, get this down: Pape's Diapepsin digests everything, leaving nothing to sour and upset you. There never was anything so safely quick, so certainly effective. No difference how badly your stomach is disordered you but get happy relief in five minutes, but what pleases you most is that it strengthens and regulates your stomach so you can eat your favorite foods without fear.

Most remedies give you relief sometimes—they are slow, but not sure. "Pape's Diapepsin" is quick, positive and puts your stomach in a healthy condition, so the misery won't come back.

You feel different as soon as "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach—distress just vanishes—your stomach gets sweet, no gases, no belching, no eructations of undigested food, your head clears and you feel fine.

Go now, make the best investment you ever made, by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder.

THE NEW KNIGHT OF LEGION OF HONOR

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt Breaks Down the Prejudice Against Theatrical Stars

Much interest was aroused in Europe over the announcement that the decoration of the Legion of Honor had been conferred on Mme. Sarah Bernhardt. The public had been prepared for the announcement by the following, which appeared in the Echo, de Paris: "The council of the Order of the Legion of Honor having expressed a favorable opinion, there is now no reason why Mme. Sarah Bernhardt should not receive the decoration which her talents and services deserve."

So at last has come to the famous actress what nearly every Frenchman thinks she ought to have had years ago. Over and over again it has been stated that she was to be honored with the red ribbon, and just as often has the report been denied. When M. Briand was minister of public instruction a few years ago he proposed Mme. Bernhardt's name to the council of the order, who rejected it on the ground, it is said, that she had been through the bankruptcy court.

Although Napoleon instituted the legion over a century ago as a reward for military and civil services, but very few women have secured the decoration, which carries with it a small pension and the knowledge that no ignominious punishment can be inflicted upon a member. The French president has no more coveted distinction to bestow.

The new "knight" was born in 1844, and among her many reminiscences are memories of the Franco-German war, when she organized an ambulance at the Odéon theatre, and had personal supervision of it during the siege of Paris. Last year she appeared before 1,900 convicts at San Quentin Prison, California, in "One Christmas Night," written for her by her son. The convicts had built a stage in the prison yard, and six murderers, who laughed and wept alternately, were in the front seats.

When the actress entered the assembly rose and the prison band played the "Marseillaise," and after the performance, Reuf, a Frenchman by birth, and an ex-boss of San Francisco, who was involved in a dynamite conspiracy, stepped on to the stage, and bowing to the tragedienne, said:

To-day for one hour these stone walls have faded away, and your great art has made us free. Our hearts are touched, and we all extend our gratitude.

As a Crocodile Hunter.

Mme. Bernhardt is fond of the outdoor life, and usually spends two or three months in the summer at her summer home, on an island in the Bay of Biscay. She purchased an old dismantled fort from the French government and turned it into a peaceful retreat. Here she fishes, bathes, and plays lawn tennis to the top of her bent.

The famous actress's love for outdoor life even extends to crocodile shooting. It was only a short time ago that she happened to be in New Orleans on an American tour. An old sportsman called at the theatre one night and asked to see her. He was an old friend, and had taken her crocodile shooting twenty-five years previously. Reminded of the fact, the actress expressed a desire to be taken once more to the swamps for a night's sport.

Although she had had a matinee that day and had been for a long motor drive between the afternoon and evening performances, Mme. Bernhardt left for the swamps at midnight and tramped about in the ooze until close upon eleven the next day. Her "bag" consisted of two fair-sized crocodiles and any amount of wild fowl.

Mme. Bernhardt is as popular in this country as she is in her native land, and the affection and admiration felt for her here were shown during her visit in 1912, when an address of congratulation was presented to her on the sixty-fifth anniversary of her birthday—Oct. 23.

Her secret of perpetual youth is hot water. "A hot bath, with a scrub in hot water with plenty of soap at night refreshes me and gives me sleep. Internal hot baths and external hot baths I believe to be the greatest secret for youth and beauty," she has confessed.

P. C. H. A. LEADERS

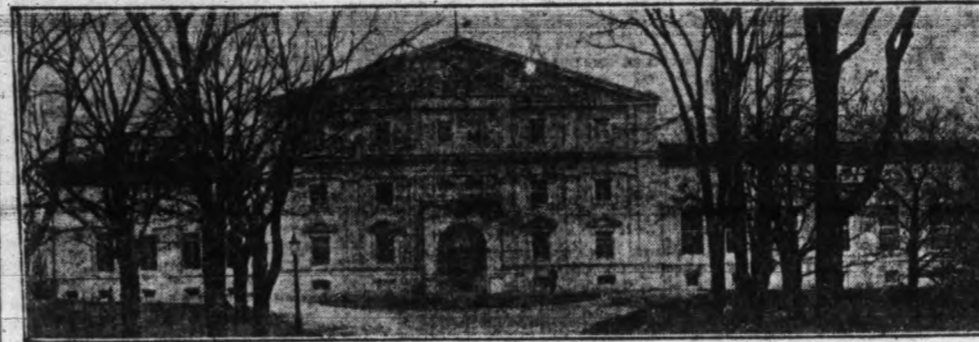
League Standing.		Goals	
	Won.	Lost.	For. Against.
Victoria	7	5	65 59
Vancouver	6	7	63 66
New Westminster	6	7	59 62
Individual Scoring.			

Individual Scoring.		Goals.		Assists.		Points.	
Games.	Goals.	Assists.	Points.	Games.	Goals.	Assists.	Points.
Kerr, Victoria	12	16	9	24	12	12	24
Taylor, Vancouver	12	13	12	24	12	12	24
Hunderdale, Victoria	12	13	12	24	12	12	24
Mullen, Westminster	12	15	4	19	12	15	19
Ostman, Westminster	11	15	4	19	12	15	19
F. Patrick, Vancouver	12	10	7	14	12	10	14
McDonald, Westminster	12	12	1	14	12	12	14
Harley, Vancouver	12	12	1	14	12	12	14
Pitre, Vancouver	12	12	2	14	12	12	14
Nichols, Vancouver	9	9	4	13	9	9	13
Poulin, Victoria	12	7	6	13	12	7	13
Genze, Victoria	12	7	6	13	12	7	13
Rowe, Victoria	10	7	6	13	10	7	13
Small, Victoria	12	4	5	9	12	4	9
Rochon, Westminster	9	4	5	9	9	4	9
Throop, Westminster	10	5	3	8	10	5	8
Johnson, Westminster	12	3	2	6	12	3	6
L. Patrick, Victoria	5	3	4	6	5	3	6
Nighbor, Vancouver	7	4	2	6	7	4	6
Tobin, Westminster	11	5	0	6	11	5	6
Griffis, Vancouver	12	2	2	6	12	2	6
Ulrich, Victoria	7	1	0	3	7	1	3

William Newham, age 62, will walk any man one continuous walk, no stop or rest, for \$100 a side. Address, Westholme Lumber Co. office.

Humbler Beer in Bottle, the ideal beverage for family use. H. O. Kirkham, Ltd., Fort St.

RIDEAU HALL, OTTAWA



The official residence of the Governor-General, where several brilliant social functions will be held during the parliamentary session. The picture shows the building as it appears since its reconstruction while their Royal Highnesses were away last year.

O-T

Is an entirely new, stimulating non-intoxicating drink, derived from fruits and herbs. Satisfying and throat-quenching. A pleasant drink in itself—also a drink flavor.

Grocers
Druggists
Wine Merchants
Hotels
Soda Fountains

The Best Meals in Town, choice foods, smart refined service; moderate charges, at The Kaiserhof.

"Isn't naval life perfect?"
"Not quite! While on duty we can't smoke. We miss the enjoyment of smoking our favorite brand—PLAYER'S NAVY CUT CIGARETTES."

PLAYER'S
NAVY CUT
CIGARETTES

England's Richest and Coolest Smoke

10¢
for
10

The fame of these cigarettes is due to exceptional fragrance, smoothness and satisfying quality, with unusual mildness. Most Englishmen love them and their fascinating flavor is making them equally popular in Canada.
Enjoy them to-day. All dealers sell them.

Dominion

THEATRE DE LUXE

ALL STARS ATTRACTION

A Soldier of Fortune

With



DUSTIN FARNUM

MAJESTIC THEATRE

Wednesday and Thursday

"Partners in Crime"

Sensational Detective Story in three parts.
Big Special Star Feature

PRINCESS

THE WILLIAMS STOCK CO.
Week Commencing Monday, Feb. 9.

Nat Goodwin's Success

IN MISSOURI

Prices—10c, 20c, 30c. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday, 10c and 20c.
Curtain—Evenings, 8:15 Matinee, 2:45. Reserved seats on sale at Dean & Hiscocks, corner Broad and Yates.

VICTORIA THEATRE

Week Commencing Monday, Feb. 9.
Charles E. Royal presents

The Girl of the Golden West

David Belasco's Greatest Success
Prices: 50c, 25c, 15c.
Bargain Matinee Wednesday and Saturday, 25c.

Empress

Week Commencing Feb. 9, 1914

SEBASTIAN MERRILL AND HIS YIP YAPS

JENNINGS & DORMAN

THE JESSIKA TROUPE

BROWN & BLYLER

Lowest Prices in Canada

ECONOMY FOR WOMEN

On Silks, Satins, Stuffs, Under-
skirts, Silk Garments, etc., wo-
men can save more money here
than anywhere else in Canada.
Come in and prove it.
Open daily until 10 p.m.

Oriental Importing Co.

1601 Government St., cor. Cormorant
Phone 241. P. O. Box 201.

JOSEF HOFMANN

The World's Greatest Pianist

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE

THURSDAY, FEB. 12

Direction Victoria Ladies' Musical Club

PRICES—\$2, \$1.50, \$1.75 and 50c

Box Office Opens Tuesday, Feb. 10, 10 a.m.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

All personal items sent by mail for publication must be signed with the name and address of the sender.

J. McCutcheon, of Glenora, is registered at the Dominion hotel.

O. M. Thames, of Vancouver, is registered at the Dominion hotel.

D. O'Sullivan, of Vancouver, is registered at the Dominion hotel.

E. T. Cotford is at the Dominion hotel from Salt Spring Island.

E. H. Rowntree is staying at the Empress hotel from Vancouver.

R. O. Patterson is registered at the Empress hotel from Vancouver.

H. L. Langille is among the guests at the Empress hotel from Portland.

H. Raynes is registered at the Dominion hotel from Salt Spring Island.

H. Simmons, of Seattle, is a guest at the Dominion hotel for a short time.

Mrs. M. G. Johnson is among the guests at the Empress hotel from Seattle.

E. J. Branford is here from Salt Spring Island, a guest at the Dominion hotel.

Capt. Watson has arrived from West-
holme, and is stopping at the Empress hotel.

John W. Coburn, of Nanaimo, is among the guests at the Empress hotel.

Among yesterday's arrivals at the Empress hotel from Seattle was J. H. Brand.

Toronto visitors at the Dominion hotel include L. E. Humby and J. S. Hoath.

Among those at the Dominion hotel for a short time is A. St. Marie, of Everett.

Emil Block is here to-day from New York, and is registered at the Empress hotel.

J. H. Crome has arrived from Vancouver, and is registered at the Empress hotel.

Joseph Shannon is in the city from St. Elmo. He is staying at the Dominion hotel.

C. E. Akerman is staying at the Dominion hotel while here from Salt Spring Island.

G. W. D. Stevens, of South Vancouver, is in the city. He is stopping at the Dominion hotel.

R. B. Pelham is in the city from South Fort George, and is registered at the Empress hotel.

William B. Conroy arrived in the city last night from Atlin. He is registered at the Dominion hotel.

C. F. Caldwell has arrived this morning from Kaslo, and is stopping for a few days at the Empress hotel.

C. W. Twidley, of South Vancouver, is in the city for a few days. He is registered at the Dominion hotel.

An honor of their wedding in Leicester, England, last month, Mr. and Mrs.

Douglas Fletcher, of the Empress hotel staff, was presented with a fine eight-day clock, the gift of the hotel staff. Manager Jackson made the presentation.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Armstrong arrived yesterday from Vancouver and are staying at the Empress hotel.

E. V. S. Dayter and W. N. Sadler are Seattle visitors in the capital. They are staying at the Empress hotel.

Mrs. A. E. Starr will not receive on Friday, February 13, but will be at home on the second Friday in March.

A very enjoyable piano recital was held at "Blixholme," Linden avenue, the residence of Mrs. William Sweeney, on Saturday afternoon, by the pupils of Miss Marie M. George.

The social held last evening by the Victoria branch of the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers at the club quarters, Broughton street, proved a most enjoyable event. About thirty of the members and their lady friends attended. These social evenings, organized by the executive of the association, are held periodically during the season.

Although ex-King Manuel's prag-
matisms have long been engaged in
sending out daily predictions of the
speedy downfall of the Portuguese re-
public, and have described the present
government of ancient Lusitania as
everything that is corrupt and tyrannical, the fact remains that the Por-
tuguese people are more prosperous and
contented than ever before. The ex-
ample set by Portugal has had a pro-
found effect in Spain, where the re-
publicans are now more active than
ever before. Prior to the execution of
Francisco Ferrer, republican agitation
in King Alfonso's country was
rigorously suppressed, but the world-
wide indignation aroused by Ferrer's
"legal murder" forced the Spanish gov-
ernment to assume a more lenient at-
titude toward republicans. Since then
the anti-monarchical propaganda has
been carried on openly.Spanish republicans will celebrate
to-day the forty-first anniversary of
the proclamation of the Spanish re-
public in 1873. It was on February 11
of that year that King Amadeus, Duke
of Aosta, who had ascended the throne
in 1870, was forced to resign, and a
provisional republic was established
on the ruins of the monarchy.Amadeus, an Italian prince had ac-
cepted the crown offered him by the
Cortes. His brief reign was marked
by constant warfare with the Carlists
and several attempts were made to
assassinate him. In his message to
the Cortes announcing his abdication
he stated that he had found Spain in-
volved in a continual struggle, and
that all his efforts to bring about
peace had been sterile. After the mes-
sage was read the two chambers im-
mediately voted for a republic.Despite the genius of Emilio Castelar,
who was elected president of
Spain, the Cortes failed miserably.
The Carlists continued their warfare,
and the army of the republic was often
multitudinous. In the Cortes, as well
as among the people at large, perhaps a
majority favored the monarchy, and
the legislators had accepted the re-
public merely as a temporary choice
between two evils.The Carlists were divided into four
camps—the government party, demo-
cratic in a conservative way; the "in-
transigentes" or "irreconcilables,"
radical democrats; and the "Internationals,"
party, which was itself divided
between those who sought a socialistic
republic and those who demanded a
communist organization without any
formal government.In vain Emilio Castelar sought to
bring the warring parties together, so
as to present a united front against
the Legitimists and the Carlists. In
this attempt he was ably assisted by
Salmeron and other patriots. Early in
1874 Castelar resigned. Salmeron was
equally unsuccessful in his attempt
to form a government, and Marshal
Serrano then undertook the task.
Meanwhile the government, the in-
transigentes, the Carlists and the
Legitimists all had armies in the field.As the year 1875 was nearing its close
the republic collapsed, and General
Martinez Campos declared Alfonso XII,
son of Queen Isabella II, as king
of Spain. In accepting the throne
Alfonso declared himself a
"true Spaniard, Catholic and liberal."Thus seeking, in a single sentence to
win over both the church party and
the liberal party which had so hotly
warred on the church. Marshal
Serrano, last president of Spain, fled
to France, but soon returned and was
received by the king. Alfonso XII
died in 1885, and his posthumous son
and heir, the present Alfonso XIII,
was born several months after his
death. Alfonso's personal popularity
is great, and so far it has been the
greatest obstacle to bringing about
another attempt to found a republic
in Spain.A play that is being looked forward
to with considerable interest is the
dramatization of Miss Alcott's famous
book, "Little Women," by Marian de
Forest, which will be seen at the Royal
Victoria theatre for three evenings and
a matinee beginning next Monday. In
"Little Women" the actors are said to
vanish, while the audience is taken
back to the town of Concord in Massa-
chusetts in the year 1843. The first
scene takes place in the sitting room
of the old March homestead (which
really was the home of the Alcotts),
and many of the articles of furniture,
simple decorations and items of cloth-
ing seen in the play were in actual use
when the book was in the making.
The last act is laid in the orchard,
and is painted from actual photographs
of the picturesque spot where the girls
of the happy household had their play-
ground.

SCRAP BOOK

Alphonso's Disloyal Subjects Com-
memorate "Republic Day."Although ex-King Manuel's prag-
matisms have long been engaged in
sending out daily predictions of the
speedy downfall of the Portuguese re-
public, and have described the present
government of ancient Lusitania as
everything that is corrupt and tyrannical, the fact remains that the Por-
tuguese people are more prosperous and
contented than ever before. The ex-
ample set by Portugal has had a pro-
found effect in Spain, where the re-
publicans are now more active than
ever before. Prior to the execution of
Francisco Ferrer, republican agitation
in King Alfonso's country was
rigorously suppressed, but the world-
wide indignation aroused by Ferrer's
"legal murder" forced the Spanish gov-
ernment to assume a more lenient at-
titude toward republicans. Since then
the anti-monarchical propaganda has
been carried on openly.Spanish republicans will celebrate
to-day the forty-first anniversary of
the proclamation of the Spanish re-
public in 1873. It was on February 11
of that year that King Amadeus, Duke
of Aosta, who had ascended the throne
in 1870, was forced to resign, and a
provisional republic was established
on the ruins of the monarchy.Amadeus, an Italian prince had ac-
cepted the crown offered him by the
Cortes. His brief reign was marked
by constant warfare with the Carlists
and several attempts were made to
assassinate him. In his message to
the Cortes announcing his abdication
he stated that he had found Spain in-
volved in a continual struggle, and
that all his efforts to bring about
peace had been sterile. After the mes-
sage was read the two chambers im-
mediately voted for a republic.Despite the genius of Emilio Castelar,
who was elected president of
Spain, the Cortes failed miserably.
The Carlists continued their warfare,
and the army of the republic was often
multitudinous. In the Cortes, as well
as among the people at large, perhaps a
majority favored the monarchy, and
the legislators had accepted the re-
public merely as a temporary choice
between two evils.The Carlists were divided into four
camps—the government party, demo-
cratic in a conservative way; the "in-
transigentes" or "irreconcilables,"
radical democrats; and the "Internationals,"
party, which was itself divided
between those who sought a socialistic
republic and those who demanded a
communist organization without any
formal government.In vain Emilio Castelar sought to
bring the warring parties together, so
as to present a united front against
the Legitimists and the Carlists. In
this attempt he was ably assisted by
Salmeron and other patriots. Early in
1874 Castelar resigned. Salmeron was
equally unsuccessful in his attempt
to form a government, and Marshal
Serrano then undertook the task.
Meanwhile the government, the in-
transigentes, the Carlists and the
Legitimists all had armies in the field.As the year 1875 was nearing its close
the republic collapsed, and General
Martinez Campos declared Alfonso XII,
son of Queen Isabella II, as king
of Spain. In accepting the throne
Alfonso declared himself a
"true Spaniard, Catholic and liberal."Thus seeking, in a single sentence to
win over both the church party and
the liberal party which had so hotly
warred on the church. Marshal
Serrano, last president of Spain, fled
to France, but soon returned and was
received by the king. Alfonso XII
died in 1885, and his posthumous son
and heir, the present Alfonso XIII,
was born several months after his
death. Alfonso's personal popularity
is great, and so far it has been the
greatest obstacle to bringing about
another attempt to found a republic
in Spain.A play that is being looked forward
to with considerable interest is the
dramatization of Miss Alcott's famous
book, "Little Women," by Marian de
Forest, which will be seen at the Royal
Victoria theatre for three evenings and
a matinee beginning next Monday. In
"Little Women" the actors are said to
vanish, while the audience is taken
back to the town of Concord in Massa-
chusetts in the year 1843. The first
scene takes place in the sitting room
of the old March homestead (which
really was the home of the Alcotts),
and many of the articles of furniture,
simple decorations and items of cloth-
ing seen in the play were in actual use
when the book was in the making.
The last act is laid in the orchard,
and is painted from actual photographs
of the picturesque spot where the girls
of the happy household had their play-
ground.

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CANADIAN CELEBRITIES

PROFESSOR CAROLINE MATH-
ILDA DERICKAn earnest young country school
teacher in Ontario once remarked to
the writer that in her opinion flowers
have souls. This young woman had the
faculty of holding communion with
flowers. She had studied botany, but
not to the point where a daffodil loses
its human interest.Women and flowers have always
been strangely associated. The philo-
sopher Montaigne observes the sub-
tle influence upon certain women of
the blooms they love best, though it
must be a flower of perfume that con-
veys the subtlety. Flowers seem to
have been invented largely for women
and poets. Wordsworth's heart "danc-
ing with the daffodils" has been the
experience of thousands of women
since Ophelia plucked the flower to bits
to find out whether Hamlet loved her
or not.Most flowers indeed seem to be
feminine, though the botanists assure
us gravely that flowers have their sex
problems, and that probably half of
the flowers that are not both sexes in
one blossom are of the masculine
variety.It takes more than a merely femi-
nine brain to study flowers to the point
where they become very largely scien-
tific forms. Miss Caroline Derick, pro-
fessor of morphological botany in Mc-
Gill university, Montreal, has made a
deep study of flowers, and of all
plants she is the first woman to be
regularly appointed to the pro-
fessorial staff of any Canadian univer-
sity. Botany has always been her ob-
ject of study. She knows flowers as a
skilled doctor knows his patients. She
has studied plants and flowers in sev-
eral universities in both America and
Europe.When she was a little girl at Clare-
nceville, P. Q., she began to be un-
commonly fond of the commonest
blooms, weaving dandelion stems into
chains of thought, plucking hepaticas
in April, gathering violets in May,
and calling things by their kindly names.
She knew a violet from a Johnny-
jump-up, and long before she had her
hair braided knew that the fireweed
along the St. Lawrence don't bloom in
the spring, that cornflowers don't come
in the fall and that asters and golden-
rods never come in midsummer. A
little knowledge went a long way in
those rollicking days when a flower
flower there was its own personality
and a sort of music, and when flowers
meant well not so much a dozen
purple-racking prices to furnish a
frugal table, neither politely fussy
things to adorn a reception room, but
just the plain simple joy of living.Most little girls like flowers in that
prodigious way, and most people get a
deal of culture from flowers without
knowing when and where it all began.
Little Carrie Derick's love of flowers
was perhaps no different in kind but
only in degree from that of her com-
panions in the village of Clarenceville,
P. Q. Where other people were con-
tent with pretty nosegays she was bent
upon the strange fascination of why
is a flower beautiful, and how does it
come from a seed, and how does the
seed get inside the flower, and why
one flower differs as much from another
as people do.Yet she probably never dreamed that
some day when a grown woman, cul-
tured, graduated, skilled in micro-
scopic lore, knowing all the structural
forms and tissues and chemistries of
plants, the world over, she should go
into Montreal drawing-rooms, she
should be regarded as something of
an oracle. As a matter of fact Miss
Derick has never treated her flower
knowledge as a very great phase of
wisdom. She turned to flowers and
plants in a scientific way just as other
girls take to such things for sheer
love of beauty.She might have gone into mathe-
matics or biology, might as easily have
become a great woman doctor or an
investigator of social problems, a stu-
dent of languages and literature—for
in the last days of the Victorian era
when she was a girl it was just be-
coming the fashion for girls to hanker
for co-education and some sort of in-
tellectual equality with men. However
she preferred to take for a life work
the simple passions of her girlhood
when she wore garlands and went
wild-wooding after the flowers in their
season.There was much more than desire
for womanly distinction in this. It
meant more than a mere absorption in
science which has counted some splen-
did names among women. It had
nothing to do with social recognition. It
was working by a sort of scientific analysis
towards understanding the laws that
lie at the root of the facts about
vegetation.And it was a very beautiful pur-
suit. Often when at the McGill Nor-
mal school the young woman must
have wondered if she had not been
wiser to consider some more con-
ventional form of development. Not many
girls took a keen interest in botany
as such. Most of them regarded
flowers and plants as things without
laws or things to grow in gardens and
conservatories just for the aesthetic
cultivation.To Caroline Derick they were very
much more. At McGill university she
began to dream how much more she
might yet extract from this wonderful
study that has already made the early
years of the most scientific century in
the world's history remarkable for an
amazing popular interest in plants
and trees and flowers. When she
graduated from McGill the hunger for
flowers in the home and gardens was
just beginning. It was coming to be
understood that flowers are not con-
fined to either the country folk that
gather them wild or the rich city folk
that spend thousands of dollars upon
choicest flowers in greenhouses. The
democracy of flowers was just becom-
ing to be understood, just as the
popular significance of good music and
good paintings and modern decoration
in homes was becoming a factor in
the world's enjoyment.After McGill this young woman went
abroad, to Harvard, where she studied

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Wiltshire Bacon, ranging in price from 26c per
lb., and a full supply of Swift's Premium Bacon
and Hams. Remember, there's a ticket for
the Turkey on Saturday with every 50c
purchase.643 Fort St.
Phone 4333organic chemistry, to a certain curi-
ous rendezvous of naturalists in Mas-
sachusetts known as Wood's Hole, where
plant investigators gather to study
the habits of plants. It was
while she occupied a room at Wood's
Hole that Miss Derick took a special
interest in plant physiology. She was
now deep into the scientific aspect of
plant study. She was beginning to
realize that while thousands of other
young women, many of them perhaps
with not less brains than herself, were
intent upon fashions and follies and
smart smart-sets and pink teas and
flowers for the drawing room's sake,
it was gloriously possible for her to
know plants for their own sake.Not only did she discover the democ-
racy of flowers, but the fact that flow-
ers are like music, a sort of universal
language. In foreign countries lan-
guages and customs and dress are a
sort of barrier. Flowers and music
are common to all. In Bonn and Munich
and Berlin she spent eighteen months
investigating the morphology of
plants. In London under Professor
Farmer she spent three months on
cryptology.Here was a world of knowledge and
of laws that held the imagination and
challenged her love of science. When
she came back to Canada, to old Que-
bec province with its same old Wil-
wood and riverside flowers, it was no
longer considered a strange thing that
a woman should seek a post in a great
university. When she went on to the
faculty of McGill as lecturer in botany
she knew that at last she had found
something that might engage her for
life in the land of her birth.Nine years Miss Derick remained as
lecturer, afterwards as assistant to
the head of the department. And when
the headship was vacant, instead of
sending abroad for some one with a
foreign name to take charge of the
department of morphological botany,
the McGill authorities wisely promot-
ed this Canadian woman born in the
little countryside place known as
Clarenceville, P. Q.Professor Derick, the first regular
woman professor in Canada, has since
demonstrated that a knowledge of
plants and of science is no barrier to
usefulness in other walks of life. She
has won many important distinctions,
not only as a lecturer on various
phases of her own work, but as a co-
worker with other women in all the

Discolored, Wrinkled Skin Easily Removed

(From the Woman Beautiful.)

Since brown or yellow, over-red or
blochy complexion are decidedly not the
fashion, I cannot understand why so many
continue to wear them. Surely every
woman has heard of marcellized wax,
This I know from my own and others
experiences—will positively banish every
unsightly tint. The wax really takes off a
bad complexion. It gradually, harmlessly,
absorbs the thin layer of surface skin
with all its defects, as chaps, liver spots,
stipples, freckles, blackheads. Just as
gradually the discarded skin is replaced
by the clear, white, youthful skin under-
neath. Marcellized wax, procurable at
any drug store, is applied nightly like cold
cream and erased mornings with warm
water. One ounce will produce the love-
liest girlish complexion in less than a
fortnight.I can't understand, either, why folks
will be bothered with wrinkles since the
famous saxolite formula has become pub-
lic property. One ounce of powdered
saxolite dissolved in a half-pint witch
hazel, makes a wash lotion that will
quickly efface every line, even the deep-
est.Sepia Portraits—Artistic to a degree
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studio, 454 Yates, corner Douglas.Northern Hotel, corner Yates and
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NAMES OF ARRESTED ARE NOW ON RECORD

Nanaimo Member Asks Attorney-General Questions About Strike; Special Constables

In order to get the facts upon the records of the house John Place, Nanaimo, yesterday asked the attorney-general:

"1. How many men were arrested in connection with the strike disorders at (a) Extension, (b) Ladysmith, (c) Nanaimo, (d) Cumberland, (e) South Wellington?

"2. What were their names, and date of arrest?"

"3. What were the names of those released on bail, and upon what dates were they released?"

"4. What are the names of those who have been tried, and upon what dates were they tried?"

"5. How many are awaiting trial?"

Mr. Bowser replied as follows:

"1. (a) Extension—56 arrested; 37 committed for trial; 12 charges withdrawn; one charge dismissed; (b) Ladysmith—73 arrested; 55 committed for trial; 12 charges withdrawn; six boys released on condition of good behavior; (c) Nanaimo—76 arrested; 56 committed for trial (several on different charges); 18 charges withdrawn; two charges dismissed; (d) Cumberland—six arrested; six committed for trial; (e) South Wellington—12 arrested; 10 committed for trial; two withdrawn.

"2. The following are the names and dates of arrests: (a) Extension—John Anderson, about Aug. 21, 1913; Joseph Angelo, about Aug. 19, 1913; W. Nowater, Jr., about Aug. 21, 1913; S. Fairhurst, about Aug. 20, 1913; D. Gilmour, about Aug. 21, 1913; A. Greenwell, about Aug. 21, 1913; Isaac Greenwell, about Aug. 21, 1913; Robert Hamilton, about Aug. 23, 1913; W. Moore, about Sept. 3, 1913; Ernie Morris, about Aug. 21, 1913; John Murdoch, about Aug. 23, 1913; George Murray, about Aug. 21, 1913; J. Sherwood, about Aug. 21, 1913; W. Struthers, about Aug. 21, 1913; William Watson, about Aug. 23, 1913; Steve Zboyovsky, about Aug. 23, 1913; J. Banasky, about Sept. 5, 1913; Thomas Blakely, about Sept. 5, 1913; George Bramley, about Sept. 5, 1913; C. Bartolomeo, about Sept. 5, 1913; Peter Duris, about Aug. 19, 1913; John Hunter, about Aug. 19, 1913; Steve Mikel, about Sept. 5, 1913; Louis Nuthall, (see South Wellington); Charles Rice, about Sept. 5, 1913; Robert Taylor, about Sept. 5, 1913; Frank Gola, about Sept. 5, 1913; Adolph Bagatline, about Sept. 12, 1913; Ben Domine, about Sept. 12, 1913; F. Marshall, about Sept. 12, 1913; John Quigley, about Sept. 12, 1913; John Vankar, about Sept. 5, 1913; James Wallace, about Sept. 12, 1913; Leon Bechy, about Oct. 6, 1913.

(b) Ladysmith—F. F. Allison, about Aug. 20, 1913; J. Allison, Jr., about Aug. 20, 1913; J. H. Armstrong, about Aug. 22, 1913; Charles Axelsson, about Aug. 20, 1913; William Bawd, about Aug. 20, 1913; George Bonifero, about Aug. 20, 1913; Sam Brightman, about Aug. 20, 1913; James Colley, about Aug. 20, 1913; Robert Conner, about Aug. 20, 1913; Paul Deconick, about Aug. 20, 1913; Henry Dyer, about Aug. 20, 1913; John Fisher, about Aug. 20, 1913; Samuel Guthrie, about Aug. 20, 1913; Peter Galska, about Aug. 20, 1913; J. Hume, about Aug. 20, 1913; Ernest James, about Aug. 20, 1913; Alvar Kottla, about Aug. 22, 1913; H. Langdon, about Aug. 20, 1913; Mike Lyman, about Aug. 20, 1913; J. McKenzie, about Aug. 20, 1913; J. McKenzie, about Aug. 20, 1913; Joseph Malra, Jr., about Aug. 20, 1913; Joseph Malra, Sr., about Aug. 20, 1913; George Mall, about Aug. 20, 1913; Mike Mall, about Aug. 20, 1913; James Marshall, about Aug. 20, 1913; Mike Metro, about Aug. 20, 1913; J. Morgan, about Aug. 20, 1913; R. Morgan, Sr., about Aug. 20, 1913; C. Mogilgan, about Aug. 20, 1913; S. Mruus, about Aug. 20, 1913; W. Patterson, about Aug. 20, 1913; Isaac Portray, about Aug. 22, 1913; George Portray, about Aug. 20, 1913; Steve Puvnik, about Aug. 20, 1913; T. H. Rodgers, about Aug. 20, 1913; John Scott, about Aug. 20, 1913; W. Simpson, Jr., about Aug. 20, 1913; W. Stalkhouse, about Aug. 20, 1913; J. Stephenson, Sr., about Aug. 20, 1913; William Strirling, about Aug. 20, 1913; Martin Slogar, about Aug. 20, 1913; Henry Taylor, about Aug. 20, 1913; J. J. Taylor, about Aug. 20, 1913; J. Wallace, about Aug. 20, 1913; Robert Wallace, about Aug. 20, 1913; Richard Whisker, about Aug. 20, 1913; David Williams, about Aug. 20, 1913; Edward Williams, about Aug. 20, 1913; Charles Yaga, about Aug. 20, 1913; George Metro, about Sept. 22, 1913; H. Hall, about Sept. 22, 1913; Alexander Dunse, about Sept. 22, 1913.

(c) Nanaimo—James Baird, about Aug. 19, 1913; William Cummings, about Aug. 23, 1913; Sam Dickenson, about Aug. 19, 1913; J. Dougan, about Aug. 19, 1913; W. English, about Aug. 19, 1913; Robert Farrell, about Aug. 19, 1913; W. Flockhart, about Aug. 19, 1913; W. Gibson, about Aug. 19, 1913; Richard Griffiths, about Aug. 19, 1913; Robert Haddow, about Aug. 19, 1913; James Hodgkinson, about Aug. 25, 1913; Arthur Jordan, about Aug. 19, 1913; Alexander Laird, about Aug. 19, 1913; Henry Martin, about Aug. 21, 1913; Ben Miller, about Aug. 20, 1913; Thomas Miller, about Aug. 19, 1913; Pat Mulgrew, about Aug. 19, 1913; Hugh Murdoch, about Aug. 21, 1913; Davis Purss, about Aug. 19, 1913; George Skoyinsky, about Aug. 19, 1913; A. W. Smith, about Aug. 21, 1913; Isaac Storey, about Aug. 19, 1913; Charles Styles, about Aug. 26, 1913; W. Wardell, about Aug. 19, 1913; George Young, about Aug. 19, 1913; Frank Barber, about Aug. 19, 1913; W. Burnip, about Aug. 19, 1913; Sam Connor, about Aug. 21, 1913; John Dean,

about Aug. 19, 1913; Richard Gowland, about Aug. 19, 1913; William Hoy, about Aug. 19, 1913; William Lee, about Aug. 19, 1913; Mat Mosey, about Aug. 19, 1913; Robert Rafter, about Aug. 25, 1913; Joe Angelo, arrested on Extension charge; Fred Banks, about Aug. 19, 1913; Walter Bonnor, about Aug. 21, 1913; Tony Ceirallo, about Aug. 21, 1913; J. Korjenski, about Aug. 21, 1913; H. Melke, about Aug. 19, 1913; John Place, about Aug. 19, 1913; James Richmond, about Aug. 25, 1913; Steve Rogers, about Aug. 19, 1913; George Steel, about Aug. 19, 1913; Alfred Wardell, about Aug. 19, 1913; W. Colthard, about Aug. 21, 1913; Thomas Cowler, about Aug. 19, 1913; D. De Padilla, about Aug. 19, 1913; Thomas Jordan, about Aug. 21, 1913; Alfonso Mondali, about Aug. 19, 1913; Thomas Moor, about Aug. 25, 1913; P. Timmon, about Aug. 19, 1913; John Jackson, about Aug. 30, 1913; George Pettigrew, about Sept. 8, 1913; Walter Nelson, about Sept. 8, 1913; Frank Ireland, about Sept. 8, 1913.

(d) Cumberland—James Connor, Richard Goodwin, John Hall, John Taylor, John Connor, and J. Naylor (have referred to Cumberland for dates of the arrest).

(e) South Wellington—John Cartwright, about Aug. 29, 1913; John Copeland, about Aug. 29, 1913; Lane Columbia, about Aug. 29, 1913; Walter Head, about Sept. 9, 1913; Louis Neuenhall, about Aug. 21, 1913; Henry O'Connell, about Aug. 21, 1913; Michael Prendergast, about Aug. 21, 1913; Charles Rice, about Aug. 21, 1913; Herbert Robinson, about Aug. 21, 1913; Jack Ross, about Aug. 21, 1913.

"3. Names of those released on bail, with dates of release: John Anderson, Nov. 14, 1913; Joe Angelo, F. Allison, Nov. 13, 1913; James Baird, Dec. 2, 1913; Jack Banasky, Nov. 10, 1913; Fred Banks, Nov. 14, 1913; Frank Barker, Nov. 14, 1913; Leon Bechy, Nov. 15, 1913; Crescendo Bartolomeo, Nov. 13, 1913; Joe Begurne, Nov. 13, 1913; Thos. Blakely, Nov. 14, 1913; Adolph Bagatline, Nov. 13, 1913; W. Bonner, Nov. 15, 1913; W. Bowater, Jr., Dec. 24, 1913; George Bramley, Nov. 13, 1913; William Burnip, Nov. 14, 1913; James Connor, May 14, 1913; John Cartwright, Oct. 24, 1913; Tony Ceirallo, Nov. 15, 1913; W. Colthard, Nov. 14, 1913; Lambert Columbia, Nov. 15, 1913; Sam Connor, Nov. 13, 1913; John Copeland, Nov. 13, 1913; Thomas Cowler, Dec. 2, 1913; William Cummings, Nov. 14, 1913; Alex. Dunse, Nov. 13, 1913; John Dean, Sept. 2, 1913; R. Deppolis, Nov. 1913; Sam Dickenson, Nov. 14, 1913; John Dougan, Oct. 29, 1913; Peter Duris, Nov. 13, 1913; Ben Dominic, Nov. 17, 1913; William English, Aug. 26, 1913; Steve Fairhurst, Dec. 27, 1913; Robert Farrell, Nov. 14, 1913; William Flockhart, Nov. 13, 1913; William Gibson, Nov. 13, 1913; D. Gilmour, Nov. 13, 1913; J. Gilmour, Nov. 13, 1913; Frank Gola, Nov. 13, 1913; Robert Gowland, Nov. 15, 1913; Archie Greenwell, Nov. 13, 1913; Isaac Greenwell, Nov. 13, 1913; R. Griffiths, Nov. 15, 1913; Richard Goodwin, May 19, 1913; Robert Haddow, Dec. 24, 1913; Robert Hamilton, Nov. 13, 1913; John Harkel, Dec. 25, 1913; Walter Head, Oct. 14, 1913; James Hodgkinson, Nov. 14, 1913; J. Hume, Nov. 14, 1913; William Hoy, Nov. 15, 1913; Thomas Hitchin, Aug. 23, 1913; Alexander Hunter, Nov. 13, 1913; John Hall, May 19, 1913; John Jackson, Nov. 13, 1913; Arthur Jordan, Nov. 14, 1913; Thomas Jordan, Oct. 17, 1913; J. Korjenski, Nov. 17, 1913; Andrew Larson, Aug. 16, 1913; Alex. Laird, Nov. 13, 1913; Mike Lyman, Nov. 13, 1913; William Lee, Nov. 14, 1913; Steve Mikel, July 25, 1913; Harry Martin, Nov. 14, 1913; Mike Mall, Nov. 13, 1913; H. Melke, Nov. 14, 1913; Steve Mikel, Nov. 13, 1913; Ben Miller, Nov. 13, 1913; J. Miller, Nov. 8, 1913; John Mairs, Sr., Nov. 14, 1913; Fred Marshall, Nov. 13, 1913; Alfonso Mondali, Nov. 14, 1913; Mike Metro, Oct. 9, 1913; Thomas Moore, Nov. 14, 1913; George Metro, Sept. 22, 1913; Ernie Morris (no bail), released on his own recognizance on Jan. 11, 1914; by Mr. Justice Morris on Jan. 11, 1914; M. Morris, Nov. 14, 1913; Pat Mulgrew, Nov. 14, 1913; Hugh Murdoch, Aug. 22, 1913; John Murdoch, Nov. 14, 1913; George Murray, Nov. 14, 1913; W. H. Moore, Sept. 27, 1913; Peter McKenzie, Nov. 13, 1913; Louis Neuenhall (no bail); Henry O'Connell, Nov. 13, 1913; Thomas O'Neil, Nov. 14, 1913; John Place, Nov. 14, 1913; M. Prendergast, Aug. 31, 1913; Isaac Portray, Sept. 27, 1913; David Purss, Nov. 13, 1913; John Quigley, Nov. 13, 1913; Robert Rafter, Nov. 13, 1913; Charles Rice, Dec. 24, 1913; James Richmond, Nov. 13, 1913; Herbert Robinson, Nov. 13, 1913; Stephen Rogers, Oct. 1, 1913; Jack Ross, Nov. 14, 1913; Henry Rogers, Nov. 18, 1913; J. Sherwood, Nov. 14, 1913; George Skoyinsky, Nov. 14, 1913; R. W. Smith, Nov. 14, 1913; George Steel, Oct. 16, 1913; Isaac Storey, Nov. 14, 1913; R. Struthers, Nov. 13, 1913; Charles Styles, Aug. 27, 1913; Guy Stevens, Aug. 27, 1913; J. Stephenson, Sr., Nov. 12, 1913; John Stephenson, Jan. 6, 1914; Robert Taylor, Sept. 15, 1913; Parker Timmon, Nov. 14, 1913; Jonathan Taylor, May 14, 1913; John Vankar, Oct. 22, 1913; Alfred Wardell, Nov. 14, 1913; William Wardell, Nov. 14, 1913; William Watson, Nov. 14, 1913; John Whisker, Nov. 14, 1913; Robert Wallace, Nov. 14, 1913; George Young, Nov. 13, 1913; Steve Zboyovsky, Nov. 13, 1913.

"4. Names of those released on bail, with dates of release: (a) Extension—Rex v. Morris, Nov. 18, 1913; Rex v. Anglo, Jan. 8 and 9, 1914; Rex v. Bowater, Jan. 12 and 13, 1914; Rex v. Morris, Jan. 14, 1914; Rex v. Gola, Jan. 26 and 27, 1914; Rex v. Gilmour, Jan. 26 and 27, 1914; Rex v. Anderson, Jan. 26 and 27, 1914; Rex v. Mikel, Jan. 26 and 27, 1914; Rex v. Bowater, Feb. 2 and 3, 1914. Twenty-seven still awaiting trial. (b) Ladysmith—41 tried by speed trial at Nanaimo, Oct. 14 to 24, 1913; 14 tried by jury at New Westminster, Nov. 8 to 12, 1913. None awaiting trial. (c) Nanaimo—George Pettigrew, Walter Nelson and Frank Ireland tried by speed trial at Nanaimo, Oct. 27, 1913; James Baird tried at New Westminster, Feb. 4, 1914; W. English tried at New Westminster, Feb. 5, 1914; David Paris tried at New Westminster, Feb. 6, 1914; Isaac Storey tried at New Westminster, Feb. 7, 1914. The remaining forty-nine still await trial. (d) Cumberland—James Connor, Richard Goodwin, John Hall tried at New Westminster on

USA SALADA

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Nov. 24 to 27, 1913; Richard Goodwin still awaits a new trial, and Joseph Taylor also awaits trial. (e) South Wellington—The fourteen accused, all tried by jury at New Westminster on Nov. 15 to 18, 1913.

"5. Sixty-nine individuals still awaiting trial, some of them on several charges."

Mr. Place asked the attorney-general the following questions:

"1. Are any special constables undergoing sentence in Nanaimo provincial gaol?"

"2. If so, what were they charged with?"

Mr. Bowser replied as follows:

"1. Number of special constables who had charges laid against them, two. "2. W. J. Black was charged in city police court, Nanaimo, with extortion of money from prostitutes in Nanaimo city, found guilty, and sentenced to six months by Police Magistrate Simpson. Theodore P. Crowther, charged with unlawful wounding or causing bodily harm to William Lewis, was standing waiting for the wounded man, Lewis, to recover sufficiently to appear in court."

CONFIDENCE LOST

Strike Resolution Re-introduced in Another Form as Motion of Censure.

The Socialist opposition in the house is resolved that there shall be a hearing for the case of the strikers in the Vancouver island coal mines.

Having been refused a hearing on a motion urging the government to take steps to end the strike, on the ground that this would entail an expenditure of public money, the members for Newcastle and Nanaimo have decided to bring the matter up in a want of confidence motion.

Last night John Place gave notice of the following motion, to be moved on Thursday next:

"Whereas, for a period of over sixteen months a strike or lock-out has existed in the mines on Vancouver island;

"And whereas, said strike or lock-out has caused, and is causing, grave inconvenience, hardship and suffering;

"And whereas, said labor trouble has been, and continues to be, the occasion of very large expenditures of public money;

"And whereas, the said condition arose and exists by reason of the government of Sir Richard McBride making a shameful sacrifice of the rights of the miners and the welfare of the public to the exigencies of a group of financial adventurers;

"Therefore, be it resolved, that this house has no further confidence in the government."

MEET IN CAUCUS.

Government Members Discuss the Loan Bill and Other Sessional Business.

There was a prolonged caucus of government supporters yesterday afternoon following the adjournment of the house. For over two hours the members and the ministers wrestled together, but not in prayer.

It is understood that the main matter before the caucus was the loan bill, which will be brought down this week. There is quite a pronounced feeling on the part of some government supporters that the people will not "stand for" the loan bill. These members will vote for the bill when it comes up, but meanwhile they can get whatever benefit with the people there is by speaking out in secret session and telling the government what they think of a policy which has dissipated a surplus and is now loading fresh obligations upon the people.

Other matters of sessional business were discussed, including, it is rumored, the railway proposals which the government intend to submit. Regarding these every member of the government party is as close as a clam.

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CRITICIZES ACTION OF ATTORNEY-GENERAL

Naturalized Citizen Aimed at by Government Because He is Apt to Be Opponent

A short discussion on the amendments to the Elections act took place in the house yesterday afternoon, and was marked by a pungent criticism of the proposals of the attorney-general or the government in relation to naturalized subjects, who desire to be registered as voters.

This brought the premier to his feet with repeated and reiterated assurances that the government was animated solely by an ambition to have clean lists, and to exclude from the exercise of the franchise those bad aliens who come here and seek to become good Canadians.

It is more than a shrewd suspicion that the government is discovering that new-comers to this province from other lands are not being blinded by the worship of the McBride administration, and that in this wide-awake condition they are certain to vote against the government. That would never do, thinks the administration, and therefore steps must be taken to prevent them from becoming voters in this province. This is being effected by exacting from them a copy of their certificate of naturalization every time they have to make application for registration, and making this absolutely necessary before they can be registered.

Further progress was made in committee on the bill amending the Beneficent Societies act, with Thomas Gifford (New Westminster) in the chair.

Whom It Affects.

Parker Williams, resuming the debate on the second reading of the Elections act amending bill, confessed that he could not see why it was necessary to reprint the whole of section 11 of the act and cover five pages of a bill in order to secure two alterations in it. One of these seemed to deal a blow at scattered constituencies and the other at citizens born under other flags.

For the last ten years, Mr. Williams said, the government had been anything but progressive in the matter of the Elections act, just as in everything else. The present attempt at amendment was just another instance of man-handling the act. There was no demand for the legislation proposed in regard to the registration of naturalized subjects. There might be half a dozen men on the lists throughout the province who were not really naturalized, and therefore were illegally there, but no evil had accrued from the operation of the existing scheme of things in this regard. This would always happen, no human institution being perfect. It was possible that some of the aliens on the lists imagined they had a right there, for in his own experience he had known people to believe that registration was a mere process of naturalization.

Must Move About.

Mr. Williams pointed out that in this province there were many workmen who had to move about in search of occupation, and were thus obliged frequently to apply for registration if they desired to maintain their rights as electors. In the case of those who were naturalized subjects, what happened about their certificates? Did they get them back from the registrar or officers of the constituency they were leaving or had they to secure a new copy—and pay another dollar for it—to attach to their application for registration in the constituency they moved to? If a man was struck off the list for having ceased to reside there, or for any other reason, was his certificate returned to him?

"This dollar fee for a copy of the certificate of naturalization is just another piece of financial head-banging by the attorney-general to keep the treasury fairly well-filled," continued the member for Newcastle. "When a proposal similar to that of this bill was before the house last session we saw, for once in ten years, government supporters show some independence by protesting against it, and the honorable gentleman, recognizing that the attorney-general was not the whole house, withdrew it."

Renews Proposal.

"But now he comes back, apparently smarting under that defeat, and renews his proposal. If he remembered the story of Jeroboam he would ponder before he persisted in his action."

Sir Richard McBride declared that the exercise of the vote in British Columbia was a rare and valuable privilege, which must be guarded zealously. This being so, nothing would be overdone which would secure to the man entitled the right to secure the franchise and to withhold from the man who is disqualified even the crimmest attempt to take his place in our elections. The premier did not think

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2 1/4 x 3 yards. Regular \$5.75 value. Sale.....\$4.50
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3 x 3 1/2 yards. Regular \$9.50 value. Sale.....\$7.50

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We have only six of these Rugs to offer, and the price is a record low price for a Brussels Rug; one style a soft green mixture, and another a handsome red and green mixture; suitable for dining or livingrooms.

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3 x 4 yards. Regular \$26.00 value. Sale.....\$17.50

English Printed Cretonnes, Per Yard, 15c

30-Inch English Printed Cretonne, suitable for box covers, curtains, etc., in a splendid selection of wanted combinations; 30 inches wide. Sale price, per yard.....15c

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Art Satene, suitable for comforters, coverings, box covers, curtains, valances, in handsome floral and Paisley patterns; 31 inches wide. Usual 25c value. February Sale price, per yard.....19c

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MINING APPEAL HEARD.

Cabinet Re-opens Case for Reception of New Evidence in Opposition to Claim.

The John Hopp mining appeal was again heard yesterday by the legal members of the cabinet, and a decision was reserved.

This case is probably one of the most important of its sort that has come before the cabinet, as a finding for Hopp on his application to confirm his title claims along Lightning creek which he "jumped" will create a new condition for owners of mineral claims. The case has been re-opened on the application of R. T. Ward, former operator of the claim which Hopp "jumped" upon the failure of the former to renew his miner's license. Ward claimed to have additional and new evidence, and this he presented. Hopp's operations in the Cariboo

ALFONSO OF SPAIN IS KEEN TO TRADE ARMOR

Paris, France, Feb. 11.—When last in Paris the King of Spain visited the Musée de l'Armée, where he noticed some sections of a suit of armor belonging to Philip II., and expressed the wish to possess the pieces in order that a set of armor now in the royal palace at Madrid might be completed. King Alfonso has offered to give in exchange a whole set of armor belonging to Charles V.

Smart, Clean Rooms—every modern comfort and convenience, from \$4 per week at The Kaiserhof.

MINISTER PRAISES ZAM-BUK

Tells How It Cured His Wife's Bad Sore

When Everything Else Had Failed.

Rev. Henry J. Munton, of Blackfalds, Alta., writes: "My wife had a very bad sore foot, which it seemed impossible to get anything to heal. The sore would heal to a certain point and then fester again, and so on. I procured a box of Zam-Buk, and after persevering with this herbal balm for some time the sore was completely healed."

"We were so grateful for this cure, and Zam-Buk acted so differently to any other of the numerous remedies we had tried that I thought you ought to know of this case. I have since recommended Zam-Buk to several of my parishioners, and it always gives satisfaction."

Another instance in which Zam-Buk proved of unequalled value is told by Mr. N. L. Gerry, of Brandon, Man. He says: "I had my left foot run over by a wagon loaded with wheat. The foot was very badly crushed, and my little toe and the next toe were laid open. I applied Zam-Buk, and only had to miss work for two days. Zam-Buk healed the wound so quickly that on the third day I was able to put on my boot and walk to my work. In a very short time my toes were quite healed, and the foot is now as sound as ever, thanks to Zam-Buk."

Just as good for chronic sores, ulcers, piles, blood poison, burns, scalds, eruptions, eczema, and all skin injuries and diseases. 60c. box at all druggists and stores, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. Try Zam-Buk Soap, too, 25c. per tablet.

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Letters for publication in Daily Times must be received at the Times Office not later than the day before the day of publication. When received later they will be held over until the following day. While unobjectionable anonymous communications will be published, the name and address of every writer of such letters must be given to the editor.

NEW METHOD OF RECRUITING.

To the Editor: That garrulous old lady of Broad-street who appears to have been born of colonial parents during colonial days, still thinks "colonially" while straining herself red trying to yell something about imperialism. On the editorial page in a fashion peculiar to herself last Saturday she asks: "It is all very well to talk about maintaining the principles of liberty, but how about the liberty of a man to work without first getting permission of a labor union?" How about the liberty of a man who before they can get employment on the new drill hall works are told they must get a note from an officer, and if the applicants are not military men they are told they cannot have employment. Men are joining the militia with no other object than to obtain work on the drill hall. This is political tyranny with a vengeance, a big difference compared with the act of the workman, who is largely guided by economic necessity.

TIM.

RIGHT YOU ARE, O GROUCHER.

To the Editor: It has been announced that "while the members of the council are indisposed to stop altogether roller skating on the sidewalks and pavements, and other games will be prohibited." This, I think, will meet with general approval.

But when boys make use of their "quadcycles" only as a means of conveyance they should not be interfered with, as they are then strictly within their rights when on the pavement.

Bicycles, tricycles, motor-cycles, motors and all wheeled conveyances have no more right to the pavement than the "quadcycle" that moves on four wheels, and is not a skate. Of course, wheeled conveyances of any description would create endless confusion on sidewalks (except perambulators) and would not be tolerated by pedestrians no matter who sanctioned it.

I watched a game of hockey some time ago with open-mouthed pleasure on Yates and Vancouver. There was no fixed goal, but the struggle culminated at the corner. The ambition of No. 1 party was to force the thing they-battered into and down Yates; to which No. 2 took exception and were determined it should go into and down Vancouver. Some time elapsed before I fully realized I was no longer a boy, and muttered "these are the police?" Then three motors came ripping along at the rate of about 30 miles an hour, and the boys disappeared from the pavement quicker than any gang of pickpockets at the magic word "police." They never fall or hurt any one, and dodge danger better than any other conveyance I have ever seen. So I think there is no necessity for the council to worry over the "interests of the youngsters in this respect."

GROUCHER.

MILK AND HEALTH.

To the Editor: Perhaps the enclosed cutting from a Kent, England, paper may be of interest in view of the slaughter of cows recently as a result of the tests made by government inspectors.

INQUIRER.

Mr. Robert Mond, son of the late Dr. Ludwig Mond, on Sunday conducted a representative of the Times over his experimental farm at Coombe Bank, Sevenoaks, and entered upon an exposition of the views which he had formed after a series of investigations extending over many years as to the relationship between milk and tuberculosis. The investigations were conducted both at his farm and at the Infants' hospital, Vincent Square, S.W., founded by him and supplied with milk from Coombe Bank, and pointed to the conclusion that tuberculosis was not conveyed by milk from cattle to human beings.

Children fed upon the milk of cows which subsequently were found to be suffering from tuberculosis had not—and investigations were made in a large number of cases—contracted the disease. On the other hand, at the Infants' hospital a large number of those children who were known to have been fed exclusively from birth upon sterilized or condensed milk—which, of course, could be guaranteed tubercle-free—developed tuberculosis of the bovine type.

Those children were always weak and ill-nourished, and it was suggested that this might be due to their having been fed upon a boiled as against a fresh diet. As a control experiment a number of kittens were obtained and fed exclusively upon sterilized milk. They all died within a fortnight.

Mr. Mond was so much impressed by the fate of the kittens that he obtained some tuberculous cows, and by way of putting his theory to the test,

drank their milk himself. In his own expression he "thrived on it." He added: "I should not have dared to use that milk sterilized. They take healthy children into creches, feed them on sterilized milk, and make them ill. Were it not for the unsterilized cream they add to the milk the children would die." It was curious, he said, that the advocates of sterilization had overlooked butter, which was everywhere as likely to be contaminated as milk. The fact was that butter saved the unfortunate from being killed upon boiled milk.

Milk was a living fluid, intended by nature for immediate consumption. If boiled it was chemically changed and lost its nutritive value. If exposed at ordinary temperatures it turned acid, and became "well something which is not milk." In this state it could not be digested easily, and was almost as dangerous as when boiling. Tainted milk was responsible for the epidemics of summer cholera amongst children. The first essential was refrigeration, which maintained the milk in its original state; and so ensured to it its full food value. Mr. Mond showed how at very small expense he had converted an ordinary farm standing into a thoroughly clean and hygienic dairy. Any farmer could do this.

CASE OF MINERS.

To the Editor: If John L. Martin wrote the same consecutive letter that appeared over his name in the Times of Monday, he is to be congratulated. Very few letter-writers ever stick to the subject they start out to defend or oppose.

But if he can stick to a subject in a letter he is a turn-out when it comes to dealing with his verbal assurance. He was one of three men whom I sent for connected with the Miners' Liberation league. He was one of three who gave me their assurance that they thought, if I was confident I could bring matters to a successful issue they would be willing to put them in my hands for a limited time; he was one of three who were sure they could get the consent of the Miners' Liberation league, and all the time he had no confidence in what I was proposing to them. He has exposed himself in Monday's letter.

Now, I want to go over the ground a little. J. L. Martin says the miners have not tied Sir Richard's hands. I claim they have not only tied his hands but they have actually made it impossible for the minister of justice at Ottawa to grant their petition, and if I can pin J. S. with his face to me long enough, I may be able to prove the matter—while he is facing me.

With what led up to the strike; with what led up to the riots in this present issue, we have no concern. Our issue with the imprisoned miners, and the law as it stands concerning them, in the petition sent to the minister of justice these sentences appear: "Your petitioners are of the opinion that these miners have been harshly dealt with and that the punishment meted out savors of vindictiveness. It is submitted, therefore, that their sentence be too severe, and if it were deserved, it should be commuted." We have closely studied the progress of the cases referred to above and in the light of the evidence produced and the fact that no serious offence was proved against any of these men, we consider the penalties imposed unwarranted by the damage done, unprecedented in legal procedure, and the extreme of judicial severity, and submit the foregoing as some of the reasons on which we base our convictions, that the said sentences constitute a grave miscarriage of justice, and on the grounds of which we ask for their immediate and unconditional release."

And yet J. L. Martin wonders how he has tied the hands of those in authority. There it is, just above. You have constituted yourself judge and jury and sent a most impudent document to headquarters. The court, the judges, the jurymen and the lawyers belong to the majesty and dignity of His Majesty King George of England and the British Empire. When you set your opinions against the opinions of the courts without one iota of evidence to back it up, you are trying to establish the crookedness of justice as it is administered in British Columbia. Unless the minister of justice is satisfied that the law has transgressed, he is in duty bound to uphold it. Can you prove that it has? You know you cannot. I claim the miners had a fair trial by a competent court. I claim that while the sentences probably seemed severe to immediate friends and relations, to the judge they seemed just. I claim that the only hope of their release is through asking for leniency and showing a proper respect of established law and order, and I am perfectly willing to work for that cause provided I have the support of the miners concerned.

J. L. Martin sneers at one woman considering herself able to accomplish what he and others have failed to do. One woman has often accomplished stupendous things in history, but this one woman will be backed by sane logical sense and right thinking; she will be backed by sentiments that will appeal to the British love of showing mercy to the fellow who is down, and she will be backed by the assurance that if leniency in the cases of the miners' appeal to the minister is expedient it will be granted.

My only object in offering my services is that I am so unutterably sorry that all concerned must suffer so, and if the league has its way there is no road out.

GEORGINA SEYMOUR KENT.
Per M. C. K.

GAUMONT COMPANY TO PRODUCE WELLS' WORKS

London, Feb. 11.—H. C. Wells has entered into an agreement by which the Gaumont company obtains the right of producing all his past literary work, as well as any he may publish in the future. The books by which Mr. Wells has made his name are eminently suited to the cinematograph.

The Gaumont company are now making a selection of the works of which films are to be made, but they probably will not be ready to show the public until the autumn.

In the Gallery at Ottawa

Times Correspondent Gives His Impressions of Men and Events on Parliament Hill.

BY H. E. GADSBY.

(Registered in accordance with the Copyright Act of Canada.)

Ottawa, Feb. 7.—The third session of the twelfth parliament of Canada is as quiet as a fish asleep. Indeed a theory has got abroad that hookworm is the real trouble, such is the lassitude that prevails. There is no cure for this but a general election.

Meanwhile nothing doing. No row, no twenty-four-hour debates, no turbulent points of order, nobody named by the speaker, no navy, no excitement. It's as deadly dull as the doldrums at high noon in the Sargasso sea. Not a ripple anywhere. This is what naturally happens when a let-well-enough-alone policy develops into a "nothing-could-be-worse government."

Dr. William Fugatey, of St. John, N. B., the resolute and resourceful story-teller, the Liberal party, will not present this session, having been ordered south for his health. This takes the heart out of the conflict, but even if he were on the spot it may be doubted whether there would be any mix-up, because according to an old rule of human nature it takes two to make a fight. If the other fellow won't back up when you pull his nose the quarrel's off, and if you carry leniency a step further, and don't pull his nose at all, why you might as well be taking part in a tea-meeting or a Sunday school picnic. The house has been working nearly a month now, and every day it has adjourned as meekly as a Bible class. Indeed the Bible class probably has something on parliament in the way of controversy, for there are usually points that are left unsettled by the word of authority.

The dreary truth seems to be that parliament did most of its fighting last session. This session it is going to catch its second wind as it is able to put more steam in its punch next year. This makes a good rest for the members of parliament, but poor copy for the newspaper correspondents, who are in fear of losing their jobs if something doesn't drop soon. The things that promised best in the way of sensations have petered out, and even Col. Sam, who was due for slaughter to make a Liberal holiday, has turned the edge of criticism by facetious answers. As for redistribution, it is to be handed over to a committee, and committee work is not spectacular, especially when the drudgery is a mere matter of going through the motions, the real say-so coming from the man behind.

Closure? Closure has nothing to do with this dismal scene. The government does not seek to enforce the closure on the opposition. They may tell their heads off if they like, but the government side of the house is evidently under a Trappist vow of silence, such silence as makes the closure look like commencement day at a college. In comparison closure is positively garrulous beside the invincible muteness which the government maintains on all subjects. It brings down the estimates, and says "chew on these," but don't expect us to do any more talking than the law allows, or for that matter as much. It's a canny government, and when it would listen to wisdom it takes advice from the coldness of its feet.

Nobody in the cabinet seems inclined to copious speech except perhaps Finance Minister White, who does love to lecture. Premier Borden is absent as often as duty permits, and George Foster, the returned wanderer, does the leading with as much taciturnity as possible. Mr. Power is a man of few words when he is at home, his chief object in life being to view all the races of mankind except the ice races at Ottawa, which are disagreeably associated in his mind with the Canadian winter. Bob Rogers has a new dress coat with a velvet collar, but that is about the only flower of expression the house ever gets from him. Whatever Col. the Hon. Sam may say outside the house, he is strategist enough not to open his mouth and put his foot in it under the eye of parliament. Even Doherty, who throbs with legal disquisitions, none of them less than three hours long and clear as ink, bottles himself up, and as for Foster, his lips are as tightly closed as if he were using one of his own padlocks. Arthur Meighen, the new solicitor-general, is out to qualify as a real cabinet minister as soon as there is a vacancy, and with that end in view he does a lot of explaining. But Mr. Meighen is young. After a while he will cease to paint the lily and will fall in with the general rule that silence is golden. Also, as Solomon says, even a fool is accounted wise if he openeth not his mouth, and that's a very good motto for a government which says nothing because it has nothing to say. Outside young Mr. Meighen, you may say that the entire government has gone in for the soft pedal or no tune.

Neither has there been anything much from the rank and file of the Conservative party. Taking the cue from their leaders, they emulate the reticent and retiring oyster. After the storms of last session, they now claim themselves, so to speak, Jam Alkana has not saved the empire once, and Jam is a notable saver in his good old hand-over-hand-pull-for-the-shore sailor, camp-meeting style. H. B. Bennett, the Calgary Chinook, has not waited our minds on gales of rhetoric to empyrean heights, nor will he until the C. N. R. subsidy comes along, when he is expected to cut loose with a few fulgent remarks. Algernon Royce, though he is now a chaplain, (Lanarkville collection a colonel and a doctor of laws, has returned up to the present from constitutional intervention and Lancaster, after a listful no Tipperary fever of two sessions ago, has subsided into a quiet, well-behaved, sternly dignified chairman of the railway committee.

H. Guss Porter, who could generally



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dansant in the Chateau Laurier; others are tangoing; others are out at Rockcliffe park watching the skiing; others have just been married and are too happy to stay anywhere but at home. Wherever they are, sight-seeing, theatre-going, tango-teasing, butterflying one way or another, you may gamble that the Green Chamber sees them mighty seldom. They could find more entertainment at an Inquest. When the members do visit parliament they mostly lock themselves in their rooms. This practice does not help the gaiety of the nation. Instead of fore-gathering in No. 15 and No. 16 and helping to whip it up a lot of jolly good fellows well met, each man crawls into his own hole and draws the hole in after him. This leaves No. 15 and No. 16 gazing at each other, across the quod, with dull, listless eyes, and puts a damper on the whole proceedings. The private room habit should be discouraged, particularly in an opposition where need all the moral support that numbers and comradeship can give. The private room for members of parliament is about as conducive to sociability and party spirit as cave burial.

As long as the premiership of Ontario remains undecided and as long as the graft revelations at Quebec hold the stage the parliament at Ottawa does not feel that it is a news centre, except in so far as the high commissioner has some bearing on the Ontario situation. In other words, the talk down here is all of the two

Becks—Adam, Bec and Que Bec—the latter being several laps ahead. The opinion is freely expressed that the detectaphone is not a competent witness unless it can be sworn. All the other witnesses have had to take their Bible oath, so why make an exception of the detectaphone? As one member of parliament, of a poetic turn, puts it:—

With Burns and his detectaphone, We never know what's going to come. But we'll outwit him yet—we'll learn The language of the deaf and dumb.

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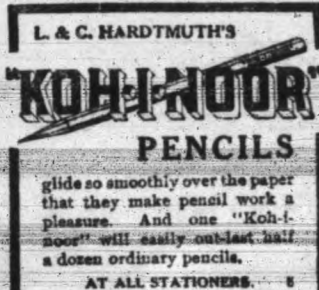
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Eastern Canadian Letter

By Britton B. Cooke

Toronto, Feb. 6.—What with parliament getting under way in Ottawa, another upheaval in the newspaper offices of Montreal, including the resignation of Mr. Fielding from the editorship of the Telegraph, and the revelation of Sir Hugh Graham's connection with the Herald and the Telegraph, as well as the Star and the Standard, what with these and the graft charges made by the Montreal Daily Mail against members of the Quebec legislature, and the visit of President Taft to the imperial city of Toronto, times have indeed been stirring in the east these last few weeks.

Sir James Whitney, at the time of writing, was recovering when everyone felt there was no hope for him. Across the corridor in the General hospital lies the man whom he at one time defeated in the Ontario legislature, Sir George W. Ross, and whose illness is said to be very serious. The newspaper men and the telegraph wires have, in short, been working overtime, and the good citizens who formerly have been able to digest the news with one sweeping survey of the headlines while at the breakfast table, have had to carry their papers away from the table and downtown in the street car, in order to digest the news stories of the hour.

Two recent events in the east have been of even more interest than the others. One is almost humorous—the visit of ex-President Taft to Toronto—and the other is important in an economic sense: the announcement that the farmers' organizations in and around Toronto proposed to co-operate with the labor organizations with a view to cutting out the middleman in the buying and selling of food for the working classes in Toronto. The latter came as a surprise. The farmers' organizations in the east have been dormant for a long time. Unlike the western grain growers' societies, these bodies in Ontario have devoted themselves for some time past to listening to lectures by their favorite speakers on the general down-trodden condition of the farmers; but there they have stopped. A meeting of the Dominion Grange, once a powerful organization, now amounts to little more than a series of addresses by Mr. E. C. Drury and the little coterie of men who agree with his views. The delegates to the grange are in the habit of sitting around and listening until it is time to vote, whereupon they cast their ballots faithfully, according to the directions given them by their very able leaders. Up until now the eastern farm organizations have not shown the spirit which moves the prairie farmer to assault Ottawa and threaten to lift the lid off the nether regions unless his wants are attended to.

Last Saturday the farmers made overtures to the Trades and Labor Federation. They proposed that the farmers should provide machinery for collecting the produce of the farm at convenient points and forwarding the same to the city, and that the labor organizations should provide machinery for accepting such shipments and disposing of them throughout the city. This is the first sign of aggressive and constructive spirit the eastern farmer has shown for some time, and it seems not unlikely that he will reap his reward, as well as the city people. Already there have been objections raised against the scheme. It is pointed out that the retailers will be affected seriously, if the scheme works, and that heavy opposition may be expected from that quarter. It is pointed out also that there are bound to be losses occasionally, if not frequently, and that both farmer and laboring man are very much averse to taking the bad with the good—losses with gains. But for the most part these are only the objections of timid persons who see rocks ahead of any course and like to show that they have ordinary eyesight. The details of the plan proposed by the farmers have still to be worked out. Not only are the members of the trades and labor unions willing to help, but the great mass of Toronto people, who are now feeling the "H. C. of L." as it is familiarly known, are only too eager to have an opportunity.

The complete capitulation of the city of Toronto to a stout American gentleman who merely smiled at it and told it some funny stories, has set the blue-nosed Imperialists—the ultra-Imperialists as distinguished from the rank and file of Toronto people who are all Imperialists of some sort or other—saddly wagging their heads. Not only was Toronto supposed to be the most loyal city in the Dominion, but it was the city that led in the fight against the reciprocity proposals. Yet when the man who really originated those proposals and who was reported to have spoken of the possibility of making Canada "an adjunct" of the United States, came to Toronto, Toronto fell over its own pedals in the effort to make him welcome, and is still beaming inwardly with the memory of a gorgeous two days' frolic with big Bill Taft.

The truth of the matter is that Toronto liked the ex-president who has turned professor of law at Yale. He was invited to the city by the enterprising president of the Literary and Scientific Society of the University of Toronto. When Taft accepted the invitation the "Lit" had a chill and the usual symptoms of stage fright. It was all very well to invite Henri Bourassa to address the society or a ward politician or a minor nabob from Ottawa, but after all to have been the chief executive of the United States of America is more or less the sign of a great man, and the "Lit" was afraid it might not be able to do things up with enough style. So it called in consultation the president of the university, Dr. Falconer, and made an arrangement whereby Falconer should be chairman of the meeting, aided by a full showing of the faculty and the board of governors of the university. This had no sooner been arranged than Government House brought itself of its duties and hurried an invitation to

Library Books

The following new books have just been received at the public library:

GENERAL.
Gray, W. Forbes.—Books that count. 1912. 017-078b.

PHILOSOPHY.
Boanquet, Bernard.—Value and destiny of the individual. 1912. 126-B74v.

RELIGION.
White, Bouck.—Call of the Carpenter. 1912. 222-W10a.

SOCIOLOGY.
Brown, Edwin A.—Broke. 1912. 330.3-B87b.

LANGUAGE.
Adams, John.—French. 445-A21f.

NATURAL SCIENCE.
Davidson, John.—Arithmetic and algebra. 1911. 511-D25a.

USEFUL ARTS.
Bale, M. P.—Handbook of saw mill and wood converting machinery, with notes on construction, speeds, etc. 1912. 715-B57b.

TRAVEL.
Abbott, Willis J.—Panama and the Canal in picture and prose. 1912. 912.3-A12p.

BIOGRAPHY.
Fitchett, William Henry.—Vesley and his century. 1906. 92-W514c.

LITERATURE.
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There is also a large road frontage. Good terms.

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Arnold St.—New, thoroughly modern bungalow, 7 rooms, on lot 50 x 130. Easy terms can be arranged. Price is **\$6,350**

Gladstone Ave.—New 3-roomed modern house. Den and hall finished in oak, hot water heating. First-class in every respect. By seeing the house you will appreciate it as a snap. Lot 70 x 141. Cash, \$2,600. Price is **\$12,000**

Point Street—New, modern 6-roomed bungalow, with garage, on full size lot. Terms can be arranged. Price is **\$5,500**

Chapman St.—Close to Cook St., fine lot, facing south; size 50 x 125 to a lane. Terms, 1/3 cash, balance 5, 12 and 18 months. Price **\$2,400**

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FAIRFIELD ROAD, corner Harbinger avenue. Modern six-room bungalow. Stands high and commands fine view. Garden stone fenced. Gas installed.

SARATOGA AVENUE, new six-room bungalow, exceptionally well finished. Oak floors, three fireplaces, selected paneling, wired for power and light. Two more rooms can be added if desired. Lot 104x102; stone fenced.

ST. LOUIS AND ORCHARD STREETS—New eight-roomed house containing every convenience. Splendid finish. Large lot 50x205. Good view. Close to car, sea and golf links. All the above are for sale on very easy terms and are offered at bed-rock prices. For further particulars apply.

HUMAN PROCESSION

That men may attain to the age of 150 years, and retain the full possession of their faculties to the last, is the belief of Thomas Alva Edison.

The wizard of electricity, will celebrate his sixty-seventh birthday to-day, and, if he should be able to personally prove the truth of his theory, he has not yet reached the half-way milestone on his life's journey. Edison comes of a long-lived family, which has included several centenarians, and, if he refrains from taking any more vacations, it is not improbable that he may establish a new modern longevity record.

The sage of Menlo Park believes that the life of the individual is relative to that of his ancestors. The man whose parents and grand-parents and great-grand-parents have lived long and useful lives has a good start toward longevity.

"But," declares, infusoria, germs are the great obstacles to longevity, says the wizard. "They are trying to live off us," he declares; "we're good farms for them. We must adjust ourselves to them, conquer them, or die."

Mr. Edison probably has more trifling things to worry about than any other living man. The patience required to master all the myriad intricate details of a new invention would drive the average man mad. It is unnecessary to say that Mr. Edison is not the average man. Nothing "frets his wizard."

He can see the work of years come to naught, take a fresh "chase" of tobacco, and begin all over again, without even saying anything so profane as "Fudge!"

"A man must take everything as it comes, calmly," is his counsel. "He's not running the universe. If things go wrong no one need worry about it for things do go wrong. Analyze most of these worriment and you will find they come from bad organizations."

And bad organizations, the wizard will tell you, most often come from excessive and unwise eating. And drinking. "I know of nothing more devilish," he declares, "than the concoction called a cocktail."

Mr. Edison chews tobacco, but he doesn't advise others to follow his example. In his youth he was a smoker, but smoking was forbidden in the telegraph office where he worked, and he took to chewing as a solace.

"The trouble is that when a man takes up tobacco or liquor he overdoes it," says Mr. Edison.

"Eating is too much of a social function," insists the inventor. "It should be just a fuel proposition. Children should be taught to eat little. Four tons of coal should not be piled into a furnace that needs but two. As a matter of fact, most people eat twice as much food as they need—and there's one reason for the high cost of living. Hard manual labor and physical exercise will enable a man to consume a lot of fuel, and keep his furnace clear of cinders. The sedentary worker usually takes about two or three times as much fuel as he can consume."

One of the world's greatest benefactors was Lord Joseph Lister, the eminent English surgeon who was the first to apply the antiseptic system of surgery, of which he was the discoverer and pioneer.

Lord Lister died two years ago to-day, February 11, 1912. The first great advance in modern surgery was made during the second quarter of the nineteenth century, when Godwin, Mitchell, Jackson, Wood, Bache and Dr. Morton discovered and applied anaesthesia, which did away with the pain and horrors of the operating room. Since then vast improvements have been made in anaesthesia.

It remained for Lord Lister to introduce antiseptic surgery, or treatment to kill germs in surgical operations and accidental wounds, by which the lives of thousands have been saved.

In addition to this epochal discovery, he made important observations on the early stages of inflammation, the coagulation of the blood, and other matters. Lord Lister was surgeon extraordinary to Queen Victoria and later to King Edward.

London Letter

John Bull as a Sport.

BY ARTHUR SCAIFE, J. P.

London, Jan. 27.—Allusion has been made in my past letters to the appeal in August, 1913, over the signatures of such well-known names as those of Lord Harris, Lord Grey, Lord Roberts, Lord Rothschild, Lord Strathmore, and the Duke of Westminster, asking the British public for £100,000 to provide not only for the adequate representation of the country at the Olympic games in 1916, but also for the general elevation of the standard of physical culture throughout the kingdom.

The committee have decided to bring their untiring labors to a close, feeling that during a period of five months their strenuous efforts have produced no more than £11,000 or rather more than a tithe of the sum they demanded.

It is not altogether easy to account for their non-success. If ever there was a thorough sportsman it is John Bull. He loves sport in all its infinite variety for its own sake. He ranks method above achievement and wants the best man to win regardless whether he belongs to his own or another nationality. The cheers which greeted Carpenter's victory over Wells were quite genuine, and in no country in the world is the foreigner more assured of a fair field and no favor than in this. Here we have the concentrated essence of the true spirit of sport, and although a regrettable element of professionalism has crept into football, the game itself has to be fairly and squarely played or it will go hard with the players.

Quite an appreciable percentage of John's spare cash is spent either in watching or actually participating in some form of athleticism or sport, and yet when a special appeal is made to him to provide funds to enable his country to hold its own in international competition, he shrugs his broad shoulders with indifference and produces in hard cash exactly eleven cents on the dollar.

You can get any mortal thing in the world out of John Bull—his generosity is proverbial—but you have got to appeal to him in the right way, touch the right chord at the right time, or he fails to respond, and that is all there is about it.

I can't tell you why he will have so little to say to the committee's urgent request unless it be that he feared the taint of professionalism and had qualms lest the Olympic games might corrupt the purity of amateur sport. But there is time yet to get him to reconsider his decision, and if he can only be got to see that there is any national prestige at stake, it is not £100,000, but a million, he will cheerfully subscribe. Meanwhile unless he change his present attitude, as it is quite conceivable that he may, the British representatives beyond all probable doubt will fare no better at Berlin in 1916 than they did at Stockholm in 1912.

The Price of Motoring.

Here is a reflection for you. At the present time we are spending in Great Britain forty millions pounds on the maintenance of motor cars, a means of locomotion which twenty years ago had never been heard of. These figures are published by Lord Montagu of Beaulieu, of "The Motor Car," an unquestioned authority.

Forty-five million pounds is within measurable distance of the amount we spend upon the navy, which we are all agreed is indispensable for the protection of the empire, whereas motor cars are not. Now where in the name of fortune did these forty-five millions come from? Twenty years ago the empire in general and this country in particular were, in the opinion of the coraker class to which I alluded the week before last, just as near the verge of ruin as we are now, and yet we have managed to find this further colossal addition to our annual outlay with the most extraordinary equanimity. The burden of our expenditure is becoming almost as intolerable as that of our sins, and which some of us prate so glibly, and still, like the villain, we smile and smile.

Of a truth the British back is a mighty broad one. There seems to be no limit to its weight-carrying capacity, whether applied to alleviation of public want or private requirements. Whether the effect this particular form of locomotion is going to produce on the race will be good or bad remains to be seen, and it is probably early days yet to prophesy. But on general principles it would seem that the craze for speed is likely to be gratified at a heavy cost.

If You Want a Truck or Express Wagon, phone 692; Cameron & Caldwell, Phone 692, 523 Johnson.

through the air at forty miles an hour may be a health-giving pursuit, but it can hardly be put into the category of physical exercise. Yet physical exercise is essential to physical well-being. Walking and riding are rapidly becoming things of the past, and it looks as if the rising generation of the leisure class will be no more able to use its limbs than is a Chinese lady to use her feet. However, I'm not going to pass sleepless nights in consequence, for there is abundant consolation to be found in the reflection that China is a republic and that things, generally speaking, have a tendency to right themselves.

The Electric Chicken.

A lecture of a very interesting nature was given recently before the Royal Society of Arts on the subject of the treatment of poultry by electricity. The wonderful results attained by similar treatment when applied to various forms of plant life are already well known, but the idea of rearing poultry by its means is distinctly novel. According to the lecturer, Mr. Thomas Baker, chickens, electrically stimulated, grow at double the rate of those hatched in incubators, and only consume one-third the quantity of food. The decrease in the death rate during the first few days is equally remarkable. It falls from nearly 50 to 5 per cent.

We are, in fact, at an extraordinary age. Before long I suppose we shall be talking about with a pocket battery of the size of a half a crown, warranted to cure every ill that flesh is heir to. Scientists tell us that what we know about electricity, which is much, compared to what there is to be known, is in point of volume, as the moon is to the sun, though this sapient remark applies to many other subjects as well.

When we "dip into the future" as human eye can see, we see the wonders of the world and the marvels yet to be. There would seem to be no limit to the possibilities of human knowledge. One thing, at any rate, appears to be certain. The word "impossible" will have to be eliminated from our language. Inventions are increasing in geometrical ratio. Marvellous as was the nineteenth century in this respect, eclipsing all others that had gone before, it looks as though it would be completely in the shade by the first quarter of the twentieth. And now, even now, only are we beginning to turn our attention to social matters, to consider the possibilities of improving the truly appalling conditions amongst which a large, a far too large, proportion of our fellow creatures have their miserable being.

Medical science grows lustily because it has shown that it can so far contravene natural laws as to ensure the survival of the most unfit and bring to maturity, under totally unnatural conditions, such abnormalities as the "six" and "seven" months child. But what is the use of preserving these lives unless you can make them worth living? I throw mighty little.

However, the movement has been started. Thought, the most powerful of all forms of energy, has been directed in the right direction and great results are certain to ensue. Is it trespassing too far upon the confines of irreverence to suggest that an tropical meaning may be read into the messianic utterance, "The poor you have always with you," which is so often quoted in support of the contention that poverty is a heaven born institution which will eternally exist for the express purpose of giving the charitably minded an opportunity of relieving it.

When poverty is not only relieved but exterminated, as in days to come it assuredly will be, the text will apply equally well to those who are poor, not in purse, but in spirit.

ANEMIA BLOOD POVERTY

AND DEVELOPS AT ANY AGE

cheeks and lips become pale, the body is languid and cold are easily contracted—it undermines the very source of health and must have immediate treatment.

Drugs or alcoholic mixtures cannot make blood. Nourishment is necessary and Scott's Emulsion is always the physicians' favorite—it concentrates medical nourishment charges the blood with red corpuscles, feeds the famished tissues and carries food value to every tiny nerve and fibre in a natural, easy way.

Take Scott's Emulsion to enrich your blood but shun the alcoholic substitutes.



Cresca Roast Capon

Open the tin and what is there? A choice, plump, tender young capon of exquisite flavor, put up in a real aspic jelly. Each capon is roasted on a spit before an open fire. Automobile parties use them, housekeepers have them on hand for the after-theatre supper; for whist luncheons they are perfect.

Dixie H. Ross & Company

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Will Sell by Auction on

TO-MORROW

At 2 p. m.

the excellent and well-preserved

Furniture and Effects

of the above residence, comprising:

Mahogany Chairs, Oak Extending Dining Table and Chairs, Oak Occasional and Writing Tables, Oil Paintings and Engravings, Axminster and other Carpets and Rugs, Bedsteads and Bedding, Dinner Service, Lace Curtains, Ornaments, Sheraton Side Tables, Chinese Carved Arm Chair, Lady's Cheval Mirror and Dress Stand, Oak Dressers and Stands, Sanitary Couches, Bird's-eye Maple Shaped Bureau, Oak Rockers and Arm Chairs, Medicine Chests, 4-hole Cooking Stove and Steel Range, 2 Gas Ranges, Heaters, Garden Hose, and almost new Kitchen Utensils, etc.

On view Wednesday and Thursday to time of sale.

JOHN BARTHOLOMEW

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AUCTIONEERS
Instructed, we will sell at our salesroom, 726 View Street.

Friday

2 p. m.

Desirable and Well Kept

Furniture and Effects

Organ, Etc.

Full particulars later. Also at 11 O'clock

Lot of Chickens, Incubator, etc.

MAYNARD & SONS Auctioneers

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AUCTIONEERS

We will continue the sale of

Japanese Goods

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1117 DOUGLAS STREET

To-night, 8 o'clock

Brassware, Chinaware, Silk Goods and other Japanese Wares.

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AUCTIONEERS

IMPORTANT SALE

—OF—

Hardware, Stoves, Etc.

Instructed by The Colbert Plumbing & Heating Co. (who are retiring from the Hardware business) we will sell at their store

726 Fort Street

Commencing at 8 o'clock

To-Night

Maynard & Sons - Auctioneers

To the educated and reader,

QUALITY OF GOODS is of first

importance — price — concessions

secondary.

Blue Ribbon Shoe Sale Closes Saturday at 10 p. m.

Just three days more in which to take advantage of this 25 per cent. discount. We announce the date that you will not be disappointed.



Satin Pumps \$1.95

Satin Pumps and Slippers, regular up to \$4.50. Thursday, only, pair

\$1.95

We've a shoe for every man, woman and child who wants good shoe value. See windows for prices and daily specials.

Mutrie & Son

1209 Douglas Street.

Phone 2504

Sylvester's Chick Starter

Is a baby food for young chicks up to six weeks old, containing cracked grain, millet, hemp, etc., which we guarantee to raise your chickens without any other food. Price:

10 lbs. for 50c. 50 lbs. for \$2.00. 100 lbs. for \$3.50

Tel. 413. SYLVESTER POULTRY AND FEED CO., 709 Yates St.

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Established 1858. Phone 41. 1241 Wharf Street
Ship Chandlers, Marine Agents, Hardware Merchants, Mill, Mining, Logging, Fishermen's, Engineer's Supplies, Wholesale and Retail.

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SAMOLINE—The greatest cleaner, for Metals, Paints, Baths, etc.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS MIXED PAINTS.

LARGEST STOCK OF GENUINE LINSEED OIL.

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EVER-READY ELECTRIC FLASH-LIGHTS.

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Meysers PUTZ Cream Metal Polish

Nothing in the world like it. Cleans and polishes brass, copper, zinc, yacht trimmings, autos, etc.

1/2 Pints . . . 25¢ Pints . . . 45¢ Quarts . . . 75¢

GET A SAMPLE TO-MORROW—IT'S WORTH TRYING

Drake Hardware Co., Limited

1418 Douglas St. Phone 1646

LOCAL GOVERNING BODIES ARE INVITED

Normal School Foundation
Stone-Laying Will Be a Friday Function; Fine Site

The intention of the government is to make the function at the Normal school on Friday morning notable in the history of educational development in the province.

The minister of education in his speech closing the debate on the speech from the throne pointed to the career of usefulness of the institution to which the teachers will pass into the schools of the province and disseminate modern ideas on technical, domestic science and manual training work.

The councils and school boards of the four municipalities here are all invited, together with the parliamentary representation, this being an official function at which the lieutenant-governor will be the chief figure. Most of the ministers and members of the house will be in attendance.

The fine site selected for the school will be doubtless the subject of comment from the large gatherings, as the view commands Victoria, with the fine new High school at Fernwood a conspicuous feature, and many vistas eastward towards the Gulf of Georgia.

There are about seven acres in the property, which extends from the high level down to Lansdowne road.

The contractors, Luney Brothers, have advanced the work so far that the framework of the central tower, which

will be an architectural feature, visible for miles round, is now in position. The government desires to open the building after the summer holidays, but whether this will be possible it is too early to say.

It is expected that reference will be made by the speakers to the place the Normal school is to take in the future of Victoria, the local school board having left technical education entirely alone in order for provision to be made for it in the building, quite apart from the regular course for the teachers passing through Normal school. Some outline of the plan of work to be done in the school will be given by the departmental officials to the assembled company on Friday. The only Normal school education now available in the province is that given at Vancouver.

Hear the Cornish Quartette "In Mis-souri."

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The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. Small dose, Small bottle. Best since 1870.

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Unheard of Values at Finch's To-morrow

Every day extraordinary values will be offered at this popular store—values it will pay you to investigate. Watch for our advertisement each day and take advantage of the extremely low prices we are asking. These for To-morrow:



60 Only French Fancy
Silk Waists, Reg. \$10
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An unlooked for opportunity for you to secure a smart French fancy Silk Waist, strictly up-to-the-minute in style, at half and less than half its regular value; handsome, exclusive models, every one of them, and not two alike. Regular values from \$10.00 to \$15.00. Your choice to-morrow for

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25 Only Women's Smart Fall Coats Regular \$25 to \$35 Values \$12.50

25 only Women's Smart, Stylish Looking Coats, made in materials of tweeds, boucle, chineilla, knitted weaves, etc., suitable for street or motoring wear; serviceable, stylish Coats, correctly made and faultlessly tailored. Regular from \$25.00 to \$35.00 values, on sale To-morrow for only

\$12.50

150 Sample Petticoats To-morrow for, Each \$1.25

A special purchase of 150 sample Petticoats from a prominent manufacturer enables us to make this remarkable offering. Every Petticoat in the lot is worth considerably more than the price asked, but we bought them at, practically speaking, our own price, so are offering them to you on basis of purchase ranging in price for to-morrow only, up from

\$1.25

Six Great Whitewear Specials on Sale To-Morrow Only

25 Dozen Henley Flannel Shirt Waists, in pastel shades and white with colored stripes; double collars and cuffs. Regular \$2.00 to \$3.00 styles for to-morrow only, each \$1.50

25 Dozen Ladies' Corset Covers, made of splendid quality cotton, good fitting, and trimmed with linen lace edging, also embroidery beading and torchon lace, ribbon insertion and draw-string to waist. Regular 45c to 50c. Sale price

20c

Another line, made of fine quality nainsook, trimmed embroidery flouncing, also torchon lace, and a splendid style with tucked flounce and edged with strong linen lace. Regular values 75c and 85c. Sale price

45c

40 Dozen Ladies' White Cotton Drawers, well made and nicely fitting; made in two styles, one plain hemstitched, the other tucks and linen lace flounce. All sizes. Regular 50c. Sale price

20c

10 Dozen of another line, made of fine quality nainsook, perfect fitting, and a variety of designs. Some all-over embroidery, others linen lace insertion and edging, with ribbon beading, also a few embroidery yokes with beading of ribbon. Regular 75c to \$1.00. Sale price

50c

Thirty Dozen Ladies' Night-gowns, in slip-over style, and short sleeves; made of fine quality cotton, and finished with linen lace, also embroidery, and ribbon beadings. Regular price 85c to \$1.00. Sale price

50c



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rivals in every
Wanted Color.

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The Instructional Courses for Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers.

has now been completed.

Reenlisting has now recommenced and those intending to join the Regiment should apply at Headquarters, 1175 Fort street, corner of Linden ave-

nuet, on Thursday evenings at 8 o'clock.

signed by Coates & Fleet giving an imposing frontage to this private school.

The classroom accommodation has been greatly extended and improved, and the older part remodeled. The dormitory is connected by a covered way with the main building, and greatly adds to the sleeping accommodation. Provision is made in the gymnasium for the adaptation of the room for entertainments and school gatherings.

The dormitory building at the Collegiate school is completed. A. W. Johnson, contractor on the extension, will be in a position to make a start on the gymnasium next week, this section being the companion wing to the dormitory wing, the two annexes de-

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